PROPOSED INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL NETWORK

GLOBAL EDUCATIONAL COMMUNICATION

INTRODUCTION

- Network developments in Europe, US, Canada, Australia & New Zealand
- Repositories in China, India & South Africa
- PESC Global Institution Code
- Standard Communication \rightarrow Large Scale Adoption

CHALLENGES

- Separate Trading Partner Agreements Required
- Unique Institution Lists Required
- Differences in Trading Relationships

CURRENT STATE

- Regional Networks
 - Erasmus w/o Paper (EWP) Europe
 - EMREX Europe
 - EdExchange US & Canada
 - My eQuals Australia & New Zealand

• National Repositories

- CHESICC (China Higher Education Student Information and Career Center) China
- CDSL (Central Depository Services Limited) India
- NLRD (National Learners' Records Database) South Africa
- PESC Global Institution Code

SOLUTION

- Standard Communication Protocol
- Global Trading Partner Directory
- Student Authorization
- Request & Response Capability
- National Repositories
- Regional Networks (Peer-to-Peer / Hub & Spoke)

SOLUTION

- Network Enablement
- Message Agnostic
- Handle Documents & Data
- Security
- Trading Partner Relationships
- Consortium / Task Force



CONCLUSION

- International educational communication needs standards, a global list of institutions and a global directory.
- Recent developments in regional networks, national repositories and a global institution list make this the right time to begin.
- Foster student mobility
- Faster "time to market"
- Consistent communications
- Large scale adoption.

FINALLY

•We need to establish a shared vision of global communication so that we, as a community, can move forward in a common direction.