

Rabbit Anti-Insulin [EP125]: RM0113, RM0113RTU7

Intended Use: For Research Use Only

Description: Insulin is a hormone that regulates glucose homeostasis. It increases cell permeability to monosaccharides, amino acids and fatty acids, and it accelerates glycolysis, the pentose phosphate cycle, and glycogen synthesis in liver. It is synthesized in the beta cell of the pancreas. The antibody labels both normal and neoplastic insulin-producing cells. It is useful in identifying insulinoma.

Specifications:

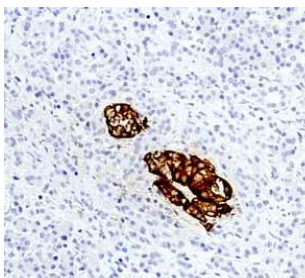
Clone: EP125
Source: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG
Reactivity: Human
Localization: Cytoplasm
Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and $\leq 0.09\%$ sodium azide (NaN₃)
Storage: Store at 2°- 8°C
Applications: IHC
Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size
Insulin Concentrated	RM0113	1 ml
Insulin Prediluted	RM0113RTU7	7 ml

IHC Procedure*:

Positive Control Tissue: Pancreas
Concentrated Dilution: 50-200
Pretreatment: Citrate pH6.0 or EDTA pH8.0, 15 minutes using Pressure Cooker, or 30-60 minutes using water bath at 95°-99°C
Incubation Time and Temp: 30-60 min @ RT
Detection: Refer to the detection system manual

* Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human pancreas stained with anti-Insulin using DAB

References:

1. Comparative quantitative proteomic analysis of disease stratified laser captured microdissected human islets identifies proteins and pathways potentially related to type 1 diabetes. Nyalwidhe JO, et al. PLoS One 12:e0183908, 2017.
2. Hypothalamic AMP-Activated Protein Kinase Regulates Biphasic Insulin Secretion from Pancreatic β Cells during Fasting and in Type 2 Diabetes. Kume S, et al. EBioMedicine 13:168-180, 2016.
3. Drosophila Cbp53E Regulates Axon Growth at the Neuromuscular Junction. Hagel KR, et al. PLoS One 10:e0132636, 2015.
4. A comparative study of mesenchymal stem cell transplantation with its paracrine effect on control of hyperglycemia in type 1 diabetic rats. Aali E, et al. J Diabetes Metab Disord 13:76, 2014.