

## DISCLAIMERS

The OCTAE College and Career Readiness Standards document below contains links to other websites, all of which are revised from time to time. *Laurens County Adult Education is neither responsible for the content of these links nor the current availability of the links.*

Some of the online links may take the teacher to a Common Core website that offers free worksheets. The teacher should always vet the worksheet before assigning it to students. Anyone who follows the news or social media has seen ridiculous Common Core math problems on worksheets that elementary school teachers have sent home with students for homework. Examine all worksheets closely to see that they will be effective for adult students before you decide to print and use them.

These documents are not perfect. They are merely intended to give the teacher a starting point for each standard.

Please send any corrections that need to be addressed to Anita Wilson at [awilson@laurens55.org](mailto:awilson@laurens55.org).

Constructive feedback is also welcomed.

## Using the College and Career Readiness Standards Documents

1. Every document is formatted so that each standard is presented on exactly one page. Because of this formatting, the print size will differ from page to page depending on the length of the standard or the number of print or online resources aligned with the standard. Font sizes will range from 9 to 12, with most being either 10 or 11.
2. The list of print resources is merely a starting point. Included are the most commonly used books here at Laurens County Adult Education for the 2014 series GED® tests. Other resources include the Contemporary books, the Steck-Vaughn GED books, the Number Power series, etc., that were used for the 2002 series GED® tests. All of the Laurens County Adult Education sites will have some, but perhaps not all, of those additional resources since books have disappeared over the years and the older books have not been replaced. Some of the print resources are closely aligned, but many may be loosely aligned.
3. The list of online resources is also merely a starting point. As with print resources, some online resources are better than others. The teacher should always vet a website before sending students to that website. Khan Academy (Mathematics) and Learnzillion often include videos to explain the standard. Note that the links included in each document will take the teacher to a “home page” for each standard. Khan Academy, for example, may have several links under each standard, and when the teacher clicks on each link, the teacher will find several lessons to address the standard. Feel free to explore each website to determine lessons that best suit individual students.
4. The reading level for some of the print resources may be above the reading level of some of the students in your class who are on the Beginning ABE Level. The teacher may find the print resources useful for generating ideas for lessons for weaker readers.

5. The iPad resources mostly include the “Maths” app by Your Teacher. There is a “Fraction Math” app that can be useful for the low intermediate student.

For example, the directions on the iPad resources may look something like this:

**Maths app >> Pre-Algebra >> Chapter 3: Fractions >> Multiples and Least Common Multiple**

To reach this lesson, tap the “Maths App” folder at the bottom of the iPad. Then tap on “Maths.” The home screen offers four courses (Pre-Algebra, Algebra 1, Geometry, and Algebra 2). Select “Pre-Algebra.” Then select “Chapter 3: Fractions.” The screen will open up to give you multiple topics. Select “Multiples and Least Common Multiple.”

The Fraction Math app opens up with a menu of five selections (Settings, Set, New, Terms, and Tip). Start with “Settings.” A new menu opens up to let the teacher select addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, or any combination of the four operations by sliding the button beside each symbol. The teacher may then determine whether to allow only the same denominators, allow whole numbers, allow mixed numbers, allow negative numbers, or allow big numbers (greater than 12). Each lesson can be customized to fit the individual student's needs.

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Understand place value**

**Standard 2.NBT.1** Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones. Understand the following as special cases:

- a. 100 can be thought of as a bundle of ten tens – called a “hundred.”
- b. The numbers 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 refer to one, two, three four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and 0 tens and 0 ones).

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding place values of ones and tens

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Numbers and Operations >> #1, Place Value

**Print resources**

- 1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 14 – 17
- 2. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, p. 18
- 3. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics Level 1, pp. 43 – 47

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.A.1>

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.A.1a>

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.A.1b>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/747-understand-three-digit-place-value-by-counting-grouping-and-using-base-ten-blocks>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/388-understand-three-digit-place-value-by-drawing-and-modeling>

<https://quizlet.com/26877086/place-value-3-digit-numbers-session-2-flash-cards/>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Place values, M.1, M.2, M.4, and M.5

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/2.NBT.A.1>

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Understand place value**

**Standard 2.NBT.2** Count within 1000; skip-count by 5s, 10s, and 100s.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding place value and being able to compute mentally

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Numbers and Operations >> #5, Skip Count**

**Print resources**

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, pp. 15 – 25 (includes counting by 5s, 10s, and 12s, but not 100s)

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.A.2>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/389-understand-skip-counting-and-its-connection-to-repeated-addition-and-number-patterns>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/570-use-patterns-and-strategies-to-skip-count-within-1-000>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Counting and number patterns, A.1, A.2, and A.3

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/NBT/A/2>

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Understand place value.**

**Standard 2.NBT.3** Read and write numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.

**Background knowledge needed**

Being able to read numbers in words as opposed to symbols  
Understanding place value in order to write expanded form of numbers

