REDUCTION OF POLYSTYRENE

A new bylaw for the Code of Williamstown prohibiting the use and distribution of foam and rigid polystyrene in food service ware and packaging material and requiring the use and distribution of biodegradable, compostable, reusable, or recyclable products or materials in its place.

§ 1. FINDINGS AND INTENT

WHEREAS, the Town has a duty to protect the natural environment, the economy, and the health of its citizens; and

WHEREAS, styrene, a component of polystyrene, is a known hazardous substance, classified by the National Toxicology Program (NTP) as “reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen” and also recognized by the NTP as a potential food and beverage contaminant that may “leach from polystyrene containers used for food products”; and

WHEREAS, polystyrene is made from fossil fuels, a non-renewable resource; and

WHEREAS, polystyrene manufacture, use, and disposal requires substantial energy consumption and contributes to greenhouse gases and other adverse environmental effects; and

WHEREAS, polystyrene is not biodegradable or compostable, and is generally not recyclable; and

WHEREAS, polystyrene is a common environmental pollutant that fragments into smaller pieces that harm or kill marine life and wildlife when they ingest them;

WHEREAS, the EPA states "that such materials can also have serious impacts on human health, wildlife, the aquatic environment and the economy”; and

WHEREAS, polystyrene is used as food service ware by food establishments and packing material by retail establishments operating in the Town; and

WHEREAS, disposable food service ware constitutes a portion of the litter in Williamstown’s streets, parks and public places, which increases Town costs; and

WHEREAS, affordable and effective ways to reduce the negative environmental impacts of polystyrene products through the use of reusable, recyclable, biodegradable and/or compostable materials are available for most retail applications; and
WHEREAS, over 100 municipalities throughout the United States, Canada, Europe, and Asia have banned polystyrene food service ware, including Amherst, Brookline, Great Barrington, Somerville, and South Hadley in Massachusetts, as well as: Los Angeles, CA; Chicago, IL; Miami Beach, FL; Albany, NY; New York, NY; Portland, OR; and Seattle, WA,

NOW THEREFORE, the Town of Williamstown hereby enacts this bylaw to prohibit the use and distribution of foam and rigid polystyrene in food service ware and packaging material and require the use and distribution of biodegradable, compostable, reusable, or recyclable products or materials in their place.

§ 2. DEFINITIONS

The following words and phrases shall, unless context clearly indicates otherwise, have the following meanings:

ASTM STANDARD
Refers to materials meeting the standards of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) International Standards D6400 or D6868 for biodegradable and compostable plastics, as those standards may be amended. D6400 is the specification for plastics designed for compostability in municipal or industrial aerobic composting facilities. D6868 is the specification for aerobic compostability of plastics used as coatings on a compostable substrate.

BIODEGRADABLE
Materials that will completely degrade and return to nature, i.e., decompose into elements found in nature within a reasonably short period of time after customary disposal.

COMPOSTABLE
Materials that will completely degrade into, or otherwise become part of, usable compost (e.g., soil-conditioning material, mulch) in a safe and timely manner. Compostable disposable food service ware must meet ASTM-Standards for compostability and any bio-plastic or plastic-like product must be clearly labeled, preferably with a color symbol, such that any customer or processor can easily distinguish the ASTM Standard compostable plastic from non-ASTM Specification compostable plastic.

DISPOSABLE FOOD SERVICE WARE
All containers, bowls, plates, trays, cartons, cups, lids, straws, forks, spoons, knives, and other items designed for one-time or non-durable uses on or in which any food vendor directly places or packages prepared foods or which are used to consume foods. This includes, but is not limited to, service ware for takeout foods and/or leftovers from partially consumed meals prepared at food establishments.
FOOD ESTABLISHMENT
An operation that stores, prepares, packages, serves, vends, or otherwise provides food for human consumption, as further defined in 105 CMR 590.002. Any establishment requiring a permit to operate in accordance with the State Food Code, 105 CMR 590.000, et. seq., shall be considered a “Food Establishment” for purposes of this ordinance.

POLYSTYRENE
The term means and includes blown polystyrene and expanded and extruded foams (sometimes called "Styrofoam," a Dow Chemical Co. trademarked form of EPS insulation) also referred to as expanded polystyrene (EPS), which are thermoplastic petrochemical materials utilizing a styrene monomer and processed by any number of techniques including, but not limited to, fusion of polymer spheres (expandable bead polystyrene), injection molding, form molding, and extrusion-blow molding (extruded foam polystyrene); and in this chapter is referenced as "Foam Polystyrene." Foam Polystyrene is generally used to make cups, bowls, plates, trays, clamshell containers, meat trays and egg cartons.

