

**DESIGN GUIDELINES
FOR
THE COVES AT SAILING HAWKS**

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1. INTRODUCTION

The Coves at Sailing Hawks is destined to become one of the premier residential neighborhoods in Lake Havasu City. The Coves at Sailing Hawks offers superb views above natural bluffs, wetlands and beautiful Lake Havasu, itself. In addition to offering this unparalleled natural environment, the objective of The Coves at Sailing Hawks is to provide for distinctive and exciting architectural design.

The vision of The Coves at Sailing Hawks is predicated upon the sensitive integration of lifestyle and environment. To this end, these Design Guidelines attempt to create a unifying theme and a unique identity for The Coves at Sailing Hawks by incorporating the appropriate use of building materials, landscaping materials and architectural design elements that will contribute less to the ornamental aspects of the homes and more to the integrity of the village as a whole.

Moreover, as neighborhoods, streets and trails are completed in Sailing Hawks, there will be a subtle and pleasant transition from one village to the next, creating a favorable look for the entire development.

The purpose of this document is to communicate the specific use and design elements that will contribute to creating a special residential character for The Coves at Sailing Hawks. Also, this document describes the design review application and approval procedure for the Design Review Committee (the "Committee") of The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

These Architectural and Landscaping Design Guidelines (Design Guidelines) are for Residences and related Improvements that are to be built at The Coves at Sailing Hawks. These Design Guidelines function to unify the community as a whole through the implementation of high development standards and excellence of design in order to create and enhance lasting values. Copies of the Design Guidelines are available at The Coves at Sailing Hawks Sales Center or from the Committee.

The design review for each dwelling is subject to the approval of the Committee to ensure continuity of excellence throughout The Coves at Sailing Hawks. This review is not intended to supersede the permitting functions of the public agencies (compliance with which is the responsibility of each Homesite Owner) but to coordinate aesthetic design and construction standards for the development of all residences and other improvements throughout The Coves at Sailing Hawks. Authority for design review of all Improvements within The Coves at Sailing Hawks, but not limited to, the acceptable design, size, landscaping, hardscaping, setting, materials, colors, setbacks, and all elements of design review or the Homesites and Residences proposed for the Neighborhood. The Committee will exercise its authority for design review within the spirit and intent of the Design Guidelines. Any Owner seeking design review must comply with the review process described in the Design Guidelines and with the design standards expressed in the Design Guidelines.

2. PHILOSOPHY

2.1 Why Green Building?

Real estate development has a significant effect on our regional and global environments. In the process of development, resources are consumed, natural habitats are altered, and the ecological systems that support life are affected. This has been the case for thousands of years, but as the world's population and patterns of consumption have increased, the impacts have become more critical. There are growing initiatives that use resources more efficiently and wisely. Increasing energy efficiency and improving indoor air quality are instrumental in the construction of healthy and comfortable buildings. Also, reducing water consumption and controlling the amount of waste generated during construction help to conserve natural resources. By providing for energy, water, and resource conservation, comfort is enhanced and operating costs are lowered. With Green Building, we can conserve limited resources and protect our natural environment for the long-term health of our planet and future generations.

2.2 Increasing Energy Efficiency

Decisions made during the design and construction of a building will affect the environment for decades to come. An integrated design approach can result in energy savings through the proper utilization of windows, lighting, mechanical systems, and active/passive solar systems. Such an integrated design includes:

- Selecting energy-efficient heating/cooling equipment (min. SEER 14), lighting (CFL, halogen incandescent and LED), and appliances.
- Installing high-performance low-e windows
- Locating windows to take advantage of natural light and cross ventilation; using external shading devices for unwanted heat gain
- Incorporating passive solar design strategies; orienting and zoning interior spaces for seasonal benefits (reducing energy load and maximizing comfort)
- Using a well-insulated building envelope with internal thermal mass
- Sealing and insulating ducts; locating ducts within air-conditioned space where possible
- Considering active solar system (i.e. water heating and photovoltaic/solar electric)

2.3 Providing for Efficient Water Use

In the desert, the environment imposes a natural mandate as to how we should build in order to manage water. The depletion of groundwater is an especially critical issue of concern in Arizona. The State Department of Water Resources has implemented a water management program to address this

regional problem. It is absolutely essential to incorporate water management strategies into building and site design. In order to do this, it is necessary to:

