SUBJECT: HIGH PERFORMANCE CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCITATION (HPCPR)

STANDARD

Improve survival rates for all pre-hospital sudden cardiac arrest patients.

PURPOSE

The High-Performance CPR (HPCPR) guideline is built upon a common framework including: clearly identified roles, common terminology, interoperability between agencies, similar equipment, continually practiced skills, and a common goal of increased survival for cardiac arrest patients.

As a rural community with a significant and vital volunteer population, clarification for one-person HPCPR is provided.

PROCEDURE

Agencies are encouraged to create an in-house policy/procedure on how to best manage resources within their agency or with partnering agencies for the most effective and efficient response in the interest of overall patient care. Responders will train to do the best they can with the resources available. Agencies should develop practices to identify how they will fill the HPCPR common roles and how to best utilize their resources to achieve success. Agencies and responders should practice and reinforce their skills on a frequent and regular basis utilizing CPR training equipment capable of providing CPR quality feedback as much as possible.

MAIN GOALS -

- √Apply AED and analyze as soon as possible (ASAP).
- ✓ Begin continuous chest compressions (CCC)
- $\sqrt{\text{Push Hard (≥2 in.) Push Fast (> 100-120/min)}}$
- √Starts POx (NC at 15 lpm)
- √Manage Airway
- ✓ Change compressors every 2 minutes
- ✓ Limit interruptions to <10 seconds

<u>HPCPR COMMON ROLES</u> – The common roles are listed in order of priority and should be filled in this order as resources allow. It is understood that these roles may be shared, combined, or rotated based on available resources and need to maintain effective HPCPR.

- Scout / Initial Compressor
- AED / Airway (SGA Placement) (roles may be separated when >2 responders)
- Timekeeper / Coordinator (orchestrate CPR train as resources arrive)
- Paramedic / Team Lead / ALS Care (ALS treatment protocols not included)

HPCPR COMMON COMMUNICATIONS

- "Stop CPR", "Hover"
- "Clear", "Analyzing", "Rotate"
- "Clear", "Shocking"
- "Start CPR"

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<u>COMPRESSION / VENTILATION RATIO & COMPRESSION RATE & DEPTH</u> – SEE TOOL FOR AGE GROUPS

<u>AED PROGRAMING & COORDINATION</u> (per manufacturer capability) –

- Initiate analysis without delay for witnessed or unwitnessed cardiac arrest.
- Time 15 seconds for ~30 chest compressions while AED is charging.
- Two minutes of uninterrupted CPR between analyze/shock attempts.
- Minimize unnecessary communications or delays that increase time hands are off the chest.

A. Adult HPCPR guidelines:

1. One person HPCPR (CCC) -

- If an AED is available, turn on the AED, apply AED pads and analyze ASAP (witnessed or unwitnessed arrest).
- If shock advised, initiate chest compressions while AED is charging. Perform 30 compressions (~15 seconds) before shocking. Continue one-person HPCPR until additional resources arrive.
- If available, apply passive oxygenation (NC at 15 lpm) during the first or second analyze/shock attempt.
- If shock is not advised, initiate one-person HPCPR CCC for 2 min. until the next analysis or additional resources arrive.

2. Team of \geq 2 BLS Responders (10:1) -

- o 1st Responder Begin continuous chest compressions.
 - Push Hard (≥2 inches)
 - Push Fast (100-120/min) with full recoil.
 - 30 CC during AED charging (~ 15 seconds)
 - Change compressors every 2 minutes at analyze (sooner if not effective)
 - Limit all interruptions to compressions to <10 sec. This includes the use of a mechanical compression device.
- o 2nd Responder Apply AED and analyze as soon as possible (ASAP).
- o 2nd or 3rd Responder Start airway management.
 - Apply passive oxygenation (NC at 15 lpm) after first analyze/shock attempt or sooner if resources available (before Igel or BVM).
 - Passive oxygenation may be performed to a <u>maximum</u> of 6 minutes to allow prioritization of CPR and defibrillation. Once resources are on scene, to allow for non-compromised CPR and defibrillation, an Igel or BVM ventilations should be utilized ASAP.
 - Place Igel (if EMT SGA credentialed), if not available initiate BVM.
 - Switch passive oxygenation to Igel bag valve 15 lpm if only one O2 tank.
 - If BVM only, insert oropharyngeal airway (OPA permitted for EMRs)
 - Bag Valve size for adult ventilation Use child BVM or small adult size bag (not >1000 ml = stroke volume 450-725 ml) with appropriate adult size mask. The target volume for full sized adults is 450 ml.

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Always prioritize the next AED analyze and shock attempt before ventilations.

