



FN HERSTAL
FNP-45 DA/SA

AUTOLOADING PISTOL
OWNER'S MANUAL

Important operating instructions for:

FN HERSTAL FNP-45 DA/SA AUTOLOADING PISTOLS

If you have any questions or comments regarding your new firearm, please contact us.

FNH USA, LLC, (703) 288-1292, extension 122, www.fnhusa.com

Please use the space below to record information about your new firearm.

Model _____

Serial Number _____

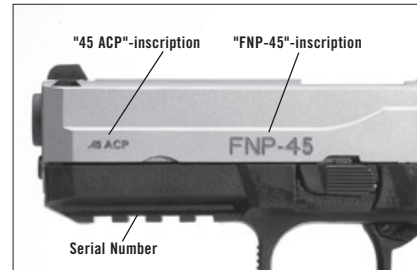
Purchased From _____

Date of Purchase _____

THIS OWNER'S MANUAL HAS BEEN WRITTEN EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE FNH USA FNP-45 PISTOL.

Warnings and instructions are different for each type of pistol.

If your FNH USA pistol has inscriptions other than "FNP-45" and "45 ACP" on its front left side or if the external appearance of the pistol does not correspond to the illustrations of this owner's manual, you must contact your dealer, departmental armorer or contact us immediately to obtain the free owner's manual that has been written specifically for your pistol.



The serial number of your pistol is located, together with a bar-code, underneath the front part of the frame.

FOREWORD

We are pleased that you have chosen a FNH USA FNP-45 single- and double-action autoloading pistol. The FNP-45 includes the latest technical evolutions in firearm design for military, law enforcement and sporting use. It has been conceived based on the experience of a team of experts in every field related to autoloading pistols. The FNP-45 stands for the highest level of reliability, consistent performance, functional design and provides the operating precision and safety expected from a personal defense firearm.

Simple in design and compact, the pistol is very easy to maintain.

With a reasonable amount of care, your FNH USA FNP-45 should give you many years of dependable, enjoyable service.

In order to take maximum advantage of the many features of your FNP-45, regularly review this owner's manual, which should be kept in the slot provided in the storage case that came with the pistol.

Please contact us if you have any observations or questions regarding the performance or the operation of your pistol.

Thank you.



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1. SAFETY AND WARRANTY NOTES

Like all firearms, the FNP-45 pistol, if handled in a careless or reckless manner, can be very dangerous.

For that reason, the pistol has been sold under the express understanding that FNH USA declines any responsibility and invalidates any guarantee and liability claims for incidental or consequential damages, injuries, loss of use of property, commercial loss, loss of earnings and profits, resulting in whole or partly from:

- a discharge with criminal intent or through negligence
- improper or careless handling
- unauthorized servicing
- the modification or the alteration of the basic pistol design
- the use of non-original parts
- the manipulation of the safety devices
- the use of incorrect “arms & ammunition” combinations
- the use of defective or unsafe ammunition
- an inadequate care of the pistol (e.g. corrosion, damage.)
- a disregard of malfunctions
- a resale in contradiction to legislation
- other circumstances beyond our direct and immediate control

FNH USA reserves the right to refuse servicing a pistol which has been modified by removal of metal from the barrel, modifications of the firing mechanism and/or other parts, and will, in such a case, always recommend restoring the pistol to its original specifications. Parts and labor required for such a restoration are payable by the owner of the pistol.

2. FIREARM SAFETY INFORMATION



FAILURE TO FOLLOW ANY OF THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

As a firearm owner, you accept a set of demanding responsibilities. How seriously you take these responsibilities can be the difference between life and death.

There is no excuse for careless or abusive handling of any firearm. At all times handle this firearm and all other firearms with intense respect for their power and potential danger.

Please read and understand all of the cautions, warnings, notices, proper handling procedures and instructions outlined in this owner’s manual before using your new firearm.

1 ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE OF YOUR FIREARM POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION EVEN THOUGH YOU ARE CERTAIN IT IS UNLOADED.

Never point any firearm at anything you do not intend to shoot. Be extremely alert and aware of all persons and property within the range of your ammunition.

2 NEVER RELY TOTALLY ON YOUR FIREARM’S MECHANICAL “SAFETY” DEVICES. LIKE ANY MECHANICAL DEVICE, A “SAFETY” CAN SOMETIMES FAIL; IT CAN BE JARRED OR INADVERTENTLY MANIPULATED INTO AN UNSAFE CONDITION.

The word “safety” describes a firearm’s trigger block mechanism, sear block mechanism, hammer block mechanism or firing pin block mechanism. Mechanical “safeties” are designed to place your firearm in a safer status, and no guarantee can be made that the firearm will not fire even if the “safety” is in the on safe position. Mechanical “safeties” merely aid safe gun handling and are no excuse for pointing your firearm’s muzzle in an unsafe direction. See Section 7 for instructions on the operation of this firearm’s “safety.”

Remember, safe gun handling does not stop with your firearm's mechanical "safety" devices, it starts there. Always treat this firearm with the respect due a loaded, ready-to-fire firearm.

Some firearms do not have a mechanical safety. Many target firearms, lever-action firearms and pistols do not have manual "safety" mechanisms. Therefore it is critical to read and understand the owner's manual for every firearm which explains the safe operation of the firearm.

While it is a good idea to "test" your firearm's mechanical "safety" periodically for proper function, never test the "safety" while your firearm is loaded or pointed in an unsafe direction.

3 WHENEVER YOU HANDLE ANY FIREARM, OR HAND IT TO SOMEONE, ALWAYS OPEN THE ACTION IMMEDIATELY AND VISUALLY CHECK THE FIREARM'S CHAMBER TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE FIREARM IS COMPLETELY UNLOADED.

Completely unload your firearm as described in Section 13.1. Make certain the firearm does not inadvertently contain any ammunition. Always keep the chamber empty and the "safety" in the on safe position unless shooting is imminent.

4 ALWAYS WEAR EYE AND HEARING PROTECTION WHEN SHOOTING.

Unprotected, repeated exposure to gunfire can cause hearing damage. Wear ear protectors (shooting earplugs or muffs) to guard against such damage.

Wear shooting glasses to protect your eyes from flying particles. Allow proper distance (eye relief) between a scope and your eye when firing a scoped pistol, rifle or shotgun. Do not use unorthodox shooting methods that could cause the rearward travel of the slide or bolt of a firearm to contact your eyes, face or hands. Always keep a safe distance between the muzzle of your firearm and any persons nearby, as muzzle blast, debris and ejecting shells could inflict serious injury.

