

Conforms to ANSI Z400.1-2010 Standard - HCS 2012

Į	Protective Clothing	General Hazard	DOT
		<b>(1)</b>	<b>♣</b> 2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name :

VERSILINE EC-R540/CP-926 MT BASE

Product identity:

329V500000

Product type:

Paint.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application:

Identified uses:

Industrial/Professional use

TSCA:

Unless otherwise stated All components are listed or exempted.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details:

HEMPEL (USA), Inc.

600 Conroe Park North Drive Conroe, Texas 77303 Toll free: (800) 678-6641,

if outside area codes 713, 281, 409, 936 Regular phone number: (936) 523-6000

E-mail Hempel@Hempel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

For Transportation Emergencies:

(24 hours)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll-free in the U.S., Canada and the U.S. Virgin Islands) 703-527-3887

For calls originating elsewhere (Collect calls are accepted). Contract number: CCN10384

To preserve the effectiveness of arrangements for providing accurate and timely emergency response information, the basic identifying information (shipper name or contract number) must be included on

shipping papers.

If the purchaser of this product is going to be shipping this product to other locations, the purchaser must arrange for its own Emergency Information Provider to respond to transport incidents. Hempel's

24 hour response contract does not cover non-Hempel shipments.

For all other information:

In USA toll free calling available: 1-800- 678-6641 or (936)-523-6000

(8 AM - 5 PM CST) See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status:

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.

1200).

GHS Classification:

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word:

Warning

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard statements:

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor, Wash hands thoroughly

after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Supplemental label elements:

None known.

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified: None known.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product definition:

Mixture

Physical state:

Liquid.

Product/ingredient name	identifiers	%	GHS Classification
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	25068-38-6	50 - 75	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	*25068-38-6	12.5 - 15	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
trimethylolpropane triglycidylether	30499-70-8	5 - 10	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General:

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person.

If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate

treatment (first aid).

Eye contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If unconscious, place in recovery position and

seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so

that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly

with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact:

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion:

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation:

No specific data.

Skin contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation

redness

Ingestion:

No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician:

Not applicable.

Specific treatments:

No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media:

Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.

Not to be used: wateriet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or

mixture:

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained

and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products :

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promotly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Contains epoxy constituents. Avoid all possible skin contact with epoxy and amine containing products, they may cause allergic reactions. Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide local exhaust and general ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below OSHA, ACGIH, and manufacturer recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source. Use local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of mists/vapors/furnes generated from the handling of this product.

Note: Local exhaust ventilation is designed to capture an emitted contaminant at or near its source, before the contaminant has a chance to disperse into the workplace air. General exhaust ventilation, also called dilution ventilation, is different from local exhaust ventilation because instead of capturing emissions at their source and removing them from the air, general exhaust ventilation allows the contaminant to be emitted into the workplace air and then dilutes the concentration of the contaminant to an acceptable level (e.g., to the PEL or below).

#### Individual protection measures

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be

worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact

with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of

protection: chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection: Wear chemical-resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the

chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace

concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, Viton®

Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), polyvinyl chloride

(PVC)

Body protection:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Respiratory protection:

Use appropriate respiratory protection if there is a risk of exceeding any exposure limits.

Protective clothing (pictograms):



Note: Application of paint products by spraying requires additional safety precautions: Full body suit, Full face respirator with air supplied.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Liquid.

Odor:

Amine-like.

pH:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Melting point/freezing point:

-16°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =

< 700

Boiling point/boiling range:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flash point:

Closed cup: 250°C (482°F)

Evaporation rate:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability:

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

No specific data.

explosive limits : Vapor pressure :

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Vapor density:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Relative density:

1.168 g/cm3

Solubility(ies):

Partition coefficient (LogKow):

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature :

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Decomposition temperature :

Viscosity:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Explosive properties :

Not available.