B. Pediatric HPCPR guidelines:

2. One person HPCPR (30:2) -

- o If an AED is available, turn on the AED, apply AED pads and analyze ASAP (witnessed or unwitnessed arrest).
- If shock advised, initiate chest compressions while AED is charging. Perform 30 compressions (~15 seconds) before shocking. Continue one-person HPCPR (30:2) until additional resources arrive.
- Ventilate appropriately. If available, apply passive oxygenation (NC at 15 lpm) during the first or second analyze/shock attempt.
- o If shock is not advised, initiate one-person HPCPR (30:2) for 2 min., stopping for ventilations until the next analysis or additional resources arrive.

3. Team of \geq 2 BLS Responders (15:2) -

- o 1st Responder Begin continuous chest compressions.
 - Push Hard (≥ 1/3 diameter of chest)
 - Push Fast (100-120/min) with full recoil.
 - 30 CC during AED charging (~ 15 seconds)
 - Change compressors every 2 minutes at analyze (sooner if not effective)
 - Limit all interruptions to compressions to <10 sec.
- o 2nd Responder Apply AED and analyze ASAP.
- o 2nd or 3rd Responder Start airway management.
 - Initiate appropriate ventilations with supplemental O2.
 - If two O2 tanks are available, apply passive oxygenation (NC at 15 lpm) after first analyze/shock attempt or sooner if resources available.

D. Other General Guidelines

- o ALS procedures are reflected in the ALS specific protocols.
- o BLS personnel should not wait for paramedic arrival to utilize AED.
- SGA Credentialed EMTs should not wait for paramedic arrival to place Igel.
- DO NOT STOP compressions for any procedures unless specifically instructed by paramedic.
 Confirm the need to stop, before stopping.
- Switch compressors every two minutes or sooner if compressor is losing effectiveness.
- Stop chest compressions for the first ventilation to assure patent airway (chest rise). Then
 do not stop CPR for ventilations unless cause.
- About one second per breath. Watch for visible chest rise on initial attempt, <u>do not</u> over ventilate. A manometer device on BV is recommended.
- Ventilations should be asynchronous with chest compressions.
- Use a metronome (when available) to ensure proper chest compression rates.
- Mechanical Chest Compression Devices (MCD) MCD's (Lucas 2 or other MPD approved device) may be utilized only in the setting of MPD approved device used according to

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manufacturer's instructions, and only in the absence of adequate personnel to perform adequate HPCPR, longer duration events, or due to safety issues, such as during transport.

- a. Follow the manufacturer's instructions regarding appropriate use. MCD's can be utilized for patients older than 12 years old and are appropriate for cardiac arrest of non-traumatic nature.
- b. Use of MCD's <u>should not delay or significantly interrupt</u> high quality chest compressions and should be implemented by highly trained and very proficient providers. Agencies and providers who utilize MCD 's should be prepared for possible device failure and have the necessary resources available to continue HPCPR without their use.
- c. The use of MCD's only replaces the task of High-Quality Chest Compressions (HQCC). All other elements of HPCPR shall be accomplished by responders.
- d. Continuously assess the location and application of the device on the patient. Readjust as needed.
- e. Delivery of the shock will always take priority over any MCD application steps.
- BLS Providers should not transport or rendezvous with a cardiac arrest patient unless a pulse is obtained ≥60 beats/min. If a pulse is detected during resuscitation but systolic blood pressure is < 60, resume CPR. If ALS is not in route or available, contact medical control for transport direction.</p>
- If 3 consecutive "no shock" are advised and there is no pulse, continue CPR without interruption until ALS arrives. If ALS is not available, continue shock attempts every 2 minutes and contact medical control for directions.
- For other situations related to sudden cardiac arrest, follow ASHI/AHA BLS guidelines.
- Following completion of the cardiac arrest incident, providers should complete a thorough and complete patient care report, to include the WA Cardiac Arrest Registry to Enhance Survival (WACARES) data elements.

REFERENCE TOOLS (included)

- Kittitas County Prehospital Protocols: High Performance CPR Guidelines Reference Tool by Age Groups for Resuscitation Interventions
- Adult HPCPR Skill Check Sheet BLS Continuous

