
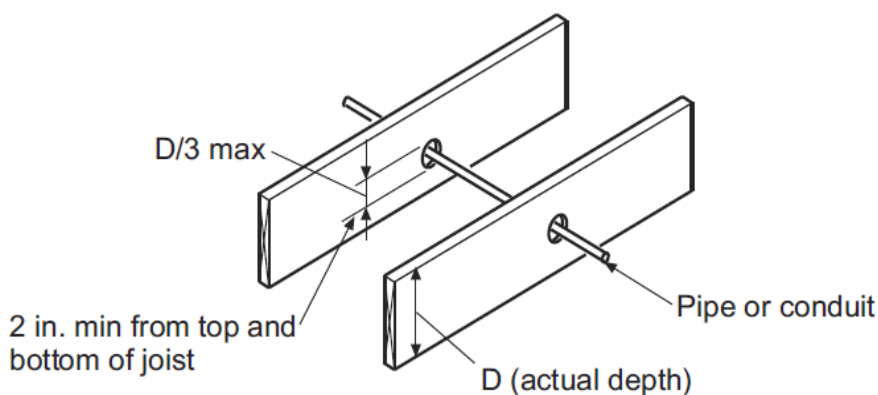




## 2015 Residential Code Question Of The Week

A hole bored in a 2 x 8 floor joist that spans 8 feet, shall not be any closer than \_\_\_ inches from the top of the joist.

- A) 2 
- B) 3
- C) No limit, hole just can't exceed 1/3 the depth of the member.
- D) A 2 x 8 joist that spans 8 feet or more shall not be notched or bored.



### IRC R502.8.1

*The diameter of holes bored or cut into members shall not exceed one-third the depth of the member. Holes shall not be closer than 2 inches (51 mm) to the top or bottom of the member, or to any other hole located in the member. Where the member is also notched, the hole shall not be closer than 2 inches (51 mm) to the notch.*

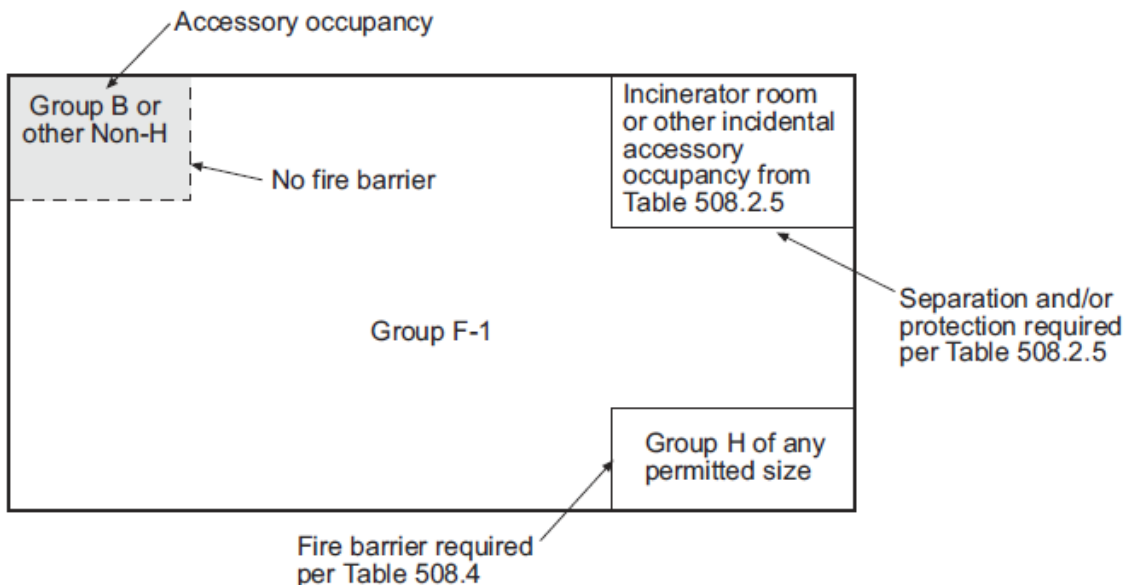


## 2015 Commercial Building Code Question Of The Week

According to the 2015 IBC, aggregate accessory occupancies shall not occupy more than \_\_\_% of the area of the story in which they are located and shall not exceed the tabular values for nonsprinklered buildings in Table 506.2 for each such accessory occupancy.

- A) 5
- B) 10
- C) 15
- D) 20

**508.2.3 Allowable building area.** The allowable area of the building shall be based on the applicable provisions of Section 506 for the main occupancy of the building. Aggregate accessory occupancies shall not occupy more than 10 percent of the floor area of the story in which they are located and shall not exceed the tabular values for non-sprinklered buildings in Table 506.2 for each such accessory occupancy.





## Certified Floodplain Manager Question Of The Week


Floodwaters moving faster than \_\_\_ feet per second comprise a high-velocity flood, requiring special design considerations for buildings, roads, bridges and other manmade structures in its path.

- A) 3
- B) 4
- C) 5
- D) 6



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**FEMA**


National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)  
**Floodplain Management Requirements**  
A Study Guide and Desk Reference for Local Officials

This study guide and desk reference can serve two purposes. First, it can be used as a study guide to enhance the knowledge and skills of local officials responsible for administering and enforcing local floodplain management regulations. It is also intended to broaden their understanding of floodplain management strategies that can be applied at the local level. Local officials and others can use the study guide to help them study for the exam for the Association of State Floodplain Manager's (ASFPM) Certified Floodplain Manager designation.

Secondly, the study guide can be used as a desk reference that you can refer to when specific issues arise as you implement your floodplain management ordinance. Guidance is included on how to handle many of the issues and information provided that will help you explain the requirements to citizens of your community.

While any interested person may use this study guide and desk reference, it is written specifically for the local official who is responsible for administering his or her community's floodplain management regulations.


FEMA 480  
February 2005



**FEMA**

National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)  
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