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Numbers and Operations >> #6, Expanded Form**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, p. 6
2. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, p. 10
3. Contemporary’s Number Power 1, p. 10 (numbers go above 1000 in places)
4. Contemporary’s Math Skills That Work, Book 1, pp. 4 – 5

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.A.3>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/726-read-and-write-numbers-to-1000>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/720-read-and-write-numbers-to-1-000>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Names of numbers, C.4

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/NBT/A/3>

**Numbers and Operations: Base Ten**

**Understand place value.**

**Standard 2.NBT.4** Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens, and ones digits, using  $>$ ,  $=$ , and  $<$  symbols to record the results of comparisons.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the concepts of “greater than” using the  $>$  symbol, “less than” using the  $<$  symbol, and “equal” using the  $=$  symbol  
Understanding place value

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Numbers and Operations >> #7, Compare Numbers  $>$ ,  $<$ , and  $=$**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, p. 19
2. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workplace: Whole Numbers, p. 13
3. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, pp. 46 – 55

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.A.4>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/719-compare-two-3-digit-numbers-and-record-the-results>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Comparing and ordering, B.1

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/NBT/A/4>

**Numbers and Operations: Base Ten**

**Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.**

**Standard 2.NBT.6** Add up to four two-digit numbers using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.

**Background knowledge needed**

Knowing basic addition facts (use flash cards, if needed)  
Understanding the concepts of place value and "carrying" to the next place

**iPad resources**

**Open "iTooch Apps" folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Numbers and Operations >> #10, Add 2-Digit Numbers**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, pp. 8 -11 (Focus only on 2-digit numbers)
2. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 32 – 36 (Focus only on 2-digit numbers)
3. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, pp. 34 – 35
4. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, pp. 109 – 111

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.B.6>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/760-add-two-digit-numbers-by-decomposing-numbers-and-making-tens>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/591-add-up-to-four-two-digit-numbers-using-place-value-and-properties-of-operations>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Addition – two digits, G.1 – G.5

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/NBT/B/6>



**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

**Standard 2.NBT.7** Add and subtract within 1000, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method. Understand that in adding or subtracting three-digit numbers, one adds or subtracts hundreds and hundreds, tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose or decompose tens or hundreds.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding addition and subtraction facts (use flash cards as needed)  
Understanding the concepts of “carrying” for addition and “borrowing” for subtraction

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Numbers and Operations >> #11, Tens and Ones to 1000

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, Units 1 and 2
2. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, Unit 2
3. Contemporary’s Number Power 1, chapters on Addition and Subtraction
4. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), pp. 42 – 43
5. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, chapters on Addition and Subtraction

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.B.7>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/479-use-models-and-drawing-strategies-to-add-and-subtract-within-1000>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/394-add-and-subtract-within-1000>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Addition – three digits, I.1 – I.3;  
Subtraction – three digits, J.1 – J.3

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/2.NBT.B.7>

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.**

**Standard 2.NBT.8** Mentally add 10 or 100 to a given number 100 – 900, and mentally subtract 10 or 100 from a given number 100 – 900.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding place value  
Knowing how to add and subtract mentally

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Numbers and Operations >> #12, 100 Less, 100 More

**Print resources**

**NONE**

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.B.8>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/722-add-or-subtract-10-from-a-number-within-1000>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/721-mentally-add-or-subtract-10-or-100-from-a-number-within-1000>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/482-mentally-add-and-subtract-10-or-100>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Addition – two digits, G.1; Addition – three digits, I.1; Subtraction – two digits, H.1; Subtraction – three digits, J.1

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/2.NBT.B.8>

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.**

**Standard 2.NBT.9 Explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the relationship between addition and subtraction as inverse operations  
Knowing that addition is commutative but subtraction is not

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Operations >> #9, Relate Addition and Subtraction; also, #10, Think Addition to Subtraction**

**Print resources**

**NONE**

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-NBT#2.NBT.B.9>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/526-explain-addition-and-subtraction-strategies>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/377-explain-addition-and-subtraction-strategies>

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/2.NBT.B.9>

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Use place value understanding and the properties of operations to add and subtract.**

**Standard 3.NBT.1 Use place value understanding to round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding place value and rounding rules

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Numbers and Operations >> #3, Rounding Numbers**

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's Number Power 1, p. 11
2. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 7
3. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, p. 23
4. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce, pp. 20 – 21

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NBT#3.NBT.A.1>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/370-round-whole-numbers-to-the-nearest-10-or-100>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Estimation and rounding, L.1

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/NBT/A/1/tasks/1805>

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Use place value understanding and the properties of operations to add and subtract.**

**Standard 3.NBT.2** Fluently add and subtract within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding addition and subtraction algorithms (e.g., always starting from the right and working back to the left for “carrying” and “borrowing”)

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Numbers and Operations >> #4, Addition, Multi-digit to 1000 and #5, Subtraction, Multi-digit from 1000**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, Unit 1, Lesson 2
2. Contemporary’s Number Power 1, lessons on Addition and Subtraction
3. Building Skills with TABE, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Level E, lessons on Addition and Subtraction
4. TABE Fundamentals, Level M, Lessons 1 – 4
5. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, chapters on Addition and Subtraction