Oxidizing properties:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight (Included excempt solvent(s)): 0.0018 % (w/w)

Water % by weight :

Weighted average: 0 %

VOC content (Coatings) : VOC content (Regulatory) :

0 g/l (Measured) 0 g/l (Measured)

TOC Content (Volatile):

Weighted average: 0 g/l

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Solvent Gas:

Weighted average: 0 m3/l

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Epoxy and amine containing products can cause skin disorders such as allergic eczema. The allergy may arise after only a short exposure period.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
trimethylolpropane triglycidylether	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

## Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	•	•
resin MW =< 700	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-

#### Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
resin MW =< 700 middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

## Information on the likely routes of exposure

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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Sensitization:

Contains bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700, middle molecular epoxy resin MMW

700-1200, trimethylolpropane triglycidylether. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other information:

No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

When spilled, this product may act as an oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion, or sludge at or beneath the surface of a body of water. Oils of any kind can cause: (a) drowning of waterfowl due to lack of buoyancy, loss of insulating capacity of feathers, starvation and vulnerability to predators due to lack of mobility; (b) lethal effect on fish by coating gill surfaces, preventing respiration; (c) potential fish kills resulting from alteration in biochemical oxygen demand; (d) asphyxiation of benthic life forms when floating masses become engaged with surface debris and settle on the bottom; and (e) adverse aesthetic effects of fouled shoreline and beaches.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	Acute EC50 >11 mg/i	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1.4 - 1.7 mg/l Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - fathead minnow (Pimephales	48 hours 96 hours
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	promelas) Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test		Result		Dose	Inoculum
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	OECD 302B Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test	12 % - No	t readily - 28 days	-		••
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half	-life	Photolys	is	Bi	odegradability
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	-	****	-	·····	Not readily	y

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential Potential
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700 middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	2.64 - 3.78	31	low
	2.64 - 3.78	31	low

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#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

No known data avaliable in our database.

(Koc): Mobility:

No known data avaliable in our database.

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7 and Section 8 for additional handling information and protection of employees.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or DOT for transport by road and by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for Air shipment. Refer to specific Dangerous Goods Transport requirements under 49CFR, ICAO and IATA.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
DOT Code	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700).	9 (#2)	III	Yes.	ERG: 171  The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes.
						Reportable quantity (chlorine) 11363.6 lbs / 5159.1 kg [1166.9 gal / 4417 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities fess than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Code	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700).	· <b>*</b>	111	Yes.	The product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported by road or rail.
SCT Code	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700)	° (¥2)	III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IMDG Code	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700).	9 (1/2)	III	Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A,S-F
IATA Code	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700)	9 42	111	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Code: Classification PG\*: Packing group

Env.\*: Environmental hazards

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

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**SECTION 14: Transport information** 

Not applicable.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information** 

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations:

All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: epichlorohydrin

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
epichlorohydrin	106-89-8	0.00176

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304 - SARA 311/312:

SARA 302/304: chlorine; epichlorohydrin

SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Product/ingredient name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	kmmediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	50 - 75	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	10 - 25	No,	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
trimethylolpropane triglycidylether	5 - 10	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

**SARA 313:** 

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

Supplier notification:

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	*25068-38-6	10 - 20

State regulations:

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.

Florida substances: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed.

Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Substances: None of the components are listed.
Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65 PFF:

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Product/ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
epichlorohydrin	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Remarks:

Note: In USA, consult Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Labor, Parts 1910 and 1915 concerning occupational safety and health standards and regulations, as well as any other applicable Federal,

State or local regulations that apply to safe practices in coating operations.

Warning! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD is TOXIC.

Validation:

Validated by US - Al Pliodzinskas 2 on 04-01-2016.

#### **GHS Classification**

Procedure used to derive the classification.

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) shown in this section is a suggestion. Since conditions vary from one work location to another consult the facility safety & health program. Customer or end user is responsible to evaluate worker exposure conditions at the site of application and determine the appropriate PPE suitable for workers at that particular facility or location.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ANSI = American National Standards Institute HCS = Hazardous Communication System TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act CFR = Code of federal Regulations GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals OSHA = United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. NTP = National Toxicology Program ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

DOT = United States Department of Transportation

ERG = Emergency Response Guide

TDG = Transport of Dengerous Goods, Canada SCT = Transportation & Communications Ministry, Mexico

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

SARA = Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

#### Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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