Always wear eye protection when disassembling and cleaning your pistol to prevent the possibility of springs, spring-tensioned parts, solvents or other agents from contacting your eyes.

5 KEEP ALL FIREARMS UNLOADED DURING TRANSPORT, EVEN WHEN STORED IN A HOLSTER, GUN CASE, SCABBARD OR OTHER CONTAINER.

For law enforcement and military personnel, refer to the procedures of your department on carrying a loaded firearm.

6 DROPPING OR JARRING A LOADED FIREARM CAN CAUSE AN ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGE.

This can occur even with the "safety" in the on safe position or the hammer in the decocked position. Be extremely careful while hunting or during any shooting activity, to avoid dropping any firearm.

7 SHOOTING FROM ELEVATED SURFACES IS DANGEROUS.

Doing so may increase the risk of mishandling a firearm. The following rules should always be observed. Always make certain that the surface being used is safe and stable. Always make certain that your firearm is unloaded when it is being taken up and down from the surface. Always make certain that your firearm is not dropped from the surface, or dropped while it is being taken up or down from the surface. Remember, a loaded firearm may discharge when dropped, even with the "safety" in the on safe position.

8 STORE YOUR FIREARM AND AMMUNITION SEPARATELY, WELL BEYOND THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

Take prudent safeguards to ensure your firearm does not become available to untrained, inexperienced or unwelcome hands. Store all firearms in secure, locked cases or a gun safe. Keep your firearm unloaded when not in use. At all times, comply with local and state laws.

For law enforcement and military personnel, refer to the procedures of your department on storing your firearm.

9 BEWARE OF BARREL OBSTRUCTIONS.

Mud, snow and an infinite variety of other objects may inadvertently lodge in a barrel bore. It only takes a small obstruction to cause dangerously increased pressures that can damage your firearm and cause serious injury to yourself and others.

BEFORE CHECKING FOR A BARREL OBSTRUCTION, BE CERTAIN YOUR FIREARM IS COMPLETELY UNLOADED, THERE IS NOT A LIVE CARTRIDGE IN THE CHAMBER AND THE “SAFETY” IS IN THE ON SAFE POSITION.

Completely unload the firearm as described in Section 13.1. After assuring yourself that the firearm is completely unloaded, open the breech or action and look through the barrel to be sure it is clear of obstructions. If an obstruction is seen, no matter how small it may be, clean the bore with a cleaning rod and patch as described in Section 14.5 of this owner’s manual.

10 BE ALERT TO THE SIGNS OF AMMUNITION MALFUNCTION. IF YOU DETECT AN OFF SOUND OR LIGHT RECOIL WHEN A CARTRIDGE IS FIRED, DO NOT LOAD ANOTHER CARTRIDGE INTO THE CHAMBER.

If your firearm fails to fire, keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction for a minimum of 30 seconds. Carefully open the action and remove the cartridge from the chamber, and completely unload the firearm as described in Section 13.1. If the primer is indented, the defective cartridge should be disposed of in a way that cannot cause harm. If the primer is not indented, your firearm should be examined by a qualified gunsmith and the cause of the malfunction corrected before further use. Glance down the barrel to make sure that there are no obstructions in the barrel. If there is an obstruction, completely clear the barrel before loading and firing again. Failure to follow these instructions can cause extensive damage to your firearm and possible serious injury to yourself and others.

11 NEVER INSERT A CARTRIDGE OF THE INCORRECT CALIBER INTO ANY FIREARM.

The caliber of your firearm is marked on the slide. Store all cartridges of different calibers in completely separate and well-marked containers. Never store cartridges of mixed calibers in a common container or in your pockets. See Section 10 for more information on the correct ammunition for your firearm.

12 EXAMINE EVERY CARTRIDGE YOU PUT IN YOUR FIREARM.

We assume no responsibility for the use of unsafe or improper firearm and ammunition combinations or damage or injury caused by damaged ammunition. It is your responsibility to read and heed all warnings in this owner’s manual and on ammunition boxes. See Section 10 for more information on the correct ammunition for your firearm.

13 USE ONLY SAAMI APPROVED AMMUNITION.

The barrel and the slide of this pistol have been made with substantial safety margins over the pressures developed by established American commercial loads. Nevertheless, we can assume no liability for incidents which occur through the use of cartridges of nonstandard dimensions or which develop pressures in excess of commercially available ammunition which has been loaded in accordance with standards established by the Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturer’s Institute (SAAMI).

14 MAKE SURE OF ADEQUATE VENTILATION IN THE AREA THAT YOU DISCHARGE A FIREARM. LEAD EXPOSURE CAN OCCUR FROM DISCHARGING FIREARMS IN POORLY VENTILATED AREAS, CLEANING FIREARMS OR HANDLING AMMUNITION.

Lead is a substance that has been known to cause birth defects, reproductive harm and other serious injury. Wash hands thoroughly after exposure to ammunition or after cleaning a firearm.

15 DO NOT SNAP THE FIRING PIN ON AN EMPTY CHAMBER: THE CHAMBER MAY NOT BE EMPTY!

Treat every pistol with the respect due to a loaded pistol, even though you are certain the pistol is unloaded.

16 KEEP YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER AT ALL TIMES UNTIL SHOOTING IS IMMINENT.

17 BE SURE OF YOUR TARGET AND BACKSTOP, PARTICULARLY DURING LOW LIGHT PERIODS.

Know the range of your ammunition. Never shoot at water or hard objects.

18 ALWAYS UNLOAD YOUR FIREARM'S CHAMBER BEFORE CROSSING A FENCE, CLIMBING A TREE, JUMPING A DITCH OR NEGOTIATING OTHER OBSTACLES.

Never place your firearm on or against a fence, tree, car or other similar object.

For law enforcement and military personnel, refer to the procedures of your department.

19 BE DEFENSIVE AND ON GUARD AGAINST UNSAFE GUN HANDLING AROUND YOU AND OTHERS.

Don't be timid when it comes to gun safety. If you observe other shooters violating any of these safety precautions, politely suggest safer handling practices.

20 BE CERTAIN YOUR FIREARM IS UNLOADED BEFORE CLEANING.

Because so many gun accidents occur when a firearm is being cleaned, special and extreme care should be taken to be sure your firearm is unloaded before disassembly, cleaning and reassembly. Keep ammunition away from the cleaning location. Never test the mechanical function of any firearm with live ammunition.