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NBT#3.NBT.A.2>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/324-adding-and-subtracting-within-1-000>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/77-addition-and-subtraction>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/59-solve-addition-and-subtraction-word-problems>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Addition, C.1 – C.16; Subtraction, D.1 – D.9

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/NBT/A/2>

**Number and Operations: Base Ten**

**Use place value understanding and the properties of operations to add and subtract.**

**Standard 3.NBT.3 Multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10 – 90 (e.g.,  $9 \times 80$ ,  $5 \times 60$ ) using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Knowing multiplication tables up to  $9 \times 9$   
Knowing multiples of 10

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Numbers and Operations >> #6, Multiplying Whole Numbers (may be aligned to standard, but may contain other factors besides multiples of 10)**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 25

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NBT#3.NBT.A.3>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/566-multiply-one-digit-whole-numbers-by-multiples-of-10>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/78-multiply-and-divide-1-digit-numbers>  
(multiplication lessons only)

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Multiplication – skill builders, F.11

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/NBT/A/3>

**Number and Operations: Fractions**

**Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.**

**Standard 3.NF.1** Understand a fraction  $1/b$  as the quantity formed by 1 part when a whole is partitioned into  $b$  equal parts; understand a fraction  $a/b$  as the quantity formed by  $a$  parts of size  $1/b$ .

**Background knowledge needed**

Being able to understand visually how one whole is partitioned into equal parts

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Fractions, Decimals, and Money >> #1, Introduction to Fractions**

**Print resources**

1. Common Core Basics Mathematics, Lesson 3.1
2. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics, Unit 1, Lesson 5
3. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 118 – 119
4. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, Unit 2, Lesson 5
5. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 40
6. Contemporary’s Number Power 2, p. 11
7. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workplace 2, p. 11
8. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics Level 2, pp. 190 – 198

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.1>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/89-understand-a-fraction-1-b-as-part-of-a-whole-partitioned-into-b-equal-parts>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/79-understand-fractions>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Understand fractions, S.1 – S.5

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/NF/A/1>

**Number and Operations: Fractions**

Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.

**Standard 3.NF.2** Understand a fraction as a number on the number line; represent fractions on a number line diagram.

**3.NF.2a** Represent a fraction  $1/b$  on a number line diagram by defining the interval from 0 to 1 as the whole and partitioning it into  $b$  equal parts. Recognize that each part has size  $1/b$  and that the endpoint of the part based at 0 locates the number  $1/b$  on the number line.

**3.NF.2b** Represent a fraction  $a/b$  on a number line diagram by marking off a length  $a/b$  from 0. Recognize that the resulting interval has size  $a/b$  and that its endpoint locates the number  $a/b$  on the number line.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the number line  
Understanding that, the larger the denominator, the smaller the portion into which the whole has been divided (therefore, the smaller the fraction)

**iPad resources**

NONE

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce 2, pp. 29 – 30
2. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, pp. 80 – 81
3. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, p. 5

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.2>

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.2a>

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.2b>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/334-represent-fractions-on-a-number-line>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/80-fractions-on-number-lines>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Understand fractions, S.9 – S.14

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.NF.A.2>



**Number and Operations: Fractions**

**Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.**

**Standard 3.NF.3** Explain equivalence of fractions in special cases, and compare fractions by reasoning about their size.

**Background knowledge needed**

Being able to see visually how whole amounts of equal size can be divided into equal amounts (e.g.,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{2}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{6}$ , etc.)

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Fractions, Decimals, and Money >> #5, Equivalent Fractions**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, p. 120
2. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 42
3. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 2, pp. 204 - 207

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.3>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/335-understand-equivalent-fractions>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Equivalent fractions, T.4 – T.6

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.NF.A.3>

**Number and Operations: Fractions**

**Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.**

**Standard 3.NF.3a** Understand two fractions as equivalent (equal) if they are the same size, or the same point on a number line.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the number line  
Understanding the markings on a ruler that show equal amounts

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Fractions, Decimals, and Money >> #5, Equivalent Fractions**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Fractions, p. 24
2. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, p. 76
3. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, p. 120

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.3a>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/335-understand-equivalent-fractions>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Equivalent fractions, T.1 – T.3

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.NF.A.3>

**Number and Operations: Fractions**

**Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.**

**Standard 3.NF.3b** Recognize and generate simple equivalent fractions, e.g.,  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$ . Explain why the fractions are equivalent, e.g., by using a visual fraction model.

