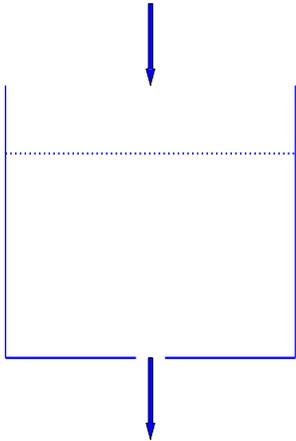


Math 3331 - Spring 2024 - Mixtures

Example. 1. A tank initially contains 40 pounds of salt dissolved in 600 gallons of water. Water that contains $1/2$ pound of salt per gallon is poured into the tank at the rate of 4 gal/min and the mixture is drained from the tank at the same rate. Find the amount of salt at any time t .



$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA}{dt} &= A_{in} - A_{out} \\ &= r_i c_i - r_o c_o\end{aligned}$$

$$r_i = 4 \text{ gal/min}$$

$$c_i = 1/2 \text{ lb/gal}$$

$$r_o = 4 \text{ gal/min}$$

$$c_o = \frac{A}{600} \text{ lb/gal}$$

So ODE is

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA}{dt} &= 4 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}} - 4 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{A(t)}{600} \\ &= 2 - \frac{A}{150}\end{aligned}$$

with the initial condition $A(0) = 40$. Now we solve

$$\frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{A}{150} = 2 \quad (\text{linear})$$

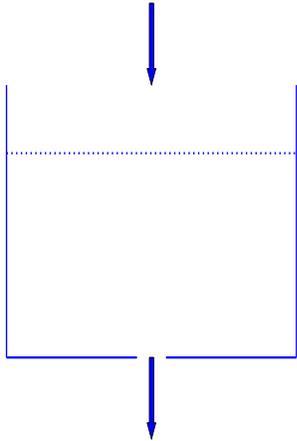
Integrating factor $\mu = \exp\left(\int \frac{1}{150} dt\right) = \exp\left(\frac{t}{150}\right)$. So

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\exp\left(\frac{t}{150}\right) A \right) = 2 \exp\left(\frac{t}{150}\right) \rightarrow \exp\left(\frac{t}{150}\right) A = 300 \exp\left(\frac{t}{150}\right) + c$$

Now $A(0) = 40$ gives $c = 40 - 300 = -260$ and we have

$$A = 300 - 260 \exp\left(\frac{-t}{150}\right)$$

Example. 2. A 500 liter tank initially contains 10g of salt dissolved in 200 liters of water. Water that contains 1/4 g of salt per liter is poured into the tank at the rate of 4 liters/min and the mixture is drained from the tank at the rate of 2 liters/min. Find the salt at any time.



$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA}{dt} &= A_{in} - A_{out} \\ &= r_i c_i - r_o c_o\end{aligned}$$

Note: This tank is filling up so the volume is changing. Here

$$V(t) = (r_i - r_o)t + C_0 = (4 - 2)t + 200 = 2t + 200$$

$$r_i = 4 \text{ gal/min}$$

$$c_i = 1/4 \text{ lb/gal}$$

$$r_o = 2 \text{ gal/min}$$

$$c_o = \frac{A}{2t + 200} \text{ lb/gal}$$

So ODE is

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA}{dt} &= 4 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}} - 2 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{A(t)}{2t + 200} \\ &= 1 - \frac{A}{t + 100}\end{aligned}$$

with the initial condition $A(0) = 10$. Now we solve

$$\frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{A}{t + 100} = 1 \quad (\text{linear})$$

Integrating factor $\mu = \exp\left(\int \frac{1}{t + 100} dt\right) = \exp(\ln(t + 100)) = t + 100$. So

$$\frac{d}{dt} ((t + 100)A) = t + 100 \quad \rightarrow \quad (t + 100)A = \frac{1}{2}(t + 100)^2 + c$$

Now $A(0) = 10$ gives $c = -4000$ and we have

$$A = \frac{t + 100}{2} - \frac{4000}{t + 100}$$