21 TEACH AND SUPERVISE FIREARMS SAFETY TO ALL MEMBERS OF YOUR FAMILY, ESPECIALLY TO CHILDREN AND NON-SHOOTERS.

Closely supervise newcomers to the shooting sports. Encourage enrollment in hunting and shooting safety courses.

22 NEVER DRINK ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES OR TAKE ANY TYPE OF DRUGS BEFORE OR DURING SHOOTING.

Your vision, motor skills and judgment could be dangerously impaired, making your gun handling unsafe to you and to others.

23 READ AND HEED ALL WARNINGS IN THIS OWNER'S MANUAL, ON AMMUNITION BOXES AND WITH ALL ACCESSORIES THAT YOU INSTALL ON YOUR FIREARM.

It is your responsibility to secure the most up-to-date information on the safe handling procedures for your FNH USA firearm.

We assume no liability for incidents which occur when unsafe or improper pistol accessories or ammunition combinations are used.

24 PRACTICE PERIODIC MAINTENANCE, AVOID UNAUTHORIZED SERVICING.

Your firearm is a mechanical device which will not last forever, and as such, is subject to wear and requires periodic inspection, adjustment and service. FNH USA firearms should be serviced by an FNH USA Product Service Center or by our service facility in Arnold, Missouri.

We cannot assume any responsibility for injuries suffered or caused by unauthorized servicing, alterations or modifications of FNH USA firearms.

25 WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REFUSE SERVICE ON FIREARMS THAT HAVE BEEN ALTERED, ADDED TO OR SUBSTANTIALLY CHANGED.

Removal of metal from the barrel or modifications of the firing mechanism and/or operating parts may lead to a refusal of service on

such firearms. We will charge the owner for parts and labor to return the firearm to original FNH USA specifications.

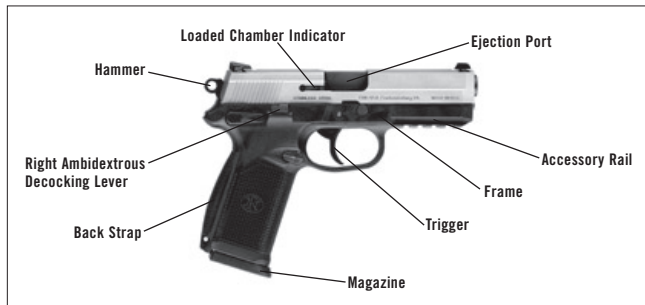
DO NOT, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, ALTER THE TRIGGER, SAFETY OR OTHER PARTS OF THE FIRING MECHANISM OF THIS OR ANY OTHER FIREARM. FAILURE TO OBEY THIS WARNING MAY RESULT IN INJURY OR DEATH TO YOURSELF OR OTHERS.

BE CAREFUL!

3. NOMENCLATURE

In conventional gun terminology, the position and movement of parts are described as they occur with the firearm horizontal and in the normal firing position: the muzzle is forward or front, the pistol grip is rearward or rear, the trigger is downward or underneath, the sights are upward or on top. For general parts nomenclature refer to Figures 1 and 2.

FIGURE 1



Right view of the pistol.

FIGURE 2



Left view of the pistol.

Most of the illustrations in this owner's manual show the pistol with the curved back strap. If desired, the ergonomics of the pistol grip can be modified by replacing the back strap. For more information on replacing the back strap refer to Section 16.1.

4. CONTENTS OF THE STORAGE CASE

The pistol and its accessories are supplied in a polymer storage case (Figure 3). The contents of the storage case include:

- Pistol
- Safety lock and two keys (Use the safety lock to safely store and transport the pistol. Always keep the keys at a safe place.)
- Three 14-round magazines (Three 10-round magazines when required by law)
- Accessory back strap
- Owner's manual

5. DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

5.1. DESCRIPTION

The FNP-45 is a modern 45 ACP caliber autoloading, single- and double-action pistol that functions on the principle of the short recoil of the barrel. The frame is constructed from a durable polymer and features replaceable slide rails that extend the service life of the pistol far beyond that of a traditional polymer-framed pistol.

FIGURE 3



FNP-45 and accessories shown in the polymer storage case.

5.2 OPERATION

When the trigger is pulled, the hammer strikes the firing pin which, in turn, strikes the primer of the cartridge, resulting in the pistol firing. The recoil force causes the slide to be moved rearward. During the rearward movement of the slide, the empty case of the cartridge is ejected out of the ejection port. If there is a cartridge in the magazine, the slide then returns forward by the force of the recoil spring, picks up a cartridge from the magazine and loads it into the chamber, ready to be fired. If there is not a cartridge in the magazine during this movement, the ambidextrous slide release will engage and the slide remains open.

With the chamber and the magazine loaded, the pistol will fire a single shot each time the trigger is pulled until the magazine and the chamber are empty. The slide of this pistol is designed to stay open after the last cartridge has been fired.

If the hammer is not in the cocked position, the first shot will be double-action with a heavier and longer trigger pull (Figure 4). If, after firing a double-action shot, the hammer is not decocked by the left or right ambidextrous decocking lever (Section 7.1), the following shots will be single-action with a lighter and shorter trigger pull (Figure 5).

FIGURE 4



Hammer decocked for double-action firing

FIGURE 5



Hammer cocked for single-action firing

6. INITIAL CLEANING

Various exposed metal parts of your pistol have been coated at the factory with a rust preventative compound. Before using your pistol, clean the anti-rust compound from the inside of the barrel, slide and the action/chamber areas with a quality gun oil as explained in Section 14.5. If your pistol is to be stored, it is acceptable to leave the rust preventative compound on the pistol and keep it in its original packaging. Never fire the pistol upon purchase without cleaning it first. If the pistol contains hardened grease or other substances that you cannot remove, have the pistol checked by your dealer or departmental armorer.

For law enforcement and military personnel, refer to the procedures of your department.

7. SAFETY FEATURES

⚠️WARNING

ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION EVEN IF YOU ARE CERTAIN THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED. ALWAYS KEEP THE HAMMER IN THE DECOCKED POSITION AND YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER UNLESS SHOOTING IS IMMINENT. A FAILURE OF A “SAFETY” DEVICE CAN OCCUR AT ANY TIME, ESPECIALLY WHEN THE PISTOL IS SUBJECTED TO EXTREME FORCES OR CONDITIONS NOT NORMALLY ENCOUNTERED IN A NORMAL SPORTING, LAW ENFORCEMENT OR MILITARY ENVIRONMENT.