The term also means and includes clear or solid polystyrene which is also known as “oriented,” and referenced in this chapter as "Rigid Polystyrene." "Rigid Polystyrene" is generally used to make clear clamshell containers, and clear or colored straws, lids and utensils.

POLYSTYRENE LOOSE FILL PACKAGING
A void filled packaging product made of expanded polystyrene that is used as a packaging fill, commonly known as “packing peanuts.”

PREPARED FOOD
Food or beverages, which are served, packaged, cooked, chopped, sliced, mixed, brewed, frozen, squeezed or otherwise prepared on the food establishment’s premises within the Town of Williamstown. Prepared food may be eaten either on or off the premises, also known as "takeout food.”

RECYCLABLE
Material that can be sorted, cleansed, and reconstituted using available recycling collection programs for the purpose of using the altered form in the manufacture of a new product. "Recycling" does not include burning, incinerating, converting, or otherwise thermally destroying solid waste.

RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT
Any commercial facility that sells goods directly to the consumer including but not limited to grocery stores, pharmacies, liquor stores, convenience stores, restaurants, retail stores and vendors selling clothing, food, and personal items, and dry cleaning services

REUSABLE
Materials that will be used more than once in its same form by a food establishment. Reusable food service ware includes: tableware, flatware, food or beverage containers, packages or trays, such as, but not limited to, soft drink bottles and milk containers that are designed to be returned to the distributor and customer that is provided take-out containers. Reusable also includes durable containers, packages, or trays used on-premises or returnable containers brought back to the food establishment.

§ 3. PROHIBITED USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF DISPOSABLE FOOD SERVICE WARE AND POLYSTYRENE LOOSE FILL PACKAGING

(a) Food establishments are prohibited from providing prepared food to customers in Foam Polystyrene or Rigid Polystyrene food service ware.

(b) All food establishments using any disposable food service ware will use biodegradable, compostable, reusable or recyclable food service ware. All food establishments are strongly encouraged to use reusable food service ware in place of using disposable food service ware for all food served on-premises.

(c) Retail establishments are prohibited from selling or distributing foam polystyrene or rigid polystyrene food service ware to customers.

(d) No manufacturer may dispense, sell, or offer for sale polystyrene loose fill packaging in the Town of Williamstown.

§ 4. EXEMPTIONS

(a) Foods prepared or packaged outside the Town of Williamstown are exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Purveyors of food prepared or packaged outside the Town of Williamstown are encouraged to follow the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Food establishments and retail establishments will be exempted from the provisions of this chapter for specific items or types of disposable food service ware if the Board of Health or its designee finds that a suitable biodegradable, compostable, reusable, or recyclable alternative does not exist for a specific application and/or that imposing the requirements of this chapter on that item or type of disposable food service ware would cause undue hardship.

(c) Any person may seek an exemption from the requirements of this chapter by filing a request in writing with the Board of Health. The Board of Health may waive any specific requirement of this chapter for a period of not more than one year if the person seeking the exemption has demonstrated that strict application of the specific requirement would cause undue hardship. For purposes of this chapter, an “undue hardship” is a situation unique to the food establishment where there are no
reasonable alternatives to the use of expanded polystyrene disposable food service containers and compliance with this provision would cause significant economic hardship to that food establishment. A person granted an exemption must re-apply prior to the end of the one year exemption period and demonstrate continued undue hardship if the person wishes to have the exemption extended. The Board of Health’s decision to grant or deny an exemption or to grant or deny an extension of a previously issued exemption shall be in writing and shall be final.

(d) Coolers and ice chests that are intended for reuse are exempt from the provisions of this chapter.

§ 5. ENFORCEMENT: VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES

(a) The Board of Health shall have the authority to enforce this chapter by:

(1) inspection and investigation;

(2) the issuance of violation notices and administrative orders; and/or

(3) civil court actions

(b) Whoever, himself or by his servant or agent or as the servant or agent of any other person or firm or corporation, violates any of the provisions of these regulations may be penalized by a non-criminal disposition process as provided in MGL c. 40, §21D. Each day of violation, after written notice, is a separate violation.

(c) The following penalties shall apply:

(1) First offense: Warning

(2) Second offense: $50

(3) Third offense: $100

(4) Fourth and subsequent offense: $200

(d) The Board of Health may suspend, revoke or deny any license or permit for violations of this chapter.

§ 6. SEVERABILITY: EFFECTIVE DATE
(a) Each section of this chapter shall be construed as separate to the end that if any section, sentence, clause or phrase thereof shall be held invalid for any reason, the remainder of that chapter and all other chapters shall continue in full force.

(b) This chapter shall take effect 6 months after its adoption.