**Background knowledge needed**

Being able to shade equal amounts on a visual model

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Fractions, Decimals, and Money >> #5, Equivalent Fractions**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 121 – 122
2. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, pp. 77 – 78
3. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Fractions, pp. 15-16, 19 – 20
4. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 43
5. Contemporary's Number Power 2, pp. 15 – 18

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.3b>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/222-recognize-and-generate-simple-equivalent-fractions>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/335-understand-equivalent-fractions>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Equivalent fractions, T.6 and T.9

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.NF.A.3>

**Number and Operations: Fractions**

**Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.**

**Standard 3.NF.3c** Express whole numbers as fractions, and recognize fractions that are equivalent to whole numbers. Examples: Express 3 in the form  $3 = 3/1$ ; recognize that  $6/1 = 6$ ; location  $4/4$  and 1 at the same point of a number line diagram.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the number line  
Understanding visual models

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

**NONE**

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.3c>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/335-understand-equivalent-fractions>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Equivalent fractions, T.4, T.7 and T.8

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.NF.A.3>

**Number and Operations: Fractions**

**Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.**

**Standard 3.NF.3d** Compare two fractions with the same numerator or the same denominator by reasoning about their size. Recognize that comparisons are valid only when the two fractions refer to the same whole. Record the results of comparisons with the symbols  $>$ ,  $=$ , or  $<$ , and justify the conclusions, e.g., by using a visual fraction model.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding that, the larger the denominator, the smaller the fraction when comparing fractions with the same numerator but different denominators

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Fractions, Decimals, and Money >> #4, Ordering and Comparing Fractions 1, and #6, Ordering and Comparing Fractions 2**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 44
2. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Fractions, pp. 23 – 24
3. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, p. 79

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-NF#3.NF.A.3d>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/337-compare-fractions-with-the-same-numerator-or-the-same-denominator>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/337-compare-fractions-with-the-same-numerator-or-the-same-denominator>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Compare fractions, U.1 – U.5, U.10, U.11

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.NF.A.3>

**Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.**

**Standard 2.OA.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding how to translate from words to symbols to know when to add and when to subtract

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #12, Equations**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 40 – 41, 52 – 53
2. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, lessons on Addition and Subtraction have word problems scattered throughout the lessons
3. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workplace: Whole Numbers, lessons in Units 2 and 3 have word problems scattered throughout the lessons
4. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, pp. 18 – 19
5. Contemporary’s Number Power 1, pp. 27 – 30, 52 – 56

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-OA>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/727-add-and-subtract-within-100-to-solve-word-problems>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/607-solve-addition-and-subtraction-word-problems-by-drawing-models>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Addition – three digits, I.4; Subtractions – three digits, J.4; Mixed operations, L.9 (See also addition and subtraction word problems for one digit and two digits)

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/OA/A/1>

**Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Add and subtract within 20.**

**Standard 2.OA.2 Fluently add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. Know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Memorization of addition facts up to  $9 + 9$

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Elementary >> Math Grade 2 >> Operations >> #14, Sums and Differences to 20**

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's Number Power 1, pp. 15 and 35
2. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, pp. 5 and 12
3. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workplace: Whole Numbers, pp. 29 and 55
4. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 29 and 42

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-OA#2.OA.B.2>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/728-add-and-subtract-within-20>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/592-use-mental-strategies-to-add-and-subtract-within-20>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Addition – one digit, E.5 – E.7

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/OA/B/2>

**Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division.**

**Standard 3.OA.1** Interpret products of whole numbers, e.g., interpret  $5 \times 7$  as the total number of objects in 5 groups of 7 objects each. For example, describe a context in which a total number of objects can be expressed as  $5 \times 7$ .

**Background knowledge needed**

Counting and addition strategies

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #6, Multiplying Whole Numbers**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 60 – 61 loosely aligns with this standard
2. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, pp. 20 – 21
3. Contemporary’s Number Power 1, p. 65 (the multiplication table)
4. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, pp. 209 - 210

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.A.1>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/395-interpret-products-of-whole-numbers-using-pictures-arrays-and-number-lines>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/379-interpret-products-of-whole-numbers-and-model-multiplication-using-arrays-pictures-and-equations>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/273-interpret-products-of-whole-numbers>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/60-solve-real-world-multiplication-problems>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Multiplication, E.1

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.OA.A.1>



## Operations and Algebraic Thinking

Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division.

**Standard 3.OA.2** Interpret whole-number quotients of whole numbers, e.g., interpret  $56 \div 8$  as the number of objects in each share when 56 objects are partitioned equally into 8 shares, or as a number of shares when 56 objects are partitioned into equal shares of 8 objects each. For example, describe a context in which a number of shares or a number of groups can be expressed as  $56 \div 8$ .

### **Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the concept of dividing a whole into equal parts

### **iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #9, Dividing Whole Numbers

### **Print resources**

(These resources are very loosely aligned to this standard.)

1. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 27
2. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, p. 124
3. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 70 -71
4. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, pp. 288 - 290

### **Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.A.2>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/299-interpreting-whole-number-quotients-of-whole-numbers>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/91-interpret-whole-number-quotients-of-whole-numbers>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Division, G.1 – G.4

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/OA/A/2>

## Operations and Algebraic Thinking

Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division.