CHAMBER A CARTRIDGE ONLY WHEN SHOOTING IS IMMINENT. WHEN YOU PLACE A CARTRIDGE IN THE CHAMBER, IMMEDIATELY PLACE THE HAMMER IN THE DECOCKED POSITION USING THE AMBIDEXTROUS DECOCKING LEVER.

ALWAYS TRANSPORT AND STORE YOUR PISTOL WITH THE CHAMBER AND MAGAZINE COMPLETELY UNLOADED AND WITH THE HAMMER IN THE DECOCKED POSITION.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

The FNP-45 has no external “safety.” The pistol has been provided with internal mechanical “safety” mechanisms in order to prevent an accidental discharge if the pistol is dropped or receives a severe blow on the muzzle. These safety features allow the pistol to be carried safely while offering firing readiness without having to actuate a manual “safety” lock. With a cartridge in the chamber, the pistol is always ready to fire.

The ambidextrous decocking levers do not act as a “safety” that blocks the firing mechanism of the pistol. The ambidextrous decocking levers are provided to set the pistol, if necessary, into the safer double-action condition. The exposed hammer allows visual confirmation that the pistol is cocked or decocked.

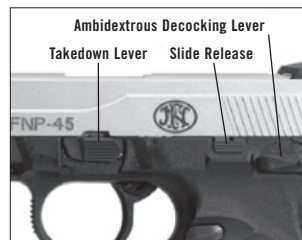
7.1. AMBIDEXTROUS DECOCKING LEVER

⚠️WARNING

WHEN DECOCKING YOUR PISTOL ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION AND KEEP YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

If you do not intend to fire immediately, and in order to obtain the safest condition, the pistol should be set for double-action shooting which means that the hammer should be decocked. To decock the hammer point the pistol in a safe direction and push down on the left or right ambidextrous decocking lever with your thumb (Figure 6). The hammer will move to the decocked position where it is halted without firing. During this operation, a mechanical blockage of

FIGURE 6



The locations of the takedown lever, ambidextrous slide release and ambidextrous decocking lever.

the firing pin takes place. With the hammer decocked the pistol can still be fired by pulling the trigger. Firing simply requires a longer and heavier pull on the trigger.

7.2. SLIDE LOCK

⚠WARNING

WHEN USING THE AMBIDEXTROUS SLIDE RELEASE TO CLOSE THE SLIDE, ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION AND KEEP YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER. UNLESS SHOOTING IS IMMINENT, ALWAYS REMOVE THE MAGAZINE FROM THE PISTOL BEFORE CLOSING THE SLIDE TO PREVENT INADVERTENTLY LOADING A CARTRIDGE FROM THE MAGAZINE INTO THE CHAMBER. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

MAKE SURE YOUR FINGERS ARE SAFELY AWAY FROM THE EJECTION PORT WHEN THE SLIDE IS RELEASED TO AVOID PINCHING THEM WHEN THE SLIDE CLOSSES. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THIS WARNING COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY.

The ambidextrous slide release is on the left side of the frame, above the trigger (Figure 6). It automatically engages after the last shot in the magazine has been fired. It can be also used to lock the slide in the rearward position when the magazine is removed.

To lock the slide in the open or back position, pull the slide all the way to the rear and press upward on the ambidextrous slide release.

To release the slide when no magazine is in the pistol and the slide is locked rearward, the

ambidextrous slide release must be pressed downward. When it is pressed, the slide is released and will quickly close under recoil spring pressure.

7.3. LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR

The loaded chamber indicator is located at the right side of the slide just behind the ejection port. If it is protruding and showing a red marking, this means that there is a cartridge in the chamber (Figure 7).

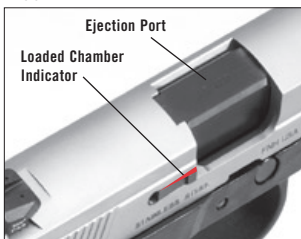
8. BEFORE USING THE PISTOL

⚠WARNING

CARRY OUT THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES BEFORE HANDLING, STORING AND/OR TRANSPORTING YOUR PISTOL. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

1. Press the ambidextrous magazine release in order to eject the magazine. If the magazine does not pop out, pull gently on its bottom plate while holding the ambidextrous magazine release in.
2. Pull the slide fully rearward and hold it in that position. Press the ambidextrous slide release upward and then let the slide move forward under control until it is held open by the ambidextrous slide release.
3. Look through the ejection port into the chamber of the pistol in order to ensure that there is no cartridge in the chamber. If there is a cartridge in the chamber, unload the pistol as described in Section 13.1.
4. Release the slide by pushing downward on the ambidextrous slide release and then let the slide move forward under control.
5. Decock the hammer as described in Section 7.1.
6. Ensure that the magazine is empty. If the magazine is not empty, unload it as described in Section 13.2. Unload any spare magazines.

FIGURE 7



The loaded chamber indicator showing a cartridge in the chamber.

9. CARRYING YOUR PISTOL

▲WARNING

THE RECOMMENDED CARRY POSITION OF YOUR PISTOL IS WITH THE HAMMER IN THE DECOCKED POSITION AND THE CHAMBER EMPTY. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

For good safety practice, it is recommended that the pistol is carried with the hammer in the decocked position as explained in Section 7.1 and a cartridge is not chambered until shooting is imminent.

For law enforcement and military personnel, refer to the procedures of your department on carrying a loaded firearm.

10. AMMUNITION

▲WARNING

DO NOT USE AMMUNITION OTHER THAN WHAT IS INSCRIBED ON THE LEFT SIDE OF THE SLIDE. EXAMINE EVERY CARTRIDGE YOU PUT IN YOUR PISTOL. FAILURE TO USE THE CORRECT AMMUNITION MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY TO YOURSELF OR OTHERS.

The FNP-45 pistol should only be used with 45 ACP caliber ammunition as indicated by the inscription engraved in the front left side of the slide and the upper rear side of the barrel, visible through the ejection port.

11. LOADING

▲WARNING

WHEN LOADING YOUR PISTOL ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION, ALWAYS PLACE THE HAMMER IN THE DECOCKED POSITION USING THE DECOCK LEVER, AND KEEP YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

11.1. MAGAZINE CAPACITY

The FNP-45 magazine is unique for the pistol type and should not be used in other pistols. No other magazine type should be used in your pistol. The specialized, advanced design makes the magazine highly reliable and results in easy maintenance and cleaning.

