

THE NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.

The Newport Daily News is published every afternoon, except Sundays, at the Newport Printing, 13 Church street, by Davis & Phipps.

The Newport Journal is published at the same office every Saturday morning, and contains a collection of the best matter in the Daily, including Editorial Discussions of the topics of the week, Literary Miscellany, and at least one good story, the Latest Market, and a complete and comprehensive summary of the news, local and general. The Journal is a large 24 column paper and contains more reading matter than any other paper in the south part of the state.

Complaints regarding the irregular or improper delivery of either paper should be sent to the office at once.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Ordinary advertisements, 10 cents per line for the first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion. Ten lines or less in this type, make a square. Advertisements in Reading matter charged for, at 60 cents per extra. Advertisements on three lines allowed on all advertisements ordered for one week or longer. Funeral notices 50 cents each. Yearly advertisements inserted at their immediate business and are allowed twenty-five changes a year.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

The Daily News, 60 cents per annum, or 12 cents weekly payable in advance.

The Newport Journal, \$2 per annum, in advance.

PRINTING.

Connected with the News is the largest general printing office in the city. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled, and at reasonable prices. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

Newport Daily News.

THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1876.

THE DAY.

Gov. Phipps will give his annual reception this evening.

The flood on the Seine has already risen above the high-water mark of 1872.

Cincinnati has voted six millions more in bonds to the Cincinnati Southern Railroad.

Senator Sagasta, in the Spanish Congress made a speech defending religious toleration.

A woman suffrage act has been ordered to a final reading in the Massachusetts senate by a vote of 17 to 10.

The treasurer of Ottawa county, Ohio, is a defaulter to the amount of \$2000, and has been arrested.

The Serbian militia has been ordered to march to the frontier in consequence of the presence of Turkish troops there.

The Democratic Congressional caucus, at a late hour last night, agreed upon the Payne financial plan by a vote of 69 to 16.

There were nine failures registered on the London stock exchange yesterday, which was pay-day, making sixteen for the fortnight.

Peter Brown was fatally shot by Luke Hughes, proprietor of a liquor saloon in Fall River, in which he had been creating a disturbance.

The Senate foreign relations committee has decided to hear the Hon. H. H. Dana, Jr., in regard to the objections raised against his confirmation as minister to England.

The latest returns from the New Hampshire election indicate even a more sweeping victory for the Republicans than was anticipated by the most sanguine of the party. Governor Cheney's majority will probably reach 3500, both branches of the legislature are largely Republican, and the council will stand four Republicans to one Democrat. Tuesday's vote was the largest ever cast in the state, aggregating nearly 81,000.

A bill was reported in the United States Senate yesterday providing for the appointment of five commissioners who shall endeavor to obtain an absolute relinquishment of the Black Hills country from the Sioux Indians on condition that the government provide for their support for a period not exceeding ten years. The House of Representatives ordered an investigation into Steinberger's mission to the Samoan Islands. The legislative appropriation bill was discussed at length without reaching a vote.

At the Methodist district conference in session at Grace church, Taunton, the present week a committee was appointed to visit the Rev. S. W. Coggeshall, D. D., who has been for some months in the Asylum for the Insane in that city. The committee waited on him and bore the sympathy of the conference to their afflicted brother, and had with him a season of conversation and prayer. They report the doctor in improving health with a good prospect of early recovery. His many friends in this city will be glad to hear from him and to learn that he is likely soon to be at his work again.

THE MILITIA LAW.

The chief changes in the militia law recommended to the attention of the General Assembly by the committee of militia officers chosen from the Division I. I. M. for that purpose, which have been presented to the Senate and referred to the committee on militia, are as follows:

Whenever any volunteer militia company has failed to maintain an efficient organization, or neglected to take proper care of the arms or other property belonging to the state, the commander-in-chief may disband it, and the quartermaster general shall take possession of the arms, equipments and other property belonging to the state. Any company whose charter states that it shall be attached to a brigade that refuses or neglects to organize and conform to the provisions of the militia law, may forthwith be disbanded by the governor. Each battery of light artillery shall have two first lieutenants, instead of one, and the number of sergeants and corporals in a company of cavalry, artillery or infantry, shall be in conformity with the system of tactics prescribed for the militia of the state.

The provisions that charter of independent chartered companies accepting the provisions of the law shall be of full force and effect, except upon the days appointed for parade, under the law, is stricken out, and a proviso inserted that "any commissions which may have been issued in accordance with the provisions contained in the charter of such military organizations are hereby revoked, and no military commission shall hereafter be issued to any member of such organizations, except in accordance with the provisions of this title." The provision authorizing the commander-in-chief to order the chartered companies who do not accept the provisions of the law, to report for inspection and drill, in May or June, is stricken out. Every company may be ordered out by its commanding officer for drill or target practice in each year, the cavalry and artillery companies. No payment shall be made for duty performed

by order of the commander-in-chief, to any company which does not accept and conform to the provisions of this title, except by special act of the General Assembly. This necessary printing and stationery shall be furnished at the expense of the state. Each general, field and staff officer shall receive one dollar and fifty cents for each day's service, not exceeding ten days in each year, and each member of a battalion or company shall not exceed three days in each year. For horses for cavalry, artillery, or general, field and staff officers, three dollars a day is allowed. And independent chartered companies not accepting the provisions of the law, are allowed arms, ammunition, equipments and accoutrements the same as at present. There are also several other amendments.

(For the Transcript.)

CHARLOTTE GUSHMAN.

[Lines suggested by her request, just before she died, to have Lowell's "Columbiad" read to her.]

For what not thou, too, going forth alone
To seek new lands across an untried sea?
New lands to thy soul not all unknown,
Nor yet far off, what that thou shouldst desire.