- Use low-flow plumbing fixtures (i.e. dual flush toilets) and water efficient appliances (i.e. horizontal axis washing machines)
- Incorporate an efficient hot water delivery system (i.e. tankless, recirculation, centrally located water heater)
- Provide or convert desert-appropriate landscaping (xeriscape)
- Consider gray water usage, which takes the waste water from such locations as bathroom sinks, showers, bathtubs and laundry rooms and uses it for landscape irrigation
- Collect and direct rainwater for irrigation

3. SITE DESIGN GUIDELINES

Evaluate the daytime and nighttime quality of your views and arrange your living spaces to correspond to these differences. Consider the impact of future homes upon the views and privacy of your own home and, conversely, consider the impact of your home upon the views and privacy of your neighbors.

The master-grading plan for The Coves at Sailing Hawks has created individual lot pads and lot grades that may be changed with the approval of the Design Review Committee. The lots may be lowered to accommodate building heights greater than 15 feet. All lots must drain to the streets. Changes to the natural or existing drainage patterns for surface waters on any lot are prohibited.

Good planning is essential in minimizing energy use and waste. Following are just a few of the factors your professional planner should consider in planning your new home:

- Protect all glass areas exposed in summer with recesses, overhangs, or other devices to minimize heat gain.
- Consider the advantages and disadvantages of prevailing breezes. Lake Havasu City enjoys a pleasant and desirable breeze in the summer months out of the southwest. A cold and undesirable wind in the winter comes out of the northwest.
- Passive solar design is encouraged
- Active solar panels are acceptable, based on Design Review Committee approval
- Remember that you are designing for Lake Havasu City, Arizona. Study its climate and natural environment; these efforts will pay dividends

3.1 Site Development Guidelines

The following guidelines are standard for all site work relating to the Homesite, including grading, landscaping, siting of structures, and outdoor areas.

Owners should obtain the services of a professional Architect, Civil Engineer or Landscape Architect/Designer. These professionals have the ability to analyze the unique potential of each site and to understand and address the needs of the Owner. The lot owners are also capable of portraying to the Committee, through detailed drawings and renderings, the site and landscape design concept.

To assist in the creation of a quality, environmentally responsible community, which preserves and enhances the desert setting, the site design and landscape of each Homesite shall be carefully planned according to the following standards:

3.2 Lot Exhibits/Survey

Lot Exhibits have been prepared for each Homesite within The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

Lot Exhibits indicate the Building Envelope, building setbacks, building heights and any additional consideration, such as slope information.

Lot Exhibits provide the Owner and design professionals with the relevant site data necessary to design and develop plans for the property based on these Design Guidelines.

Copies of Lot Exhibits are available at The Coves at Sailing Hawks Sales Center or from the Committee.

3.3 Building Envelopes

Building Envelopes have been established for all Homesites in order to ensure that every home is sited in the most appropriate location.

Established Building Envelopes are illustrated on the Lot Exhibits for each property.

All structural improvements on a Homesite (including outdoor amenities such as covered patios, accessory buildings, and related Improvements) must take place within the Building Envelope area or approved by Committee.

3.4 Combining Homesites

When an Owner combines two or more Homesites, the Committee will designate a new Building Envelope based on the new lot lines and the above criteria.

3.5 Easements

Along with the street right-of-way, an adjacent on-site eight foot (8'-0") wide strip easement exists within each Homesite. This easement has been established for utilities and landscape (or streetscape). It is the responsibility of the Owner to landscape and maintain this area in accordance with approved plans.

Each Homesite is served with underground electricity, television cable, telephone, sewer, gas lines, and water lines. The location of an easement for these utilities is the responsibility of the Owner to determine and should be confirmed in the field when a survey of the Homesite is performed to verify the boundary and topographic features and future placement of other improvements.

Landscaping and the building of driveways or fencing within utility easements is permissible if done in accordance with an approved plan. There is a need for access to utilities. The Utility Companies, The Coves at Sailing Hawks Homeowners Association, Inc. (the "Association"), and the Developer have no responsibility for damage to Owner improvements when accessing such utilities.