FNP-45 pistols have a standard magazine capacity of 14 rounds in the magazine plus one in the chamber, for a total capacity of 15 rounds. However, some jurisdictions limit the magazine capacity to 10 rounds plus one in the chamber, for a total capacity of 11 rounds. All FNP-45 pistols sold in those jurisdictions will be shipped with limited capacity magazines in compliance with local or state law. Make sure you have verified the capacity of your magazine before loading it in your pistol.

IMPORTANT: 10-round magazines for the FNP-45 can be identified by the number “10” stamped under the lowest index hole on the back of the magazine (Figure 8). 10-round magazines have two openings in the rear which allow you to estimate the number of remaining cartridges. If the base of a cartridge is visible in the hole marked 10, the magazine is fully loaded, while the hole marked 5 allows you to estimate the number of cartridges still in the magazine.

FIGURE 8



10-round magazine.

FIGURE 9



14-round magazine.

14-round magazines for the FNP-45 can be identified by the number “14” stamped under the lowest index hole on the back of the magazine (Figure 9). 14-round magazines have three openings in the rear which allow you to estimate the number of remaining cartridges. If the base of a cartridge is visible in the hole marked 14, the magazine is fully loaded, while the holes marked 5 and 10 allow you to estimate the number of cartridges remaining in the magazine.

11.2. LOADING THE MAGAZINE

▲WARNING

IT IS RECOMMENDED ONLY TO LOAD THE NUMBER OF CARTRIDGES YOU INTEND TO SHOOT. DO NOT INSERT THE MAGAZINE BACK INTO THE PISTOL NOR LOAD A CARTRIDGE INTO THE CHAMBER UNLESS SHOOTING IS IMMINENT.

The magazine pops out when pressing the ambidextrous magazine release located on the left side of the pistol (Figure 10). It is recommended to use the thumb of the shooting hand to activate the ambidextrous magazine release. Be careful to catch the magazine with the non-shooting hand when it pops out.

The ambidextrous magazine release is reversible and can be installed on the right side to accommodate left-handed shooters. Contact your dealer or departmental armorer for this modification.

As explained in Section 11.1, both 10-round and 14-round magazines are available.

1. If the magazine to be loaded is still in the pistol, press on the ambidextrous magazine release in order to eject it.

FIGURE 10



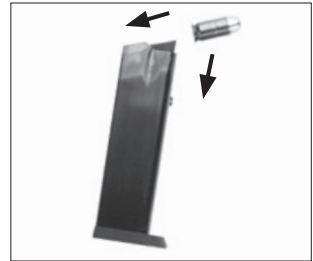
Press the ambidextrous magazine release and remove the magazine.

2. Load the cartridges, one by one, into the magazine.

Place the cartridge on the front of the retaining lips and, with your thumb, push it downward against the force of the follower spring and rearwards until it is in position (Figure 11).

The openings in the rear of the magazine allow you to estimate the number of cartridges present in the magazine.

FIGURE 11



Load cartridges one at a time into the magazine. (10-round magazine shown).

11.3. LOADING THE PISTOL

▲WARNING

WHEN LOADING YOUR PISTOL ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION. ALWAYS CLOSE THE SLIDE AND LOWER THE HAMMER TO THE DECOCKED POSITION BEFORE INSERTING A LOADED MAGAZINE. KEEP YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

1. Before loading, ensure that the chamber of the pistol is empty, the pistol does not contain a magazine and that the slide is closed.
2. Insert the loaded magazine into the pistol, being certain that the magazine is pressed completely in and is being retained by the magazine latch (Figure 12).

FIGURE 12



Insert the loaded magazine completely into the grip of the pistol until it latches in place.

3. With the muzzle pointed in a safe direction and your fingers away from the trigger, hold the pistol in your firing hand and pull the slide fully rearward with the other hand and release the slide, which returns under recoil spring force (Figure 13). This movement cocks the hammer and loads the first cartridge from the magazine into the chamber. Allow the slide to “slam” forward under the force of the recoil spring. Do not ease it forward.

▲WARNING

THE PISTOL IS NOW READY FOR FIRING. UNLESS SHOOTING IS IMMINENT, IMMEDIATELY PLACE THE HAMMER IN THE DECOCKED POSITION USING THE DECOCK LEVER (FIGURE 14). FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

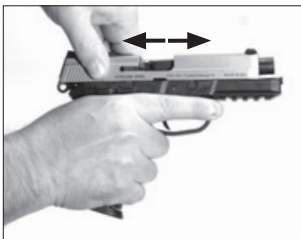
12. FIRING

12.1. FIRING THE PISTOL

▲WARNING

NEVER CHAMBER A CARTRIDGE UNLESS SHOOTING IS IMMINENT. ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

FIGURE 13



Pull the slide completely rearward and release it, allowing it to move forward freely.

FIGURE 14



Unless shooting is imminent, immediately place the hammer in the decocked position using the ambidextrous decock lever.

NEVER TRY TO COCK THE HAMMER BY PULLING THE TRIGGER.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

DO NOT USE UNORTHODOX SIGHTING METHODS. WHEN FIRING THE SLIDE MOVES REARWARD ABOUT ONE INCH PAST THE REAR OF THE FRAME. TO PREVENT THE SLIDE FROM CAUSING INJURY IN ITS REARWARD MOVEMENT WHEN SHOOTING KEEP THE PISTOL AWAY FROM THE EYES OR FACE, AND NEITHER HAND SHOULD BE IN A POSITION WHERE IT COULD BE HIT BY THE SLIDE. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THIS WARNING COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY.

1. Ensure that the procedures in Section 14.5 “Cleaning and Lubrication Before Firing” have been carried out.
2. Load a cartridge into the chamber as explained previously. Immediately place the hammer in the decocked position.
3. With a cartridge in the chamber, you need only take aim at your target and squeeze the trigger to fire the pistol.

If the hammer is in the decocked position, the first shot will be double-action with a heavier and longer trigger pull. If the hammer is not manually decocked after the first double-action shot, the following shot will be single-action with a lighter and shorter trigger pull.

4. After a cartridge has been fired, the slide moves rearward, ejects the empty case, cocks the hammer, then returns forward loading a fresh cartridge from the magazine. You may continue to fire the pistol until the magazine is empty by pulling the trigger to fire each cartridge. If firing is interrupted, or you are finished firing, immediately decock the hammer as described in Section 7.1 to place the pistol in the safer double-action condition.

After the last cartridge in the magazine is fired, the slide lock automatically holds the slide in its open or rearward position (Figure 15). If firing is no longer imminent, remove the magazine and close the slide by pushing down on the ambidextrous slide release. Decock the hammer as described in Section 7.1 to place the pistol in the safer double-action condition.

