





About Virginia Energy and the Virginia Solar Initiative

- VA Department of Energy rebranded from the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy (DMME) on October 1, 2021
 - Stronger focus on clean energy and economic development
 - Worker safety and the environment remain priorities
- Virginia Solar Initiative established at the UVA Weldon Cooper Center in 2019
 - Goals to reduce policy uncertainty, promote informed decisionmaking, and deliver technical assistance
 - Work includes research, outreach, resources, surveys, and education













Outline for Today's Presentation

- -Solar Development Trends
- -Virginia Policy Context
- -Development and Permitting

Considerations

- -Resources
- -Q&A

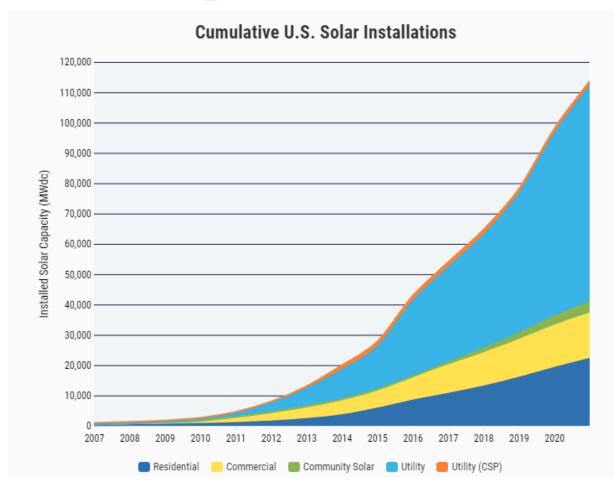




Solar Development Trends



Exponential Growth in Solar Installations-U.S.



Source: https://www.seia.org/research-resources/major-solar-projects-list

Factors:

- Increased market demand
 - Data centers
 - Corporate mandates
- Declining cost of solar PV
 - Hardware and soft costs
- Favorable policy environment
 - Federal and State
 - Ex: Solar Investment Tax Credit

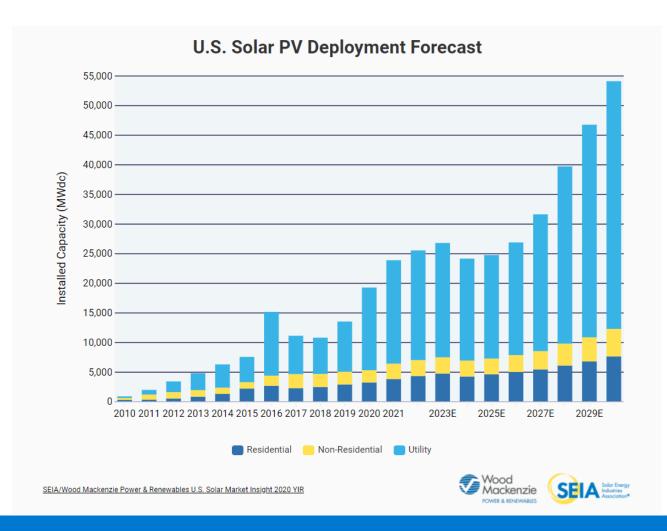
Benefits:

- Clean, renewable energy
- Economic development and job creation
- Storage and Resiliency
- Fixed price, cost effective





Solar PV Forecast



Factors:

- Technological advances
- Low cost, clean energy
- Carbon reduction policies
- Increased energy demands
 - Data centers
 - o Business RPS
 - Transportation, EV
 - Electrification of...
- Energy Storage



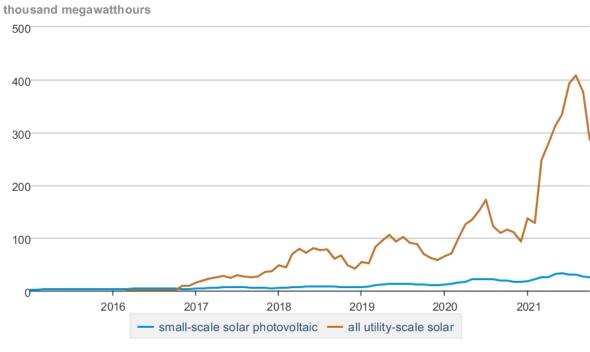


Utility-Scale Solar In Virginia

- 49 operational facilities (over 5 MW capacity)
 - Range in size up to 500 MW
 - Disturbs ~ 8-10 acres of land per MW
- Permitted by SCC or DEQ at state level
- Localities have major role through local land use regulations and permitting