**Standard 3.OA.3** Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems in situations involving equal groups, arrays, and measurement quantities, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

### **Background knowledge needed**

Understanding arrays and dividing amounts into equal groups

### **iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #11, Problem Solving 1: Arrays; #12, Equations; #13, Problem Solving 2: Using a Variable

### **Print resources**

Though many of the print resources have multiplication and division word problems, the problems are not limited to multiplication and division within 100.

### **Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.A.3>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/611-solve-multiplication-and-division-word-problems>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/60-solve-real-world-multiplication-problems>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/58-understand-area-and-arrays>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Multiplication, E.3; Division, G.3

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/OA/A/3>

**Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division.**

**Standard 3.OA.4** Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation relating three whole numbers. For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in each of the equations  $8 \times ? = 48$ ;  $5 = \square \div 3$ ,  $6 \times 6 = ?$ .

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding multiplication facts and that division is the inverse operation of multiplication

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, pp. 87 and 125
2. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 61 and 71

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.A.4>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/304-determine-unknown-whole-numbers-in-multiplication-or-division-equations>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/61-use-properties-of-operations-and-fact-families-to-solve-word-problems>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Multiplication, E.4; Division, G.4

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/OA/A/4>

**Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Understand properties of multiplication and the relationship between multiplication and division.**

**Standard 3.OA.5 Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide.** Examples: If  $6 \times 4 = 24$  is known, then  $4 \times 6 = 24$  is also known. (Commutative property of multiplication)

$3 \times 5 \times 2$  can be found by  $3 \times 5 = 15$ , then  $15 \times 2 = 30$ , or by  $5 \times 2 = 10$ , then  $3 \times 10 = 30$ . (Associative property of multiplication)

Knowing that  $8 \times 5 = 40$  and  $8 \times 2 = 16$ , one can find  $8 \times 7$  as  $8 \times (5 + 2) = (8 \times 5) + (8 \times 2) = 40 + 16 = 56$  (Distributive property)

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding commutative, associative, and distributive properties

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #7, Properties of Multiplication**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), p. 59 (commutative and associative properties for addition and multiplication)
2. Common Core Basics Mathematics, p. 27 (commutative property of multiplication)
3. Contemporary's GED Mathematics, pp. 39 - 43

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.B.5>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/226-apply-properties-of-operations-as-strategies-to-multiply-and-divide>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Properties, J.5 – J.9

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.OA.B.5>

**Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Understand properties of multiplication and the relationship between multiplication and division.**

**Standard 3.OA.6** Understand division as an unknown-factor problem. For example, find  $32 \div 8$  by finding the number that makes 32 when multiplied by 8.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding multiplication facts and their relationship to division

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, p. 71 loosely aligns to this standard
2. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, p. 126
3. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 27
4. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, pp. 288 - 295

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.B.6>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/341-understand-division-as-unknown-factor-problems>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Division, G.13 – G.15

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/OA/B/6>

**Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Multiply and divide within 100.**

**Standard 3.OA.7** Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that  $8 \times 5 = 40$ , one knows that  $40 \div 5 = 8$ ) or properties of operations. Know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.

**Background knowledge needed**

Multiplication facts up to  $9 \times 9$

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #9, Dividing Whole Numbers, and #10, Multi-digit Division

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's Number Power, Book 1, pp. 90 – 92
2. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, pp. 27 – 28 (through row 9 on p. 28)
3. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, pp. 123 – 126
4. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 70 – 71
5. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1, pp. 296 - 326

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.C.7>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/396-multiply-and-divide-within-100>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/302-multiply-and-divide-within-100>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Multiplication - skill builders, F.1 – F.10; Division, G.1 and G.2

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/OA/C/7>

## Operations and Algebraic Thinking

Solve problems involving the four operations, and identify and explain patterns in mathematics.

**Standard 3.OA.8** Solve two-step word problems using the four operations. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding.

### **Background knowledge needed**

Understanding how to translate from words to symbols, knowing when to use addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division

### **iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #16, Problem Solving 3: Multi-step Problems

### **Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Building Strategies: Mathematics, pp. 52 – 53
2. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 1, p. 38 (will need to use a calculator)
3. Steck-Vaughn Math Skills for the Workforce: Whole Numbers, pp. 33, 59, 99, 132; also, Unit 6
4. Contemporary’s Number Power, Book 1, pp. 27, 52, 79, 111
5. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), pp. 46 – 47, 52 – 64 (will need to use calculator)

### **Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.D.8>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/318-solving-two-step-word-problems-including-those-with-unknown-quantities>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Mixed operations, I.8, I.9, and I.11

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/OA/D/8>

## Operations and Algebraic Thinking

Solve problems involving the four operations, and identify and explain patterns in mathematics.

**Standard 3.OA.9** Identify arithmetic patterns (including patterns in the addition table or multiplication table), and explain them using properties of operations.