FIGURE 15



The slide locks to the rear after the last cartridge has been fired.

IMPORTANT: Only for law enforcement and military use. The hammer may be cocked manually by using the thumb of the shooting hand so that the pistol can be set from double-action to single-action without having to move the slide (I.E. when noise suppression is an issue).

For law enforcement and military personnel, refer to the procedures of your department on carrying a loaded firearm.

12.2. RELOADING DURING FIRING

⚠WARNING

NEVER CHAMBER A CARTRIDGE UNLESS SHOOTING IS IMMINENT. ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION. MAKE SURE YOUR FINGERS ARE SAFELY AWAY FROM THE CHAMBER WHEN THE SLIDE IS RELEASED TO AVOID PINCHING THEM WHEN THE SLIDE CLOSES. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

After firing the last cartridge, the slide remains in the open position. The empty magazine can then quickly be replaced with a loaded magazine as follows:

1. Press on the ambidextrous magazine release to eject the empty magazine.
2. Insert a loaded magazine completely into the handgrip until it locks onto position.
3. Release the slide by pushing downward on the ambidextrous slide release, allowing the slide to return under recoil spring force and causing the first cartridge to be chambered. It is also possible to disengage the ambidextrous slide release by pulling the slide completely rearward and then releasing it. Note that when the slide closes that the hammer is the cocked position and the pistol is ready to fire in single-action mode.
4. You may now continue firing. If firing is no longer imminent, remove the magazine and close the slide by pushing down on the ambidextrous slide release. Decock the hammer as described in Section 7.1 to place the pistol in the safer double-action condition.

For law enforcement and military personnel, refer to the procedures of your department on carrying a loaded firearm.

13. UNLOADING

⚠WARNING

WHILE UNLOADING YOUR PISTOL ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION AND YOUR FINGERS AWAY FROM THE TRIGGER. WHEN UNLOADING IT IS VITAL THAT YOU REMOVE THE MAGAZINE FROM YOUR PISTOL SO THAT A CARTRIDGE IS NOT CHAMBERED WHEN YOU CLOSE THE SLIDE. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

13.1. UNLOADING THE PISTOL

1. If the hammer is cocked, decock it as described in Section 7.1.

2. Press the ambidextrous magazine release and remove the magazine. If the magazine does not drop out of the pistol, pull gently on its bottom plate while pressing the ambidextrous magazine release.
3. If the slide is closed, pull back on the slide and eject any cartridge in the chamber. Lock the slide to the rear by pressing the ambidextrous slide release up.
4. Inspect the chamber to ensure no cartridge is present.
5. When you are certain your pistol is completely unloaded, release the slide by pushing downward on the ambidextrous slide release and let the slide move forwards under control.
6. Decock the hammer as described in Section 7.1.
7. Unload the magazines as explained in Section 13.2.

13.2. UNLOADING THE MAGAZINE

1. Depress the ambidextrous magazine release and remove the magazine.
2. Unload the pistol as explained above.
3. Strip the cartridges from the magazine by pushing forward on the rim of the top cartridge and sliding each cartridge out, one at a time, as each moves up in the magazine until the magazine is empty.

14. CLEANING AND LUBRICATION



BEFORE PERFORMING CLEANING PROCEDURES, MAKE SURE THE PISTOL IS COMPLETELY UNLOADED (SECTION 13.1). ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

WEAR EYE PROTECTION WHEN DISASSEMBLING, ASSEMBLING AND CLEANING YOUR PISTOL AND MAGAZINE TO PREVENT SPRING-LOADED PARTS, SOLVENTS OR OTHER AGENTS FROM CONTACTING YOUR EYES, RESULTING IN INJURY.

KEEP ALL AMMUNITION AWAY FROM THE CLEANING AREA. NEVER TEST THE MECHANICAL FUNCTION OF YOUR PISTOL WITH LIVE AMMUNITION. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

NOTICE! NEVER USE HYDROCARBONS, AMMONIA, TRICHLOROETHYLENE, NOR TEFLON-BASED LUBRICANTS AS THEY CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO YOUR PISTOL.

Your pistol will function better and more reliably over a longer period of time if it is properly maintained and kept clean.

The frequency at which the pistol should be cleaned and lubricated depends on external factors such as the weather and shooting conditions as dirt and moisture can affect the functioning of even the finest firearm. Excessively dirty ammunition may require more frequent cleaning.

Clean and lubricate your pistol after every use or, in case of intensive shooting, after every 300 rounds. A minimum cleaning includes wiping down the pistol and lubricating key parts. Most regular maintenance will also include disassembly and cleaning the barrel. If you encounter a function problem be sure to give your pistol a thorough cleaning to see if it solves the problem before seeking the services of a qualified gunsmith or the FNH USA Service Facility in Arnold, Missouri.

It is important to keep your pistol clean and correctly lubricated, however, the polymer frame of the FNP-45 pistol does not require lubrication.

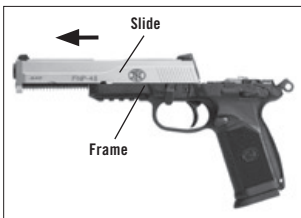
NOTICE! DO NOT USE TOO MUCH LUBRICANT. EXCESSIVE LUBRICATION COULD CAUSE THE BUILD-UP OF DIRT, GRIT OR POWDER RESIDUE WHICH CAN INTERFERE WITH THE FUNCTION OF YOUR PISTOL.

FIGURE 16



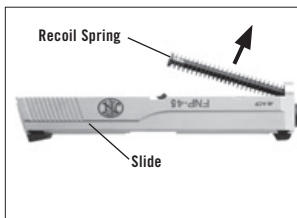
Rotate the takedown lever downward.

FIGURE 17



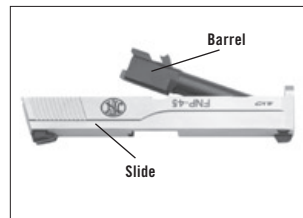
Bring the slide forward and off of the frame.

FIGURE 18



Remove the recoil spring from the slide.

FIGURE 19



Remove the barrel from the slide.

14.1. DISASSEMBLING THE PISTOL

It is very important to become familiar with the disassembly procedure of the pistol as disassembly is required during the cleaning and lubrication procedure which ensures reliable operation of the pistol. Wear eye protection when disassembling and cleaning to prevent the possibility of springs, spring-tensioned parts, solvent or other agents from contacting your eyes.