Net generation, Virginia, all sectors, monthly



Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

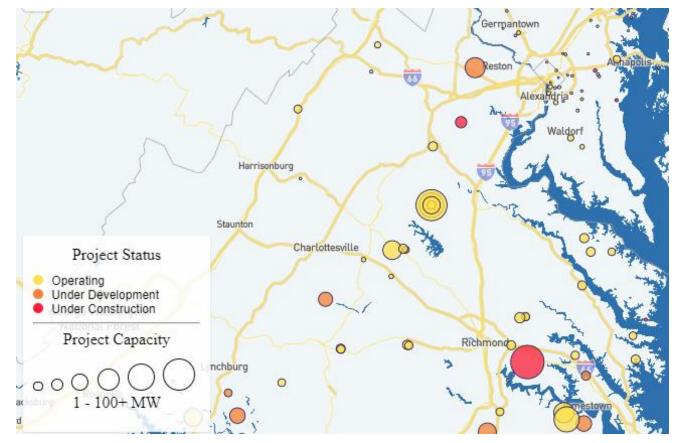




Local Projects

Westmoreland County

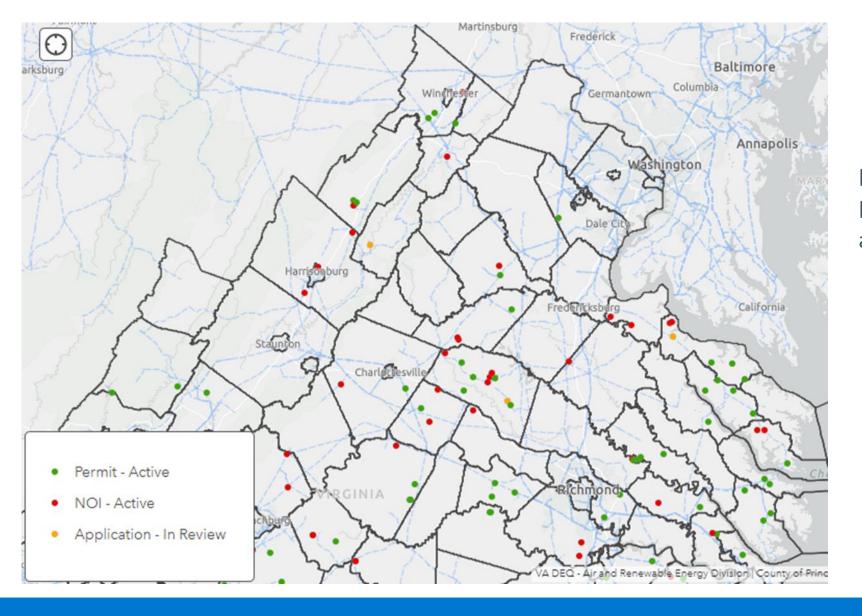
- Montross Solar (20 MW)
 - Facebook
- Gardy's Mill Solar (14 MW)
 - Visa Data Center
- Woodbine Rd. Solar (20 MW)
 - Dominion Customers
- Fauquier County
 - Remington Solar (20 MW)
 - Commonwealth of Virginia
- Prince William, King George, and Loudoun Counties have seen projects proposed



Source: https://www.seia.org/research-resources/major-solar-projects-list







Project Pipeline

DEQ: Notices of Intent and Permit By Rule permits,

as of October 22, 2021:

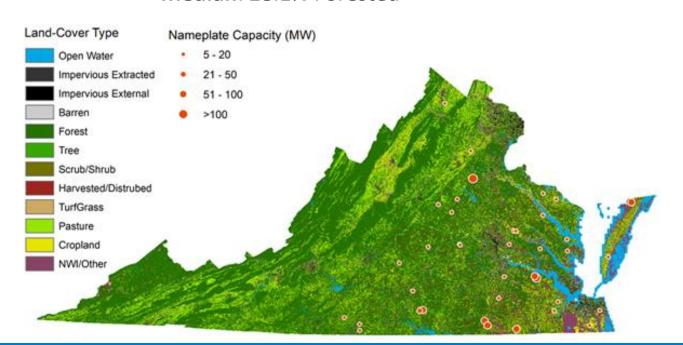
	NOIs	PBRs
2014	1	0
2015	2	1
2016	6	6
2017	11	8
2018	11	11
2019	11	15
2020	18	13
2021	10	9





Land Use Analysis & Trends

- Virginia Land Cover Dataset (2015)
- 58% of all land impacted by utility-scale solar facilities through 2020 was forested*
 - Largest facilities have been more heavily forested
 - Most facilities have not been built on forested land
 - O Median: 28.1% Forested











