

**Mouse Anti-NRAS [MD65]: MC0460, MC0460RTU7**

**Intended Use:** For Research Use Only

**Description:** This is an N-ras oncogene encoding a membrane protein that shuttles between the Golgi apparatus and the plasma membrane. This shuttling is regulated through palmitoylation and depalmitoylation by the ZDHHC9-GOLGA7 complex. The encoded protein, which has intrinsic GTPase activity, is activated by a guanine nucleotide-exchange factor and inactivated by a GTPase activating protein. Mutations in this gene have been associated with somatic rectal cancer, follicular thyroid cancer, autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome, Noonan syndrome, and juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia.

**Specifications**

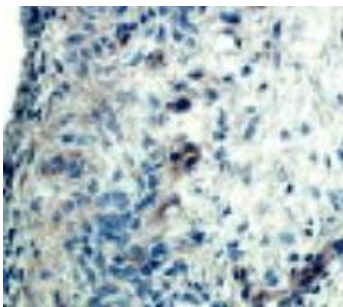
Clone: MD65  
 Source: Mouse  
 Isotype: IgG1  
 Reactivity: Human, rat  
 Immunogen: Recombinant fragment of human N-Ras p21  
 Localization: Cell membrane, lipid-anchor; cytoplasmic side; Golgi apparatus membrane  
 Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and ≤ 0.09% sodium azide (NaN3)  
 Storage: Store at 2°- 8°C  
 Applications: IHC, IF, IP, WB  
 Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size
NRAS Concentrated	MC0460	1 ml
NRAS Prediluted	MC0460RTU7	7 ml

**IHC Procedure\***

Positive Control Tissue: Colon adenocarcinoma, liver cancer  
 Concentrated Dilution: 25-100  
 Pretreatment: Tris EDTA pH9.0, 15 minutes using Pressure Cooker, or 30-60 minutes using water bath at 95°-99°C  
 Incubation Time and Temp: 30-60 minutes at RT  
 Detection: Refer to the detection system manual

\* Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human rheumatoid arthritis synovial tissue with stained with anti-N-Ras using DAB

**References:**

1. Loss of miR-143 and miR-145 in condyloma acuminatum promotes cellular proliferation and inhibits apoptosis by targeting NRAS. Liu X, et al. R Soc Open Sci 5:172376, 2018.
2. Alternative Polyadenylation in Triple-Negative Breast Tumors Allows NRAS and c-JUN to Bypass PUMILIO Posttranscriptional Regulation. Miles WO, et al. Cancer Res 76:7231-7241, 2016.
3. BRAF(V600E) and NRAS(Q61L/Q61R) mutation analysis in metastatic melanoma using immunohistochemistry: a study of 754 cases highlighting potential pitfalls and guidelines for interpretation and reporting. Kakavand H, et al. Histopathology 69:680-6, 2016.