Vertebroplasty/Kyphoplasty for Osteoporotic Compression Fracture Coverage Tool for Medicare Patient

Summary

PVA or kyphoplasty is considered reasonable and necessary for painful, debilitating, osteoporotic vertebral collapse/compression fractures, defined as those that have not responded to non-surgical medical management (e.g. narcotic and/or non-narcotic medication, physical therapy modalities) with and without methods of immobility (e.g. rest, bracing) or osteolytic vertebral metastasis or myeloma with severe back pain related to a destruction of the vertebral body, not involving the major part of the cortical bone.

Patient Criteria

- □ Vertebral compression fracture ≤12 weeks old
- or
- Osteolytic metastasis/myeloma with vertebral body destruction
- □ T1-L5 levels only
- \Box 3 or fewer levels per procedure
- Derived Pain level is: _____ on VAS or NRS 1-10 pain scale

 \Box If hospitalized, pain score ≥ 8

- \Box If non-hospitalized, pain score \geq 5
 - $and \ge 2$ or more of
 - □ Progression of vertebral body height loss
 - \Box > 25% vertebral body height reduction
 - □ Kyphotic deformity
 - □ Severe impact on daily functioning Roland Morris Disability Questionnaire (RDQ) >17
- □ Non-invasive pain intervention(s) attempted:
- Fracture confirmed by
 MRI date ______
 or
 bone scan/SPECT/CT uptake date ______

□ Patient to be referred for evaluation of bone mineral density and osteoporosis education for subsequent treatment as indicated and instructed to take part in an osteoporosis prevention/treatment program.

Contraindications

- Patient does NOT have unstable fracture or require stabilization procedure
- Detient does NOT have Osteomyelitis or any other active infection including UTI
- □ Patient does NOT have uncorrected coagulation disorders.
- Detient does NOT have bone fragment retropulsion or radicular symptoms related to the VCF level
- □ Patient does NOT have radicular symptoms related to the VCF level
- Patient does NOT have painful metastases to other areas of the spine; spinal cord compression; Primary bone tumor or a solitary plasmacytoma
- Patient does NOT have a known allergy to any of the materials; or any condition that is a contraindication in the FDA labeling
- □ Patient does NOT have foraminal stenosis or other spinal degenerative disease, facet arthropathy or other significant coexisting spinal or bony pain generators

This represents a summary and is not an official document. Refer to Medicare LCDs for official guidance. 7/2025