Gardy's Mill Solar 14 MW Westmoreland County





Montross Solar 20 MW Westmoreland County





Remington Solar 20 MW

Fauquier County







Virginia Policy Context



Virginia Clean Economy Act - 2020

- Dominion Energy and Appalachian Power to retire carbonemitting sources by midcentury
- Establishes mandatory Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS): 100% clean energy sources by 2050:
 - Dominion: 40% by 2030; 100% by 2045
 - APCo: 30% by 2030; 100% by 2050
 - Requires at least 1 RFP per year from Dominion and APCo
- Deems in the public interest:
 - 16,100 MW of solar and onshore wind
 - 100 MW rooftop
 - 2,700 MW of energy storage
 - 5,200 MW of offshore wind







Virginia Clean Economy Progress Dashboard









Policies That Adds Tools for Localities

- Local Tax Exemption; Solar Energy Equipment (§58.1-3660)
 - Updates Machinery & Tools tax exemption policy to a stepdown: 80% the first 5 years,
 70% the next 5, 60% all remaining years in service
 - Note: §58.1-3661 allows local tax exemption, can be used to incentivize DG and more
- Revenue Share for Solar Energy Projects (§58.1-2636 and 58.1-3660)
 - Locality may adopt by ordinance a revenue share policy to assess a revenue share of up to \$1400 per MW of nameplate capacity of any solar project greater than 5 MW
 - In 2021 a provision was added that the max revenue share a locality can impose shall increase 10% eff July 1, 2026 and every 5 years thereafter
- National Standards for Solar Energy Projects (§15.2-2286 A 13)
 - Allows a locality to incorporate into its zoning ordinance generally accepted national standards for solar PV and battery storage equipment







Tools for Localities, cont.

- Special Exemption for Solar PV Projects (§ 15.2-2288.8)
 - Allows conditions that require dedications of real property of substantial value to the locality or substantial cash payments for or construction of substantial public improvements. Condition should be reasonably related to the project.
- Siting Agreement with Host Locality (§15.2-2316.6 15.2-2316.9)
 - Allows localities to negotiate siting agreements that may include terms and conditions such as:
 - (i) mitigation of any impacts of such solar facility
 - (ii) financial compensation to address the locality's capital needs as set out in the locality's capital improvement plan, its current fiscal budget or its fiscal funds balance policy; or
 - (iii) assistance with deploying broadband in the locality.









Development and Permitting Considerations





Land-Use Considerations for Development of Utility-Scale Solar

- Future Land Use
- Agriculture, Forestry
- Residential Use
- Industrial Zoned Land
- Location
- Transmission Line Proximity
- Visual Impacts
- Decommissioning

- Wildlife Corridors
- Stormwater, Erosion, Sediment
- Cultural, Hist., Env. Resources
- Financial Incentives
- Employment (Short/Long-Term)
- Fiscal Impacts
- Property Values; Taxation
- Storage safety preparedness

Typical Permitting for Utility Scale

- Interconnection, Studies and Approval Process
 - Developer submits request for interconnection studies/approval to PJM (regional transmission organization), and/or SCC
 - Lengthy and involved process (years); likely started prior to local and state approvals
- Local Approval, "Local Certification"
 - Land Use and/or Zoning approval (public, stakeholder input)
 - State code 15.2-2232 requires substantial accord with comp plan; but localities may waive "2232" requirement
 - Started, if not completed, prior to state review.
- State Notification, Review, and Approval
 - DEQ Permit By Rule ("PBR") application (<150 MW), or SCC process (>150 MW)
 - PBR- Reviews proposed project to ensure potential significant impacts to cultural or threatened and endangered species are avoided or mitigated
 - Requires local certification for a complete application





State Permitting: Permit By Rule

Administered by Virginia Dept of Environmental Quality (9VAC15-60-30)

There are 15 Components of Permit By Rule:

- Notice of Intent to DEQ
- Local government certification
- Interconnection Studies/Final Interconnection Agreement
- Certification project does not exceed 150 MW
- Cultural, wildlife, natural heritage resource assessments
 - in consult w/ DHR, DWR, DCR
 - Coastal aviation protection zone analysis

- Mitigation Plan
- Operating Plan
- Site map, context map with engineer certification
- Certification of application for environmental permits
- 30-day public comment period
 - public meeting and resulting report
- Fee

DEQ must make determination within 90 days of receipt of all required documentation.