For those lands felt the empty mystery
That on man's heart and life doth ever rest,
A shadow of that glorious world to be
Where Love's pure hope is with fruition blessed.

Thine was a courage none else knew but God,
Who gave thee, to endure his strength divine;
Alone with Him, the witness thou hast led,
And death, His angel, seals the victory thine.

The narrow way of death thou hast passed;
Thou art in heaven, the shining throng, I know,
Meet thee with welcome on the heavenly road.

A PROPRIETORS FIDUCIARY.

(From the New York Mail.)

It seems to us incredible that the Senate will refuse to confirm the nomination of Mr. Dana as minister to England on the ground that he has committed literary piracy. The facts of the case ought to be well known to the Senate, and are abundantly clear.

A Leipzig publisher paid 6,000 francs to Mrs. Wheaton for her consent that her late husband's Commentaries on International Law be edited by Mr. William Beach Lawrence, who was supposed to be a competent person. Mrs. Wheaton agreeing to make no use of Mr. Lawrence's notes in a new edition without his consent. When the edition was prepared and handed in to Brookmans and the Boston publishers, who were to publish at the same time, they found to their disgust that the book had been made so bulky, they could not issue it at a remunerative price. But their disgust was nothing to Mrs. Wheaton, when she ascertained that Mr. Lawrence had embodied in the notes some portions of his own which were quite unwarranted by anything in Wheaton's text, and were such decided Calumnies that the authorities at Washington refused to purchase the usual supply for the foreign offices.

Mrs. Wheaton's property having been thus damaged by the incompetency of Mr. Lawrence, she naturally looked around for an editor, who would restore the credit of the book, and save her from further loss. She applied to Mr. Dana, whose qualifications for the work were well known, and at her urgent solicitation, he undertook the task, giving as much of two years to it as his numerous other engagements would permit. He pruned the needless and irrelevant matter foisted on the book by Mr. Lawrence, purged it of the Calumnies, and added a number of notes of great value, in some cases citing the same authorities on a given topic that Mr. Lawrence had and in the same place. This Mr. Lawrence chose to consider an infringement on his rights, he appearing to imagine that he had once obtained an authority, no one could thereafter allude to it—at least in an edition of Wheaton—under pain of being called a pirate.

The good effects of Mr. Dana's editing rejoiced the hearts of both Mrs. Wheaton and the publishers. His edition has all been sold, while a portion of Mr. Lawrence's is still on the publishers' hands. The Commentaries have got rid of the bad character Mr. Lawrence gave them, and the owners are likely to be more cautious how they allow their property to be damaged by a future editor.

Mr. Lawrence brought a suit, but has never been able to establish anything except that the charge of piracy against Mr. Dana is preposterous.

MORE POISONOUS STOCKINGS.

A little boy, four years old in Ullica, is reported to have been badly poisoned by stockings dyed brown by the use of picric acid. The Observer of Saturday says: "Last Sunday the little fellow put on a pair of brown woolen stockings yesterday morning he was taken very ill. He commenced retching and vomiting, and a yellowish hue commenced spreading all over his body. When Dr. Tefft was called he was suffering great pain. Dr. Tefft confesses that after an examination he was unable to see why the boy should be sick until his eye fell on the boy's brown stockings, when the thought flashed on him that the newspapers were probably right and that there was poison in them. He had them removed at once and found that the boy's legs were fairly yellow. This morning the stockings were subjected to a test. A piece was cut out from one of them and placed in hot water for a moment. Then placing it between the teeth a very bitter taste was perceptible—so bitter that it irritated the end of the tongue. The pair of stockings were then placed in the water. On wringing them the water became discolored, assuming a yellowish tinge. There is no doubt that the picric acid used to color the stockings produced the boy's sickness. At one time the little fellow was very near death, but he is now recovering. The stockings were not a cheap pair. They were unusually made and of a nice shade as was but their effects are dangerous. This picric acid is not used alone for purely brown stockings. It is also used to dye striped hosiery in which that color appears. But all brown stockings are not poisoned. There is one sure test to apply to detect its presence. Stockings dyed with it, placed between the teeth and against the tongue impart a bitter taste which cannot be mistaken."

PROTECTION FOR DEPOSITORS.

A bill has been introduced in the Massachusetts legislature which provides that when the assets of a savings bank are found to be less than its liabilities, a justice of the superior court, in connection with the savings bank commissioner, may reduce the accounts of the depositors to such an extent as will enable the bank to continue business. For instance, in the case of the West Boston Savings Bank, the court would, under the bill proposed, have found that the assets were sufficient to pay, say, fifty cents on the dollar. It would in such a case have reduced the deposit accounts twenty per cent, and the bank would have continued business, and depositors who needed money could have obtained it. Under the present law the bank goes into the hands of receivers, involving heavy expense, which must eventually be borne by the depositors, and they are compelled to wait for months for what may never come.

The law provides that if the assets afterward realize more than was estimated, additional dividends shall be paid, so that the depositors will get all that the bank is able to pay. The bill is modeled after the New Hampshire law of 1874 concerning which C. V. Dearborn, of Nashua, national bank examiner for New Hampshire, says in a recent letter: "The law of 1874, relating to savings banks whose assets afterward realize more than was estimated, additional dividends shall be paid, so that the depositors will get all that the bank is able to pay. The bill is modeled after the New Hampshire law of 1874 concerning which C. V. Dearborn, of Nashua, national bank examiner for New Hampshire, says in a recent letter: "The law of 1874, relating to savings banks whose assets afterward realize more than was estimated, additional dividends shall be paid, so that the depositors will get all that the bank is able to pay. The bill is modeled after the New Hampshire law of 1874 concerning which C. V. 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