All utility company pull boxes, transformers, and similar facilities have been set at or below grade whenever possible, and within the easement. Future planting and grading must be designed and implemented to further diminish the visual impact of these facilities. The Committee will review individually all improvements planned for inclusion over easements or public agencies as well as those held by the Association.

Easements that are located on Homesites include, but are not limited to, emergency access, electricity, television, telephone, gas lines, water lines, irrigation lines, sewers, storm drainage, and utilities. Locations of these easements are found on the corresponding tract map or within a separate instrument. It is the Owner's responsibility to confirm the location and purpose of all easements and the Improvements within the easements.

The Owner or Owner's design consultants should check with the Committee and local governmental agencies and utilities to determine restrictions relating to improvements constructed within easements.

3.6 Grading and Drainage

In the desert, water does not come often, but when it does it often comes hard and fast. Because of the rocky impermeable surfaces that makeup the desert floor, adequate drainage patterns must be provided to deal with runoff. To prevent erosion damage to adjacent Homesites, streets, and Improvements, all water must be directed to natural and designated

drainage swales, washes, storm drainage systems, or the street. Along with the flow paths and contouring of a narrow channels where erosion and damage are sure to occur. Whenever possible, retaining walls, retention swales, dry wells, and drainage basins should be used throughout the Homesite to contain water onsite and minimize the amount of runoff.

3.6.1 Grading:

- No aesthetic landscape berming shall direct drainage onto adjacent Homesites.
- All berming shall occur within the Building Envelope. All slope transitions shall be even and smooth rather than abrupt and unnatural looking.
- Landscape berming shall be in conformance with the overall approved drainage patterns established at The Coves at Sailing Hawks
- No grading shall be done that may cause erosion, on or off-site. No slopes shall be steeper than 2:1 except where a variance is allowed by the Committee at the Committee's sole discretion.
- All finished grading must comply with any local jurisdictional codes.
- Any imported soil needed to created landscape berming shall be free of weeds and debris.
- Final grading of all planting areas shall be rolled, raked, and hand worked to achieve a smooth, continuous surface.

3.6.2 Drainage

- Concentrated run-off from roofs, driveways, and other impervious surfaces onto adjacent property is prohibited except where a natural drainage condition exists.
- Drainage swales shall be designed to minimize run-off velocity to protect the Homesite from erosion. There shall be no increased water flows off of Homesites.
- Drainage shall always be directed away from any structure.
- All excavation and fill areas shall be sufficiently compacted to prevent erosion and future settling problems.

3.7 Retaining Wall, Fence Walls, and Fences

Portions of the Homesite may require the need for retaining walls, fence walls, and fences. All retaining walls, fence walls, and fences should be of natural desert hues and must blend in with the surrounding landscape and Improvements.

Retaining walls may never exceed eight (8') feet in height from the lowest elevation on either side of the wall. In areas where additional retaining walls in excess of eight (8') feet are required, a terraced effect must be implemented. These terraces must have a minimum of three (3') feet of separation between walls and must be landscaped to help minimize the

effects of the walls.

All walls must be reinforced with iron, and comply with the set-back requirements of the Plat and the Declaration.

Prior to construction or alteration of any retaining walls, fence walls, or fencing, detailed plans indicating materials, colors, heights, elevation changes and locations on the Homesite must be submitted to the Committee for approval.

- The maximum approved slope from property line to top of wall is 2 to 1, except where a variance is allowed by the Committee and Local Building Authorities.
- All Retaining Walls, Fence Walls, and Fences must be contained within the Property line.

3.8 Driveways

Driveways shall be carefully designed, landscaped and sited to blend with the terrain and to minimize visibility from adjacent Homesites and the street.

- Exposed aggregate, stone, concrete pavers, colored concrete either stamped, salt finish or punctuated by the masonry used on the building are all acceptable driveway materials. Materials for driveways shall be chosen to be sympathetic to those of the residence and abutting street pavement material. Asphalt driveways will not be approved.
- Concrete colors should reflect the warm, rich desert hues of the surrounding site. Uncolored concrete may not be used.
- All driveways should be constructed to intersect with streets at approximately 90 degree angles for safety, visibility, and continuity.
- Driveways, including curb cuts, shall be a maximum of thirty-two (32) feet wide, except at the driveway apron and where driveways provide a turnaround at a garage or are used in conjunction with on-street parking. Parking and turnaround areas must be located within the Building Envelope.