*For example, observe that 4 times a number is always even, and explain why 4 times a number can be decomposed into two equal addends.*

### Background knowledge needed

Ability to recognize patterns visually and determine the next object or number in the sequence

### iPad resources

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Operations >> #14, Identifying Arithmetic Patterns

### Print resources

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 1 (entire document includes patterns)

### Online resources

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-OA#3.OA.D.9>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/258-identify-and-explain-arithmetic-patterns-using-properties-of-operations>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Properties, J.3, J.5, J.9, and J.10

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/OA/D/9>



**Geometry**

**Reason with shapes and their attributes.**

**Standard 2.G.1** Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces. Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.

**Background knowledge needed**

Knowledge of shapes having up to six sides (or faces)

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Geometry >> #1, Polygons**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics, Lesson 23 (defines triangles and parallelograms, but lesson is actually about applying formulas)
2. Common Core Basics Mathematics, Lesson 12.1 (introduces a few geometric figures)
3. Kaplan Big Book: Geometry, Lesson 1 (introduces a few geometric figures)
4. Contemporary's GED Mathematics, pp. 231 - 233

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-G#2.G.A.1>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/691-identify-triangles-quadrilaterals-pentagons-hexagons-and-cubes>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/641-draw-shapes-with-specified-attributes>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/630-identify-triangles-quadrilaterals-pentagons-hexagons-and-cubes>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/618-recognize-and-draw-shapes-with-specified-attributes>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Geometry, T.1 – T.6

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/G/A/1>

**Geometry**

**Reason with shapes and their attributes.**

**Standard 2.G.3** Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words *halves*, *thirds*, *half of*, *a third of*, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the concept of equal parts

**iPad resources**

NONE

**Print resources**

NONE

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-G#2.G.A.3>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/651-partition-circles-and-rectangles-into-two-three-or-four-equal-shares-not-necessarily-with-the-same-shape-describe-the-shares-using-fraction-vocabulary>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/579-partition-rectangles-and-circles-into-equal-shares>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Fractions, U.1 and U.2

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/G/A/3>

**Geometry**

**Reason with shapes and their attributes.**

**Standard 3.G.1** Understand that shapes in different categories (e.g., rhombuses, rectangles, and others) may share attributes (e.g., having four sides), and that the shared attributes can define a larger category (e.g., quadrilaterals). Recognize rhombuses, rectangles, and squares as examples of quadrilaterals, and draw examples of quadrilaterals that do not belong to any of these subcategories.

**Background knowledge needed**

Being able to distinguish between a square, a rectangle, a rhombus, and a trapezoid; being able to verbalize the common attributes of each

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> **Grade 3** >> **Math** >> **Geometry** >> **#2, Quadrilaterals**

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's GED Mathematics, pp. 231 - 233

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-G#3.G.A.1>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/694-understand-shape-categories-and-attributes>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/392-understand-shape-categories-and-attributes>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.1, R.2, and R.26

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/G/A/1>

**Geometry**

**Reason with shapes and their attributes.**

**Standard 3.G.2** Partition shapes into parts with equal areas. Express the area of each part as a unit fraction of the whole. For example, partition a shape into 4 parts with equal area, and describe the area of each part as  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the area of the shape.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the concept of equal parts

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

**NONE**

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-G#3.G.A.2>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/580-partition-shapes-into-parts-with-equal-areas>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.11

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/G/A/2>

**Measurement and Data**

**Measure and estimate lengths in standard units.**

**Standard 2.MD.2** Measure the length of an object twice, using length units of different lengths for the two measurements; describe how the two measurements relate to the size of the unit chosen.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the units of measurement on a ruler

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Measurement and Data >> #4, Using a Ruler

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's Math Skills That Work, Book 2, pp. 142 – 147
2. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 2, Measurement Unit

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-MD#2.MD.A.2>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/714-measure-the-same-object-using-two-different-unit-lengths>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Measurement, S.2 and S.3

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/MD/A/2>

**Measurement and Data**

**Measure and estimate lengths in standard units.**

**Standard 2.MD.3 Estimate lengths using units of inches, feet, centimeters, and meters.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Identifying units of customary measurement and metric measurement and understanding their relative sizes

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Measurement and Data >> #5, Using the Right Units to Estimate**

**Print resources**

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 2, Measurement Unit

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-MD#2.MD.A.3>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/716-estimate-lengths-in-inches-feet-centimeters-and-meters>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Measurement, S.2 and S.8

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/MD/A/3>

**Measurement and Data**

**Measure and estimate lengths in standard units.**

**Standard 2.MD.4 Measure to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length difference in terms of a standard length unit.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Being able to use a ruler to measure length and compare lengths

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's Number Power 2, pp. 134 – 135
2. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 2, Measurement Unit

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-MD#2.MD.A.4>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/587-measure-objects-to-determine-differences-in-lengths>

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/MD/A/4>

**Measurement and Data**

**Relate addition and subtraction to length.**

**Standard 2.MD.6** Represent whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line diagram with equally spaced points corresponding to the numbers 0, 1, 2, ..., and represent whole-number sums and differences within 100 on a number line diagram.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding the concept of the whole numbers and their locations on a number line

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Measurement and Data >> #8, Measuring Length and Distance**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), pp. 40 – 41 loosely aligns with this standard

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-MD#2.MD.B.6>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/742-create-and-use-number-lines-to-solve-addition-and-subtraction-problems>

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/MD/B/6>



**Measurement and Data**

Solve problems involving measurement and estimation of intervals of time, liquid volumes, and masses of objects.