Planning for Solar Locally

Comprehensive Plan

- Land Use Plan, Energy Plan, Economic Development Plan, Sustainability goals, Climate Change or Resiliency goals
- Impact analysis studies
- Master Plans or Policies adopted by reference

Codes and Ordinances

- Zoning Code, Site Plan Ordinance, Building Code, E&S Program and Regulations
- Tax Code- M&T/Real Estate Tax, Revenue Share, Local tax option on solar equipment

Project Specific/Agreements

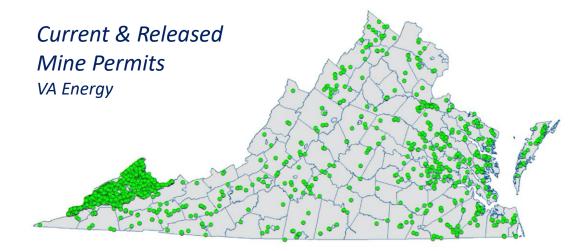
- Negotiated siting agreement
- Conditions
- Operating and Maintenance Plan
- Decommissioning Plan





Planning for Solar Locally: Development Strategies

- Previously disturbed lands
 - Abandoned Mine Lands
 - Brownfields
- Wildlife-friendly design elements
- Livestock grazing
- Low impact development
 - Vegetative ground cover
 - Pollinator-friendly planting
 - o DCR's Virginia Pollinator Smart Program
 - Agrivoltaics
- Erosion and sediment control













Resources



Statewide Solar Survey





with input from the following organizations:



















Statewide Solar Survey: Results from the Potomac Watershed

- All localities reported they have already or are considering updating their solar policies and regulations
- Decommissioning and agricultural impacts emerged as top priorities related to siting and development
- All localities reported they have a process to allow utility-scale solar facilities through a conditional use permit
- One locality reported to have negotiated a siting agreement
- One locality reported to have adopted a revenue share ordinance
- Three localities reported they have had utility scale energy storage projects proposed or planned





SolSmart Technical Assistance

- National designation program to recognize localities for encouraging solar energy growth at DG and utility scales
 - Funded by DOE Solar Energies
 Technology Office and The Solar
 Foundation
 - Focus on reviewing and improving the planning and zoning regulations and processes for all scales of solar
- VA Energy partnered with UVA to offer nocost technical assistance to Virginia localities
- LOCALITIES may request consultations here









Eight SW Virginia communities receive SolSmart designation (2019)

Photo credit: Chelsea Barnes, Appalachian Voices





Virginia SolTax Model

https://solar-tax-webapp.herokuapp.com/

Project Parameters

Parameter	Value	
User	carrie.hearne@dmme.virginia.gov	
Discount Rate	6%	
Revenue Share Rate	\$1,400 /MW	
Real Property Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value	\$0.87	
M&T Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value	\$0.30	
Total Capitalized Investment	\$100,000,000	
Initial Year	2022	
Project Size	125 MW	
Total Land Acreage	1,500 acres	
Inside Fence Acreage	875 acres	
Base Land Value	\$1,000 /acre	
Inside the Fence Land Value	\$10,000 /acre	
Outside the Fence Land Value	\$1,000 /acre	

Total expected lifetime revenue

(In 2020 \$, discounted at 6% per year):

Revenue Share	\$2,913,000
M&T/Real Estate Tax	\$2,441,000
Increase from Revenue Share	\$472,000

Lineplot of Nominal Cashflows through 2050





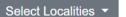


Local Policy Examples

- Inventory of local policy examples:
 - Revenue Sharing Ordinances
 - Local Solar Property
 Tax Exemptions

Virginia Solar Energy Revenue Share Inventory

Search for Locality...



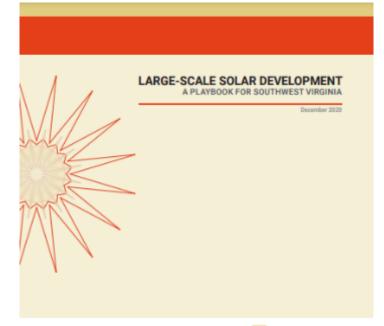
Locality	Date Adopted	Rate Adopted (\$/MW)	Link to Ordinance	Other Relevant Links
Buckingham County	10/12/2021	1400	Link to Ordinance	
Charlotte County	2/8/2021	1400	Link to Ordinance	
Cumberland County	9/14/2021	1400	<u>Link to Ordinance</u>	
Greensville County	12/21/2020	1400	Link to Ordinance	Greensville County December 21, 2020 Borad of Supervisors Minutes
Lancaster County	6/24/2021	1400	Link to Ordinance	<u>Lancaster County June 24, 2021 Board of</u> <u>Supervisors Minutes</u>
Lunenburg County	6/10/2021	1400	Link to Ordinance	





Solar Playbook for Large Scale Solar

- Detailed, step-by-step guide for how municipalities and counties can encourage utility-scale or commercial solar projects
- An overview of the state and local permitting process for solar projects
- Information on local tax revenue options and financing incentives
- Specific information on redevelopment of brownfields and previously mined lands for solar in SW VA.







swvasolar.org/swva-solar-playbook