3.9 Parking and Garages

Parking and garage layouts shall be carefully designed and landscaped so that their visibility is minimized from adjacent Homesites and the street.

- Each Homesite shall contain an enclosed garage, either attached or detached from the residence, with parking for at least two automobiles.
- For those Homesites that have front loaded garages, the garage building shall be set back a minimum of twenty-five (25'). Landscaping shall be provided in planting pockets in the front and sides of the garage to visually soften the appearance of the garage and its doors.

- Recessed garage doors (minimum of eight (8”) inches) are required.
- Garages must be fully enclosed. All walls and ceilings are to have a finished surface. Carports are not permitted as primary parking for the residence. However, breezeways are permitted subject to Committee approval.

3.10 Service Areas and Utility Entrance Locations

Service areas are intended primarily for the pickup of trash and for the storage of firewood, maintenance tools, and similar items. Pool, air conditioning, irrigation, and other mechanical equipment also must be located in these areas or underground. Walls are required around service areas and must be of an adequate height and length to conceal all equipment from view. The interior of enclosed service areas must not be visible from the street or adjacent properties.

3.11 Art Objects

Art and other freestanding objects are discouraged. If present, art and other freestanding objects must be located within the Building Envelope. If visible from streets and/or other public area, art objects must be approved by the Committee.

3.12 Satellite Dishes

Satellite dishes shall not exceed eighteen (18”) inches in diameter and shall be located on the back 1/3 of the house.

3.13 Poles

A flagpole for the display of the American flag, or other flag(s) permitted pursuant to ARS §33-1808.A. only shall be permitted subject to Committee approval of placement, design and height. The height shall not exceed fifteen feet (15’). If lighted, the light shall be from the ground up. No flagpole shall be used as an antenna.

3.14 Signage

The only signage permitted on a Homesite without further approval of the Committee are the address numbers as part of the approved mailbox, and those signs permitted pursuant to ARS §33-1808.

4. LANDSCAPE DESIGN GUIDELINES

4.1 Landscape Approach

All landscape designs need to be approved by the Design Review Committee. Landscaping is a valuable tool available to the homeowner and the community the progressive and natural beauty of The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

The intent of the Landscape Design Guidelines is to promote the establishment of a continuous desert landscape that compliments the existing Mohave Desert environment. In order to blend with the

existing setting, a desert theme has been created by re-vegetating and landscaping with similar plants by creating such a desert theme, a unique and special character will be created. This character is reinforced throughout.

Desert landscaping does not mean sand or gravel with an occasional cactus. A vast number of plants exist which are native to the southwestern deserts that are lush and green in appearance. Cactus and succulents can be used in limited numbers as accents and focal points. Numerous colorful annuals and perennials are available and encouraged to add accent and seasonal color to the design. Greener tropical-like plants may be used to create a lush and cooling effect.

By using predominantly desert plant materials, the planted landscape shall not contrast or compete with the existing natural setting. To achieve this, a special plant pallet has been developed for the community. The plants selected are adapted to the harsh desert climate of heat, wind and sun. The unique characteristics of these plants allow them to survive and thrive in this climate with a minimum amount of water. The use of these desert plants will enhance the existing environment and wildlife habitat while helping blend and minimize the impact of the new improvements and homes throughout the property.

The landscape design of each Homesite shall extend, preserve and enhance the overall landscape theme of the community.

Views of the natural open spaces, mountains, and Lake Havasu are found throughout many Homesites. Therefore, the placement and selection of tree types and sizes must be carefully considered in order to protect and enhance the valuable assets that these views provide to the community. Respect should be considered for neighboring Homesites within the community.

Excessive and stylized pruning of plant material will not be allowed as pruning should only enhance the natural growth habits of the plant material to help achieve a more natural look.

To tie in with the natural character of desert trees, the use of multi-trunk trees is highly preferred over the typical standard or single-trunk trees. Trees should be planted singly or in natural groupings.