**Standard 3.MD.1** Tell and write time to the nearest minute and measure time intervals in minutes. Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of time intervals in minutes, e.g., by representing the problem on a number line diagram.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding that one hour is divided into 60 minutes

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Measurement and Data >> #1, Review of Time, and #2, Elapsed Time

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's Math Skills that Work, Book 1, pp. 166 – 168
2. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Levels 2 and 3, Measurement Unit

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.A.1>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/139-tell-write-and-measure-time-to-the-minute>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/173-solve-elapsed-time-word-problems>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Time, O.1 – O.4

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/MD/A/1>

**Measurement and Data**

**Solve problems involving measurement and estimation of intervals of time, liquid volumes, and masses of objects.**

**Standard 3.MD.2 Measure and estimate liquid volumes and masses of objects using standard units of grams (g), kilogram (kg), and liters (l).**

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding of the metric units of measure for mass and volume

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Measurement and Data >> #6, Liquid Volume**

**Print resources**

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 2, Measurement Unit

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.A.2>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/283-measure-and-estimate-liquid-volumes-and-masses-of-objects>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/754-measure-and-estimate-mass-and-volume-of-liquids-and-use-results-to-solve-problems>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Measurement, Q.10, Q.12, and Q.13

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/MD/A/2>

**Measurement and Data**

**Represent and interpret data.**

**Standard 2.MD.10** Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems using information presented in a bar graph.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding that data can be represented in different types of graphs

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Graphs and Statistics >> #2, Circle Graphs, and #5, Pictographs

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's GED Mathematics, pp. 201 – 204 (reading bar graphs)
2. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, pp. 30 – 31
3. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 2, p. 67 (reading bar graphs)
4. Common Core Basics Mathematics, Lesson 9.2 (focus on bar graphs)
5. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 4, pp. 159 – 165
6. Kaplan Big Book: Data, Statistics, and Probability, Lesson 1 (pictographs)

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-2-MD#2.MD.D.10>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/744-solve-problems-using-picture-graphs-and-bar-graphs>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/743-represent-data-in-a-bar-graph>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/690-solve-problems-using-information-presented-in-a-bar-graph>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/653-draw-picture-graphs-to-represent-data>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-2> Data and graphs, R.3, R.5, and R.9

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/2/MD/D/10>

**Measurement and Data**

**Represent and interpret data.**

**Standard 3.MD.3** Draw a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set with several categories. Solve one- and two-step “how many more” and “how many less” problems using information presented in scaled bar graphs. *For example, draw a bar graph in which each square in the bar graph might represent 5 pets.*

**Background knowledge needed**

Knowing how to set up scales on a bar graph and a picture graph

**iPad resources**

Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Graphs and Statistics >> #3, Bar Graphs

**Print resources**

1. Contemporary's GED Mathematics, pp. 201 – 204 (reading bar graphs)
2. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, pp. 30 – 31
3. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 2, p. 67 (reading bar graphs)
4. Common Core Basics Mathematics, Lesson 9.2 (focus on bar graphs)
5. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 4, pp. 159 – 165
6. Kaplan Big Book: Data, Statistics, and Probability, Lesson 1 (pictographs)

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.B.3>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/655-draw-scaled-picture-and-bar-graphs>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/569-answer-questions-using-information-in-scaled-picture-and-bar-graphs>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Data and graphs, P.9 and P.10

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/MD/B/3>

**Measurement and Data**

**Represent and interpret data.**

**Standard 3.MD.4** Generate measurement data by measuring lengths using rulers marked with halves and fourths of an inch. Show the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in appropriate units – whole numbers, halves, or quarters.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding of a line plot and how to use a ruler marked with halves and fourths

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Levels 2 and 3, Measurement Units
2. Contemporary's Math Skills That Work, Book 2, pp. 144 – 145

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.B.4>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/588-generate-and-display-measurement-data>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/656-generate-and-display-measurement-data-using-rulers-marked-with-halves-and-fourths-of-an-inch>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Measurement, Q.3; Data and graphs, P.7 and P.8

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/MD/B/4>

**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate to area of multiplication and addition.**

**Standard 3.MD.5** Recognize area as an attribute of plane figures and understand concepts of area measurement.

- a. A square with side length 1 unit, called “a unit square,” is said to have “one square unit” of area, and be used to measure area.**
- b. A plane figure which can be covered without gaps or overlaps by  $n$  square units is said to have an area of  $n$  square units.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Recognizing a square unit visually

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Geometry >> #4, Area: Introduction to Unit Squares**

**Print resources**

- 1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 5, Perimeter and Area Unit
- 2. Contemporary’s Number Power 1, p. 137
- 3. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), pp. 172 – 173