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CPR/Rescue Breathing Maneuver	Adult and Older Child (Adolescent and older)	Child (1 year to adolescent)	Infant (<1 y old)	Newly Born (28 days neonate)		
Based on 911 activation	(Adolescent and Older)	Kittitas County F High Performance C		(20 days neonate)		
CIRCULATION:	Simultaneously check pulse/o					
Initial pulse check only & if		rotid	Same Brachial or femoral	Umbilical/Stethoscope		
movement (< 10 seconds)		noral in child)	Bracinar of Temoral	o momean bledioscope		
Compression landmarks	(Can use 1911	iorur in viiru)		Lower half of sternum		
Minimize interruptions	Between nipples, just below nip	ople line (lower ½ sternum)	Just below nipple line	(1 finger width below intermammary line)		
Compression method		2 Hands: Heel of one hand,	1 or 2 rescuers:	2 fingers or 2 thumb-encircling		
Push hard and fast	2 Hands: Heel of one hand,	other hand on top, lock fingers	2 fingers or	hands for 1-2-rescuer trained		
Allow complete recoil every time	other hand on top, lock fingers	1 Hand: Heel of 1 hand	2 thumb-encircling hands	providers		
Compression depth		At least 1/3 diam. of chest	At least 1/3 diam. of chest	=1/3 the depth of the chest for		
Minimize interruptions	2-2.4in (5-6 cm) depth	2 in (5-6 cm) depth	1½ in. depth (4 cm)	newly born		
Compression rate		= 120 events/min				
Minimize interruptions	(Each set of 30 compre	essions should take approximately	15-18 seconds)	(90 compressions/30 breaths)		
Compression: ventilation ratio				(
Don't stop compressions for	10:1 (2 rescuers)	15:2 (2 resc	uers)	3:1 (1 or 2 rescuers)		
ventilations unless cause	CCC (1 rescuer)	30:2 (1 reso	cuer)	stop to ventilate		
CCC=continuous chest comp.						
AED - Continue compressions	Use AED ASAP, adult pads. Do	Use AED ASAP. Use	Manual defib is preferred.			
while pads are applied and	not use child pads/child system.	pediatric pads/ system for 1-8	If PM not available, AED	N/A		
while AED is charging (~15 secs	(same witnessed or unwitnessed)	years. If not available, use	w/ped pads/system ASAP.			
= 30 CC) AED ASAP		adult pads.	If neither, use adult pads			
AIRWAY	Jaw Thrust to open airway when	never possible with 2 rescuers,		ate inline position.		
Minimize CC interruptions.	especially trauma patients. (If jaw	thrust not successful, head tilt-	Padding under should	lers may be helpful if available.		
Stop CC 1 st ventilation only.	chin	lift)				
Breaths/Ventilations:						
Adult is same for secured or	1 breath ~ 1 second	2 breaths at 1 se (Start with compressions)		1 second/breath		
unsecured airway (10:1)	(Start with compressions					
	followed by 1 breath every 6			30 to 60 breaths/min (approx.)		
Ventilate on recoil/decompress	secs. /10 compressions)	DO NOT OVER Stop ventilation once you see cl		Stop w/chest rise		
unless advanced airway.						
D (1 (9) (1	DO NOT OVER VENTILATE	0.101 4 / :				
Do not hyperventilate!	Stop ventilation once you see	Pediatric with advanced air		(stop to ventilate w/o		
a, addet and	chest rise or per manometer .	(approx. 1 breath e	every 6 seconds)	advanced airway)		
Stop CC 1st ventilation only.	0.101	20.201	de e / ce to	davancea an way)		
Rescue breathing w/o chest	8-10 breaths/min.	20-30 breat				
compressions when pulse	(Approximately 1 breath every	(Approximately 1 breat	n every 2-3 seconds)			
present: Avoid excessive ventilations.	6 seconds)					
	Considera Di Ali I i i i	Alamanta Catan dina and in a	C 5 D 1 1 1 7	C. 5 Deale dans 15 1 cd		
Foreign-body airway	Conscious Pts Abdominal		C – 5 Back slaps and 5	C – 5 Back slaps and 5 chest thrusts UC CPR w/FBAO √		
obstruction (No blind finger	UnConscious Pts CPR w/F		chest thrusts	UC CPK W/FBAO V		
sweeps on any patient.)		Revised 5-2024 (DOH	UC CPR w/FBAO √			

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PRINT NAME				DIS		Date: / /					
tre	atment for <u>Cardiac</u>		providers, BLS/ALS as outlined in curre					mon	strate	asses	sment and
	PE / SAFETY										
_	Gloves		☐ Eye Protection						afety		
C	OMPRESSION PE	RSON(S) AT PT'S RIGHT SI	DE (+	ADDITIONAL	MANE	OW	ER F	OR C	PR TRA	JN)
	Confirm:		se check re than 10 sec.)		Verbally co compressio					proper eathing	technique
	Move patient to o		Switches ev	ery 2	minu	tes (< 5 se	econds)		
	Remove clothing	to start.			Femoral Pu				_		
	☐ Immediately begins chest compressions (CC) with rate of 100-120 per minute (+ metronome)				operator or Proper "H(_		maers.	
 □ Analyze as soon as possible. □ Compressions during AED charging for 15 secs ~ 30 CC. 			1-	□ *Proper hand placement (center of chest)							
				□ *Compress chest 2-2.4 inches (50-60mm) □ *Allow complete recoil between compressions							
ш	•		0 0		*Allow com	plete re	ecoil	betv			ssions
	•			- 1	*Allow com per feedback				veen o	compre	
	15 secs ~ 30 CC Resume CC imm	ediately		* (per feedback	devic	e) if	avail	veen o	compre	
DE	15 secs ~ 30 CC. Resume CC imm	ediately I (POSIT	after shock attempt	* (F ONI	per feedback	devic	e) if	avail	veen d	compre during t	raining
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BLS/ALS Revised 5-2024 (DOH)