Any portion of a Homesite not covered by buildings, patios, driveways, and sidewalks shall be landscaped as part of the improvements during the original construction of the home. All landscaped areas must be landscaped in accordance with these Landscape Design Guidelines and shall be irrigated with a fully automatic irrigation system.

4.2 Landscape Zones

There are two distinct Landscape Zones in relation to the landscape and the natural environment located within The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

- 1) The Public Zone
- 2) The Private Zone

4.2.1 The Public Zone

Natural rock formations and native plant groupings comprise the spectacular natural desert setting intrinsic to The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

The Public Zone is that portion of the Homesite that lies outside of the Building Envelope at the front of the house and is to remain essentially in its natural condition.

Landscaping within Public Zone shall, in general, incorporate a drier, more desert-like character that compliments the backdrop of the natural desert. No turf will be allowed in this zone unless it is bordered or enclosed by a screen wall.

Only plant materials from the Approved Plant List for the Public Zone may be used in the Public Zone. The Approved Plant List for the Public Zone may be obtained from the Committee.

4.2.2 The Private Zone

The Private Zone includes those portions of the Building Envelope and Homesite that are not visible from the streets, parks, natural open spaces, and neighboring Homesites because they are screened from view by privacy walls, buildings and / or other landscape elements; primarily the rear yard, side yards, and court yards.

Within this zone the Homeowner has more flexibility in creating a more lush and/ or ornamental landscape, provided that irrigation needs are not excessive. Turf is allowed in the Private Zone, along with a variety of plants that are not allowed in the Public Zone.

Only plant materials from the Approved Plant List for the Private Zone may be used in the Private Zone. The Approved Plant List for the Private Zone may be obtained from the Committee.

4.3 General Landscape Guidelines

- The Public Zone shall remain as natural desert to the greatest extent possible. Owners and contractors should do everything in their power to protect and preserve these Public Zone areas.
- Several types of plants are prohibited. They are listed in the Prohibited Plant List for The Coves at Sailing Hawks. The Prohibited Plant List may be obtained from the Committee. These plants are not permitted in any area of any Homesite because they can be potentially destructive to native plants or because of noxious pollen, excessive height, weed like growth habits, high water demands of other traits considered undesirable.
- Any exposed rock surfaces shall match as nearly as possible the color of the surrounding rocks. In some instances, exposed rock surfaces should be treated with an approved 'desert varnish'

(also called an oxidizing or aging agent) such as “Ebonite” or “Permeon”. This process restores the natural desert coloration to disturbed surfaces.

- Boulders may be used in the landscape. They shall be sunk a minimum of one-third (1/3) below grade and be massed in groupings of two or more to appear most natural looking. The boulder color shall match as nearly as possible to the color of the rocks in the surrounding landscape. An oxidizing or aging agent as described above may be used to achieve this desert varnish color.
- Turf shall be contained by a permanent edging or mowing strip to provide a clean appearance. To maximize the cooling effects of turf, these areas in general, should be located within the Private Area adjacent to or near the house where they are easily accessible for recreation and enjoyment. Other areas of Turf are by approval only, and must be screened from view.
- Owners and contractors should select plants that are the appropriate size and shape for the yard being designed and keep the mature size in mind to avoid the need for excessive continual pruning in the future, particularly in narrow side yards.
- Owners and contractors should locate shade trees near the house for their cooling effects and consider planting deciduous varieties on the south and west sides of the house so that the winter sun may bless the house and yard.
- The use of larger specimen trees is preferred in areas close to the house to help blend buildings with the site, accentuate entry areas, provide for climate amelioration, and to define patio and/or outdoor areas.
- No bushes or trees should be more than three (3) feet above walls.
- All irrigation shall be installed and working prior to or simultaneously with the installation of any plant material.

4.4 Groundcover / Rock Mulch

All landscape areas must be treated with a rock mulch ground cover material. A tie-in with the natural desert terrain of the decomposed granite is suggested. Rock mulch must cover all disturbed or unnatural surfaces throughout the Homesite at a minimum of three (3) inches in depth.

All Groundcover / Rock Mulch must be of desert hues that are reflected in the surrounding desert and mountains. Any rock that is obtrusive or contrasts with the natural desert will not be allowed. The Homeowner, designer, or contractor must submit samples and / or specifications for rock mulch to the Committee prior to installation.

