

Hello, all

Today we finished workbook lesson 8 and learned about different measure words which use them for various nouns. The attachment below would help to get a better understanding of how to apply measure words and you can save it as a reference to use next time that would help your kids to remember easily.

The homework for the week is to use the following measure words to write 3 examples for each, it should be a phrase not a sentence.

(個, 本, 件, 隻, 把, 雙, 杯, 包, 頭, 輛, 束, 台, 張, 支, 條)

For example: the measure word 輛

3 phrase of sample can be: 一輛汽車, 五輛校車, 十輛公共汽車

\* STRUCTURE TO USE MEASURE WORD: Number + MW + Noun

Reminder: No class on next Saturday, March 27th

As always, please feel free to reach out if you have any questions or concerns. I hope you all have a great spring break!

Kindly,  
Ms. Tan

## Measure Words 量词 liàng cí

它用来测量名词的数量。结构是“数字+量词+名词”。

在中文中，无论是单数还是复数，名词没有任何变化，不用加s和es，是用数字来指定数量。量词的使用通常基于名词的形状，特征，容器等。

It is used to measure words to count nouns. The structure is “number + measure word + noun.” In Chinese, there are no changes in the noun, no matter it's singular or plural, the Chinese use the number to specify the quantity. And the use of the measure words is often based on the noun's shape, characteristic, container, or common use.

本 (běn)

books and other paper media, like magazines, that are bound together



### Examples

一本书 (Yī běn shū) :  
One book

这本书 (Zhè běn shū) :  
This book

件 (jiàn)

commonly used for clothing, events, things



### Examples

这件裤子 (Zhè jiàn kùzi) :  
This pant

那件衬衫 (Nà jiàn chènshān) :  
That shirt

只 (zhī)

addresses one of a pair,, counts animals, birds, some utensils, vessels



### Examples

一只小狗 (Yī zhī xiǎo gǒu) :  
A puppy

一只鞋 (Yī zhī xié) : One shoe  
of the pair

把 (bǎ)

used with long, flat objects that have a hilt or handle; specifically used for keys, scissors, swords, and guns



**Examples**

这把剪刀 (Zhè bǎ jiǎndāo) : this scissors

一把枪 (Yī bǎ qiāng) : one gun

双 (shuāng)

classifier for a pair of objects, like shoes or legs



**Examples**

一双鞋 (Yīshuāng xié) : one pair of shoes

一双腿 (Yīshuāng tuǐ) : pair of legs

杯 (bēi)

used to quantify liquids by cups, glass, some containers of liquids



**Examples**

三杯可乐 (Sān bēi kělè) : three cups of cola

一杯啤酒 (Yībēi pǐjiǔ) : one beer

颗 (kē)

usually used for something spherical like fruits, balls, pearls, corn grain, teeth, heart, satellites



**Examples**

这颗珍珠 (Zhè kē zhēnzhū) : this pearl

两颗牙齿 (Liǎng kē yáchǐ) : Two teeth

堆 (duī)

indicates a pile of something



**Examples**

一堆水果 (Yī duī shuǐguǒ) : One pile of fruits

两堆垃圾 (Liǎng duī lèsè) : Two piles of Garbage

包 (bāo)

applied when objects are grouped by pouches or bags.



**Examples**

这包 (Zhè bāo) : This package

两包 (Liǎng bāo) : Two bags

## 位 (Wèi)

Used for people  
(honorific), binary bits



### Examples

十六位 (Shíliù wèi) : Sixteen bits

两位 (Liǎng wèi) : Two people, generally used in restaurants

## 头 (Tóu)

Cattle, Pigs and livestock



### Examples

五头牛 (Wǔ tóu niú) : Five cows

两头猪 (Liǎngtóu zhū) : two pigs

## 辆 (Liàng)

Classifiers for vehicles



### Examples

三辆车 (Sān liàng chē) : Three cars

## 束 (shù)

Classifier for bunches, "bundle" of flowers; beam of light, laser.



### Examples

两束鲜花 (Liǎng shù xiānhuā) : two bundle of flowers

一束光 (Yī shù guāng) : one beam of light

## 台 (Tái)

Classifier for machines, vehicles, laptop, calculator, stapler, etc



### Examples

一台笔记本电脑 (Yī tái bǐjìběn diànnǎo) : a laptop

一台计算器 (Yī tái jìsuàn qì) : A calculator

## 张 (zhāng)

Classifiers for flat objects, sheets, votes



### Examples

一张桌子 (Yī zhāng zhuōzi) : a table

一张票 (Yī zhāng piào) : one ticket

部 (bù)

novels 小說/小说,  
movies 電影/电影, TV  
dramas etc.; vehicles (如：一部大巴)



**Examples**

一部精彩的电影 (Yī bù jīngcǎi de diànyǐng) — A wonderful movie

所 (suǒ)

or buildings whose purposes are explicitly stated, e.g. hospitals 醫院/医院. Otherwise can use "座"



**Examples**

这是一所非常有名的大学  
Zhè shì yī suǒ fēicháng yǒumíng de dàxué (This is a very famous university)

条(tiáo)

Long, narrow, flexible objects (fish 魚/鱼, dogs 狗, trousers 褲子/裤子, etc.), also for roads 路 and rivers 河, pertaining to human lives, one heart" (to work as one), classifiers for certain things like counter-measures, etc.