1. Completely unload the pistol as described in Section 13.1.
2. Pull the slide fully rearward and lock it into its rear position by pressing the ambidextrous slide release upward.
3. At the left side of the pistol, rotate the takedown lever 90° clockwise (Figure 16).
4. While holding the slide in its rear position with one hand, release the slide by pushing downward on the ambidextrous slide release.
5. Still holding the slide, let it slowly return forward and continue this movement in order to separate the slide from the frame (Figure 17).
6. Hold the slide upside down.
7. While compressing the recoil spring, release its rear end from the barrel lug and then lift the spring up and out of the slide (Figure 18).

8. Grip the barrel by its lug and then lift it up and out of the slide (Figure 19).

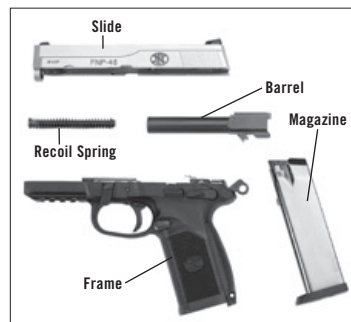
This level of disassembly (Figure 20) is sufficient to perform thorough cleaning. Further disassembly should only be carried out by an authorized armorer or by the FNH USA Product Service Center.

14.2. ASSEMBLING THE PISTOL

To assemble the pistol, follow the steps listed in Section 14.1 in reverse order, taking into account the following points:

- Ensure that all the components of the pistol are perfectly clean.
- When inserting the barrel back into the slide, ensure that barrel muzzle is oriented correctly and that the barrel itself fits correctly into the slide.
- Ensure that the front end of the recoil spring fits correctly into its position in

FIGURE 20



Do not disassemble the pistol beyond this point.

the slide and that the rear end of the spring fits correctly onto the barrel lug.

- When fitting the slide back onto the frame of the pistol, ensure that the grooves in the slide fit correctly onto the guides on the frame.

IMPORTANT: Please note that the slide cannot be fitted onto the frame when a magazine has been inserted into the pistol grip.

IMPORTANT: If, for any reason, the hammer is decocked, cock it by pulling it back with the thumb in order to facilitate the installation of the slide.

- After reassembling the pistol, decock the hammer as described in Section 7.1.

14.3. DISASSEMBLING THE MAGAZINE

Disassembling the magazine takes only a few seconds and should be a part of the pistol's normal maintenance.

1. If not already done, press the ambidextrous magazine release in order to eject the magazine from the pistol and unload it completely (refer to Section 13.2.).
2. Using a tool such as a small screwdriver, press on the protruding part of the magazine bottom catch through the hole in the magazine bottom plate. Hold the catch in that position and then slide the magazine bottom plate halfway forwards.
3. While holding the magazine bottom catch (which is subjected to the force of the follower spring) in position, slide the magazine bottom plate off the magazine body and then carefully release the pressure on the follower spring.
4. Remove the follower spring together with the magazine follower and the magazine bottom catch.

This level of disassembly is sufficient to perform thorough cleaning. Further disassembly should only be carried out by an authorized armorer or by the FNH USA Product Service Center.

14.4. ASSEMBLING THE MAGAZINE

To assemble the magazine, follow the steps listed in Section 14.3. in reverse order, taking into account the following points:

- Ensure that all the components of the magazine are perfectly clean.
- Ensure that the magazine follower and the magazine bottom catch fit correctly onto the follower spring and that the assembly is oriented correctly.
- The magazine bottom plate can only be slid back into position when the magazine bottom catch is pushed far enough into the magazine body.
- Ensure that the magazine bottom plate correctly locks into position.

14.5. CLEANING AND LUBRICATION BEFORE FIRING

The following procedure assumes that the pistol has correctly been cleaned and lubricated the last time it has been used (also refer to Section 6).

1. Disassemble the pistol as shown in Section 14.1.
2. Using a cleaning rod and patches, working them back and forth, remove the storage lubricant from the inside of the barrel, until the patches come out clean.

NOTICE! BE CAREFUL NOT TO SCRATCH OR DAMAGE THE MUZZLE AS THIS CAN AFFECT ACCURACY. IT IS RECOMMENDED TO ONLY CLEAN THE BARREL FROM THE CHAMBER END.

3. Remove the storage lubricant from the outside of the barrel and then from the slide, the recoil spring and the frame.
4. Lightly lubricate the outside of the barrel with functional lubricant.
5. Reassemble the slide, the barrel and the recoil spring.
6. Lightly lubricate all the moving surfaces with functional lubricant.
7. Reassemble the pistol as shown in Section 14.2.

14.6. CLEANING AND LUBRICATION AFTER FIRING

1. Disassemble the pistol as shown in Section 14.1.
2. Using the cleaning brush or a spray, apply solvent inside the barrel and let the product work for a few minutes.
3. Using a cleaning rod and patches, working them back and forth, remove the solvent from the inside of the barrel, until the patches come out clean.

NOTICE! BE CAREFUL NOT TO SCRATCH OR DAMAGE THE MUZZLE AS THIS CAN AFFECT ACCURACY. IT IS RECOMMENDED TO ONLY CLEAN THE BARREL FROM THE CHAMBER END.

4. When the barrel is clean, again use a cleaning rod and patch, this time moistened with storage lubricant, to protect the inside of the barrel until the next use. Remember to wipe the inside of the barrel dry before shooting (Section 14.5).
5. Using a cleaning brush and solvent, remove any carbon or other deposits from the areas of the pistol attracting powder and primer residues, such as the slide, the chamber and the extractor.
6. Using a soft cloth or a rag, and solvent if necessary, remove any dirt from the magazine housing of the frame.

⚠️WARNING

MOST SOLVENTS ARE HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. WEAR EYE PROTECTION AND PRACTICE APPROPRIATE SAFETY MEASURES WHEN WORKING WITH SOLVENTS TO AVOID SERIOUS INJURY.

7. Thoroughly clean all of the parts of the pistol in order to remove the functional lubricant and dirt.
8. Check the disassembled parts of the pistol for signs of wear and/or damage.

In case of doubt about the condition of a part, consult your dealer or departmental armorer.

9. Using a soft cloth moistened with storage lubricant, lightly apply lubricant to all the external surfaces of the metal parts. The polymer grip does not require lubrication.
10. Reassemble the slide, the barrel and the recoil spring.
11. Apply one drop of storage lubricant to the slide rails, to the barrel lug and the muzzle.
12. Reassemble the pistol.
13. Clean the outside of the pistol in order to remove dirt, finger prints and excess lubricant.