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.5>

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.5a>

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.5b>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/106-understand-area-as-an-attribute-of-plane-figures-and-concepts-of-area-measurement>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.10 and R.11

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.MD.C.5>

**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate to area of multiplication and addition.**

**Standard 3.MD.6 Measure areas by counting unit squares (square cm, square m, square ft, and improvised units).**

**Background knowledge needed**

Recognizing unit squares and counting skills

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Geometry >> #4, Area: Introduction to Unit Squares**

**Print resources**

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 5, Perimeter and Area Unit
2. Contemporary's Number Power 1, p. 137
3. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), pp. 172 – 173

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.6>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/113-measure-area-by-counting-unit-squares>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.10

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.MD.C.6>

**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate to area of multiplication and addition.**

**Standard 3.MD.7 Relate area to the operations of multiplication and addition.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding unit squares  
Multiplication and division facts

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Geometry >> #5, Area: Understanding Multiplication and Division**

**Print resources**

1. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 2, pp. 44 – 45
2. Contemporary's GED Mathematics, pp. 240 – 243
3. KeyTrain Level 5, Perimeter and Area Unit

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.7>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/266-relate-area-to-multiplication-and-division>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/248-relate-area-to-the-operations-of-multiplication-and-addition>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.11 and R.12

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.MD.C.7>



**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate to area of multiplication and addition.**

**Standard 3.MD.7a** Find the area of a rectangle with whole-number side lengths by tiling it, and show that the area is the same as would be found by multiplying the side lengths.

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding unit squares; using algebra tiles

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

**NONE**

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.7a>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/581-relate-area-to-multiplication-and-addition-using-unit-squares-and-arrays>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/58-understand-area-and-arrays>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/378-relate-area-to-multiplication-and-addition-using-arrays>

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.MD.C.7>

**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate to area of multiplication and addition.**

**Standard 3.MD.7b Multiply side lengths to find areas of rectangles with whole-number side lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems, and represent whole-number products as rectangular areas in mathematical reasoning.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Understanding multiplication facts

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Geometry >> #6, Problem Solving 1, and #7, Problem Solving 2**

**Print resources**

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 5, Perimeter and Area Unit
2. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), pp. 172 – 173
3. Contemporary's GED Mathematics, pp. 240 – 241
4. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, pp. 48 – 49, 56 – 57
5. Steck-Vaughn Basic Essentials of Mathematics, Book 2, pp. 44 – 45
6. Contemporary's Math Skills That Work, Book 2, pp. 154 – 157

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.7b>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/581-relate-area-to-multiplication-and-addition-using-unit-squares-and-arrays>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/378-relate-area-to-multiplication-and-addition-using-arrays>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/58-understand-area-and-arrays>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.12 and R.13

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.MD.C.7>

**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate to area of multiplication and addition.**

**Standard 3.MD.7c** Use tiling to show in a concrete case that the area of a rectangle with whole-number side lengths  $a$  and  $b + c$  is the sum of  $a \times b$  and  $a \times c$ . Use area models to represent the distributive property in mathematical reasoning.

**Background knowledge needed**

Using algebra tiles

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

**NONE**

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.7c>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/758-use-tiling-to-represent-distributive-property>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/725-use-tiling-and-area-models-to-represent-the-distributive-property>

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.MD.C.7>

**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate to area of multiplication and addition.**

**Standard 3.MD.7d Recognize area as additive. Find areas of rectilinear figures by decomposing them into non-overlapping rectangles and adding the areas of the non-overlapping parts, applying this technique to solve real world problems.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Ability to see how to separate rectilinear figures into familiar figures (rectangles, squares)

**iPad resources**

**NONE**

**Print resources**

**NONE**

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.C.7d>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/755-recognize-area-as-additive-find-area-of-figures-by-decomposing-them>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.14

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/3.MD.C.7>

**Measurement and Data**

**Geometric measurement: recognize perimeter as an attribute of plane figures and distinguish between linear and area measures.**

**Standard 3.MD.8 Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, finding an unknown side length, and exhibiting rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.**

**Background knowledge needed**

Addition and multiplication facts

**iPad resources**

**Open “iTooch Apps” folder >> Grade 3 >> Math >> Geometry >> #3, Perimeter**

**Print resources**

1. KeyTrain Applied Mathematics, Level 5, Perimeter and Area Unit
2. Steck-Vaughn Access Mathematics, pp. 26 – 27
3. Contemporary’s GED Mathematics, pp. 234 – 237
4. Steck-Vaughn GED Mathematics (the red book), pp. 170 – 171

**Online resources**

<https://www.khanacademy.org/commoncore/grade-3-MD#3.MD.D.8>

<https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/125-solve-real-world-and-mathematical-problems-involving-perimeters-of-polygons>

<http://www.ixl.com/math/grade-3> Geometry, R.8, R.9, R.16, R.17, and R.18

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content-standards/3/MD/D/8>