**Examples**

一条蛇 (Yītiáo shé) A snake

支 (zhī)

fairly long, stick-like objects (pens chopsticks, roses, rifles etc.), fleets



**Examples**

一支笔 (Yī zhī bǐ) one pen

座 (zuò)

large mansion;  
mountains;



**Examples**

这座大厦 (Zhè zuò dàshà)  
This building

匹(pǐ)

Horses, mules and other mounts;  
also rolls/bolts of cloth



**Examples**

这匹马 (Zhè pǐ mǎ) This horse

## 量词 Measure Words

Measure words for	Simplified	Traditional	Pinyin	Sample
a chunk, piece or slice of something	块	塊	kuài	一块面包
a common measure word	个	個	ge	一个杯子
a course of a meal	道	道	dào	一道菜
a pair of pants or a skirt	条	條	tiào	一条裤子
a piece of paper	张	張	zhāng	一张纸
a book, album	本	本	běn	一本书
a bottle	瓶	瓶	píng	一瓶水
a can	罐	罐	guàn	一罐可乐
clothing or an event	件	件	jiàn	一件衣服
date	号	號	hào	五月三号
flat thing	张	張	zhāng	一张毯子
kind; sort; type	种	種	zhǒng	一种食物
kind; type	样	樣	yàng	一样东西
liquid contained in a cup	杯	杯	bēi	一杯茶
a month	月	月	yuè	四月八号
a pair of	双	雙	shuāng	一双鞋
people	口	口	kǒu	两口人
a class period	堂	堂	táng	一堂课
a pot	壶	壺	hú	一壶酒
a set; suit	套	套	tào	一套西服
a share; portion	份	份	fèn	一份
a small animal	只	隻	zhī	一只狗
a stick-like item	支	枝	zhī	三支笔
a year (of age)	岁	歲	sui	十岁
a quarter	刻	刻	kè	三点一刻
one tenth of a 元 yuán, a dime or ten pennies	毛	毛	máo	五毛钱
a grade	年级	年級	niánjí	四年级

<p>gè 个</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一个人</li> <li>一个问题</li> <li>一个苹果</li> <li>一个星期</li> </ul>  <p>每个小朋友在校园里玩得很开心。</p>	<p>zhī 只</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>三只羊</li> <li>两只脚</li> <li>一只船</li> </ul>  <p>一只青蛙一张嘴，两只眼睛四条腿。</p>	<p>tái 台</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一台戏</li> <li>一台电视机</li> </ul>  <p>有台电脑好上网。</p>	<p>shuāng 双</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一双鞋</li> <li>一双手</li> </ul>  <p>金鱼有双大眼睛。</p>	<p>bǎ 把</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一把梳子</li> <li>一把葱</li> <li>一把火</li> <li>一把刀</li> </ul>  <p>猪八戒扛着一把大钉耙。</p>
<p>miàn 面</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一面红旗</li> <li>一面镜子</li> </ul>  <p>一面小花鼓，鼓上画老虎。</p>	<p>jiàn 件</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一件衣服</li> <li>一件事</li> <li>一件行李</li> </ul>  <p>小弟弟穿了一件红衣裳。</p>	<p>zhī 支</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一支铅笔</li> <li>一支蜡烛</li> <li>一支队伍</li> </ul>  <p>妈妈教我一支歌。</p>	<p>kǒu 口</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一口井</li> <li>一口缸</li> </ul>  <p>这口井的水很清凉。</p>	<p>pǐ 匹</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一匹马</li> <li>一匹马</li> </ul>  <p>这是一匹千里马。</p>
<p>duǒ 朵</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一朵云</li> <li>一朵浪花</li> <li>一朵花</li> </ul>  <p>葵花朵朵向太阳。</p>	<p>kē 颗</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一颗星</li> <li>一颗糖</li> <li>一颗牙</li> <li>一颗子弹</li> </ul>  <p>天上每颗星亮晶晶。</p>	<p>wèi 位</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一位老人</li> <li>一位客人</li> </ul>  <p>这位警察叔叔正在执行任务。</p>	<p>kuài 块</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一块石头</li> <li>一块肉</li> <li>一块田</li> <li>一块布</li> </ul>  <p>我有一块小手表。</p>	<p>běn 本</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一本书</li> <li>一本账</li> </ul>  <p>阿姨很认真的在看这本书。</p>
<p>tiáo 条</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一条毛巾</li> <li>一条新闻</li> <li>一条江</li> <li>一条路</li> </ul>  <p>大灰狼有条长尾巴。</p>	<p>gēn 根</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一根甘蔗</li> <li>两根筷子</li> </ul>  <p>一根绳子，跳呀跳。</p>	<p>kē 棵</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一棵树</li> <li>一棵苗</li> </ul>  <p>好大一棵树，人们在下面乘凉。</p>	<p>zuò 座</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一座山</li> <li>一座桥</li> <li>一座高楼</li> </ul>  <p>一座座房子，一棵棵大树。</p>	<p>liàng 辆</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一辆汽车</li> <li>一辆坦克</li> <li>一辆自行车</li> </ul>  <p>公路上，汽车一辆接一辆。</p>
<p>duī 堆</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一堆沙子</li> <li>一堆人</li> </ul>  <p>我有好大一堆玩具。</p>	<p>qún 群</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一群人</li> <li>一群羊</li> <li>一群建筑</li> </ul>  <p>一群动物在草地上开会。</p>	<p>zhǒng 种</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一种蔬菜</li> <li>一种办法</li> <li>一种情况</li> </ul>  <p>鲸是一种哺乳动物。</p>	<p>zhāng 张</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一张嘴</li> <li>一张纸</li> <li>一张床</li> </ul>  <p>一张张笑脸，一朵朵花。</p>	<p>fù 副</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>一副眼镜</li> <li>一副对联</li> <li>一副手套</li> </ul>  <p>奶奶戴了副老花镜。</p>