14.7. CLEANING AND LUBRICATION OF THE MAGAZINE

1. Disassemble the magazine as shown in Section 14.3.
2. Using a soft cloth or a rag, thoroughly clean all the parts of the magazine.

- Using a soft cloth moistened with lubricant, lightly apply lubricant to all the external surfaces of the metal parts. Wipe off excess lubricant. Ensure that the inside of the magazine is dry.
- Reassemble the magazine Section 14.4.

15. TAKING CARE OF THE PISTOL

NOTICE! NEVER ATTEMPT TO TAKE YOUR PISTOL APART FURTHER THAN EXPLAINED IN THIS OWNER'S MANUAL. YOUR PISTOL IS A SPECIALIZED, FINELY FITTED MECHANISM. YOU MAY PERMANENTLY MAR IT BY ATTEMPTING TO DISASSEMBLE THE INNER MECHANISM ASSEMBLIES. IF FURTHER DISASSEMBLY FOR SERVICE OR CLEANING IS REQUIRED, TAKE YOUR FIREARM TO A FNH USA PRODUCT SERVICE CENTER OR A QUALIFIED GUNSMITH, OR SEND IT TO OUR ARNOLD, MISSOURI SERVICE FACILITY AS EXPLAINED UNDER "WARRANTY OR SERVICE."

NOTICE! YOUR PISTOL SHOULD BE INSPECTED EVERY 2000 ROUNDS AND/OR ONCE A YEAR BY A QUALIFIED GUNSMITH OR THE FNH USA PRODUCT SERVICE CENTER BECAUSE DAMAGE, WEAR AND CORROSION ARE NOT ALWAYS VISIBLE FROM THE OUTSIDE. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND MILITARY PERSONNEL SHOULD CONTACT THEIR DEPARTMENTAL ARMORER WHO WILL INSPECT THE PISTOL ON A YEARLY BASIS.

NOTICE! IF THE OPERATION OF THE PISTOL SEEMS ABNORMAL, REPORT IT TO YOUR DEALER OR DEPARTMENTAL ARMORER IMMEDIATELY.

FIGURE 21



Remove the back strap retaining screw.

FIGURE 22



Slide the back strap off the pistol.

- Always keep the pistol in immaculate condition and good working order.
- Always clean and lubricate the pistol after use.
- Regularly inspect the pistol, its parts and accessories.

16. ACCESSORIES

16.1. INTERCHANGEABLE BACK STRAPS

In order to optimize grip on the pistol as a function of the ergonomics of the shooter, two back straps, (one curved and one straight) are supplied. The back strap can be replaced as follows:

- Insert a 1/16 inch punch into the hole in the back strap and lightly push inwards to release the internal locking tab (Figure 21).
- While maintaining light pressure on the punch, slide the back strap downward and off the grip (Figure 22). Some force may be required to remove the back strap.
- Install the desired back strap by sliding it up the rail. It will snap into place.

16.2. ACCESSORY RAIL

The frame of the FNP-45 pistol has been provided with a rail onto which accessories, such as a laser sight or flashlight, can be installed. Follow the instructions included with the accessory when mounting it to your pistol.

17. SIGHT ADJUSTMENT

Never try to adjust the sights yourself. Send your pistol to the FNH USA Product Service Center, your departmental armorer or a qualified gunsmith for this adjustment.

18. TROUBLESHOOTING

If a problem cannot be solved by the few directives given below, the pistol should not be used and should be examined by your dealer or departmental armorer.

- **The cartridge is not chambered.**
The magazine has not been inserted correctly, is dirty or damaged
Improper ammunition is used.
The magazine has not been loaded correctly.
- **The slide does not close properly.**
See above.
Pistol is dirty or excessively lubricated.
- **The empty case jams in the chamber or at the ejection port.**
Insufficient recoil due to the pistol being dirty.
The ammunition gives insufficient recoil force.
Pistol is not or not enough lubricated.
Pistol is dirty or too heavily lubricated.
- **Hammer strikes but no discharge.**
Defective cartridge.
Hard primers.

19. SERVICE POLICY

FNH USA products are serviced by the FNH USA Product Service Center in Arnold, Missouri.

Please call (800) 635-1321 to discuss any product repair requirements.

Shipping Address:

FNH USA Product Service Center
3005 Arnold Tenbrook Road
Arnold, MO 63010-4728

20. WARRANTY OR SERVICE

If your FNH USA product should require service or repairs, we suggest you contact the FNH USA Product Service Center in Arnold, MO. Law enforcement and military users should contact their department or unit armorer.

For technical questions about your firearm or service, contact:

FNH USA Product Service Center
3005 Arnold Tenbrook Road
Arnold, MO 63010-4728
Phone: (800) 635-1321

When returning your FN firearm for servicing you must do the following:

1. Be sure it is completely unloaded.
2. Remove the scope, optics or accessories.
3. Package it securely in a cardboard container.
4. Enclose the service/repair form available at www.fnhusa.com or a letter that clearly describes the trouble experienced, the ammunition used and the repairs desired. Also include your name and a daytime phone number where you can be reached.

- 5 If convenient, send a copy of the service/repair form or letter to us separately.
- 6 Never return ammunition with your firearm. It is against postal and most commerce regulations.

If you have any questions about this owner's manual or other FNH USA products, contact:

FNH USA, LLC
Commercial and Law Enforcement Sales
Phone (703) 288-1292 extension 122

Or visit us online at www.fnhusa.com

IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR OPERATING YOUR FN FIREARM, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO CONTACT THE FNH USA PRODUCT SERVICE CENTER AT (800) 635-1321 BEFORE USING THE FIREARM.

This owner's manual should always accompany this pistol and be transferred with it upon any change of ownership.

21. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Caliber	: 45 ACP
Type of fire	: Double-Action/Single Action Autoloader
Trigger pull	: Single-action : 3.75-6.0 lbs. Double-action : 8.0-10.0 lbs.
Weight	: Without magazine : 29.9 oz. With empty 14-round magazine : 33.2 oz. With full 14-round magazine : 43.2 oz.
Length	: 7.87"
Height	: 6.33"
Width	: 1.58"
Barrel length	: 4.5" (bore and chamber)
Rifled length	: 3.350"
Number of grooves	: 6
Twist and direction	: 1:16", right-hand
Magazine capacity	: 10-rounds (limited-capacity magazine) 14-rounds (high-capacity magazine)
Sight Radius	: 6"
Effective range	: 55 yd.
Lethal range	: 886 yd.
Maximum range	: 1887 yd.

All specifications subject to changes without notice.

NOTES

NOTES



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