

Mouse Anti-TIA1 [2G9A10F5]: MC0370, MC0370RTU7

Intended Use: For Research Use Only

Description: T-cell-restricted intracellular antigen-1 (TIA1), also known as nucleolysin TIA1 isoform p40, is a member of a RNA-binding protein family. It possesses nucleolytic activity against cytotoxic lymphocyte (CTL) target cells. It has been suggested that this protein may be involved in the induction of apoptosis, as it preferentially recognizes poly(A) homopolymers and induces DNA fragmentation in CTL targets. TIA1 antibody labels cytotoxic T cells and natural killer cells (NK cells). It is also expressed in T-cell lymphoma, large granular lymphocyte (LGL) leukemia and hairy cell leukemia. TIA1 expression in T-cell malignancies may help in differentiating LGL leukemia (high expression) from T-cell lymphocytosis and other T-cell diseases (low expression). TIA1 may also be used to label tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes in the study of immune response to malignancies.

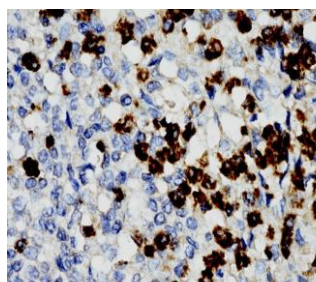
Specifications

Clone: 2G9A10F5
 Source: Mouse
 Isotype: IgG1
 Reactivity: Human
 Localization: Cytoplasm
 Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and ≤ 0.09% sodium azide (NaN₃)
 Storage: Store at 2°- 8°C
 Applications: IHC
 Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size
TIA1 Concentrated	MC0370	1 ml
TIA1 Prediluted	MC0370RTU7	7 ml

IHC Procedure

Positive Control Tissue: Spleen
 Concentrated Dilution: 50-100
 Pretreatment: Citrate pH6.0 or EDTA pH8.0, 15 minutes using Pressure Cooker, or 30-60 minutes using water bath at 95°-99°C
 Incubation Time and Temp: 30-60 minutes @ RT
 Detection: Refer to the detection system manual
 * Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human Anaplastic large T Cell Lymphoma stained with anti-TIA using DAB

References:

1. ALS mutant FUS disrupts nuclear localization and sequesters wild-type FUS within cytoplasmic stress granules. Vance C, et al. Hum Mol Genet 22:2676-88, 2013.
2. PKCa binds G3BP2 and regulates stress granule formation following cellular stress. Kobayashi T, et al. PLoS One 7:e35820, 2012.
3. Urinary peptidome may predict renal function decline in type 1 diabetes and microalbuminuria. Merchant ML, et al. J Am Soc Nephrol 20:2065-74, 2009.

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