

**Rabbit Anti-CD14 [MD85R]: RM0024, RM0024RTU7**

**Intended Use:** For Research Use Only

**Description:** CD14 is a 55-kDa protein found as a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)- anchored protein on the surface of monocytes, macrophages, and polymorphonuclear leukocytes, and as a soluble protein in the blood. Its main function is to serve as a receptor for lipopolysaccharide (LPS). Besides its role in endotoxin signaling, it has been proposed that CD14 is involved in the transportation of other lipids, cell-cell interactions during different immune responses, and recognition of apoptotic cells. CD14 is highly expressed on the surface of monocytes/macrophages and strongly up-regulated during the differentiation of monocytic precursor cells into mature monocytes. Therefore, CD14 has been commonly used as a differentiation marker for monocytes/macrophages. Anti-CD14 also labels Langerhans' cells and dendritic cells.

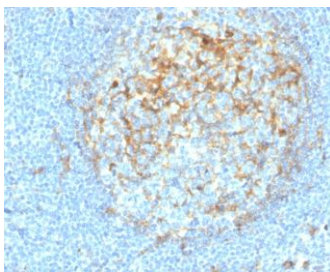
**Specifications:**

Clone: MD85R  
 Source: Rabbit  
 Isotype: IgG  
 Reactivity: Human  
 Immunogen: Recombinant fragment of human CD14 protein aa 25-148  
 Localization: Membrane  
 Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and ≤ 0.09% sodium azide (NaN3)  
 Storage: Store at 2°- 8°C  
 Applications: IHC, WB  
 Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size
CD14 Concentrated	RM0024	1 ml
CD14 Prediluted	RM0024RTU7	7 ml

**IHC Procedure\*:**

Positive Control Tissue: Tonsil, lymph node, appendix, colon, myeloid leukemia  
 Concentrated Dilution: 50-200  
 Pretreatment: Tris EDTA pH9.0, 15 minutes using Pressure Cooker, or 30-60 minutes using water bath at 95°-99°C  
 Incubation Time and Temp: 30-60 minutes @ RT  
 Detection: Refer to the detection system manual  
 \* Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human tonsil stained with anti-CD14 antibody using DAB

**References:**

1. LPS-induced TLR4 signaling in human colorectal cancer cells increases beta1 integrin-mediated cell adhesion and liver metastasis. Hsu RY, et al. Cancer Res 71:1989-98, 2011.
2. Roles of interleukin-6 and parathyroid hormone-related peptide in osteoclast formation associated with oral cancers: significance of interleukin-6 synthesized by stromal cells in response to cancer cells. Kayamori K, et al. Am J Pathol 176:968-80, 2010.

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