4.5 Boulders

Boulders are encouraged for use in the landscape.

Boulders shall be sunk a minimum of one-third (1/3) below grade and be massed in groupings of two or more to appear as natural as possible. Any boulders that are too obtrusive or contrast with the natural desert will not be allowed. The color shall match as nearly as possible the color of the rocks in the surrounding landscape. An oxidizing or aging agent described in Section 4.3 may be used to achieve such desert varnish color.

4.6 Irrigation

To aid in water conservation, a careful planting design should reduce water consumption needs while using minimal and efficient irrigation systems:

- All landscaped areas shall be provided with an automatic irrigation system.
- All systems shall be below grades.
- All systems shall have a backflow prevention device to prevent non-potable water from entering the potable system.
- Irrigation controllers and backflow prevention devices shall be located where they are not visible to adjacent Homesites and the street.
- Where spray heads are used they shall be “pop-up” type. No exposed “knocker heads” are permitted.

4.7 Paths, Outdoor Stairs, and Terraces

Paths, outdoor stairs, and terraces are to be designed to blend with the natural desert environment.

- The use of natural materials, such as stone, chipped stone or gravel, is encouraged. Other paving materials such as concrete modular pavers, brick, block or similar materials may be approved, provided their colors, structure, and composition complement the residence and the surrounding landscape.
- Concrete shall be colored an appropriate color to avoid the starkness of “white” non-colored concrete.

4.8 Retaining Walls, Fence Walls, and Fences

In the tradition of design within desert climates, walls are used to enclose outdoor spaces and to extend building masses and living areas into the landscape. Walls are typically designed and constructed with considerable mass and thickness, and are punctuated with wrought iron, or glass and/or gates.

- Walls shall be utilized to enclose the Private Area and to act as a separation between the Private Area and the Public Areas.
- Retaining Walls shall not exceed six (8') feet in height.
- Fences and Fence Walls shall not exceed six (6') feet in height.
- Where appropriate, walls should be extensions of the residential structure and integrated into the overall architectural design.
- Acceptable finish materials for walls are stone, stucco, keystone type, or split face. Other materials may be used if reviewed and approved by the Committee.
- Walls should be constructed of materials and colors which match the building.
- Gates should both be in scale to surroundings walls and be detailed and designed to complement the architecture.
- Gate structures may be a maximum of eight feet (8') in height so as to accommodate overhead design features such as trellises and/or arbors.
- All walls must be of masonry, a minimum of six (6") inches in thickness and be appropriately

finished to match or complement the exterior of the house. Wall offsets of architectural detailing to create shadow lines and texture are required, to break up long, linear forms.

- Stucco wall ends should be detailed with piers, turned ends, or “bulges” to eliminate a thin wall appearance when viewed on the end.

4.9 Pools and Spas

All pools, spas, and related hardscape elements shall be located within the rear yard area of the Private Zone and effectively screened from off-site and adjacent Homesites within the community.

- Swimming pools and spas shall be designed to be visually connected to the residence through the use of privacy walls and courtyards. All supporting equipment and safety fencing must be screened from view and screened or located to attenuate sound to other Homesites or public areas.
- Above ground, pre-cast or molded pools and spas are not acceptable. Spas that are not visible from roadways or neighboring properties may be approved by the Committee. Custom designed in-ground spas are acceptable and encouraged.

4.10 Lighting

Exterior lighting shall be low level and directed downward, recessed, or shielded, so that the light source is not visible or obnoxious from residential development in the area, or from a public viewpoint.

- Any landscape lighting utilized shall be shielded to prevent nuisance glare onto adjacent properties.
- Lighting should be automated and controlled by a timer inside the house or photo-electric systems, and shall always be active, including those periods when the house is not occupied.
- All outdoor lighting fixtures shall be low voltage, (maximum 75 watts), and use LED lamps. No colored lamps shall be permitted (e.g. blue, green, red).
- Warm white and natural lamps are preferred to minimize glare and to be compatible with the warm desert hues.
- No exposed bulbs shall be permitted.
- Fixtures shall not exceed twenty-four (24”) inches in height.
- Fixtures finishes shall be selected to blend with the area they are placed within.

4.11 Water Features

Water features are discouraged unless they are water and energy efficient.

- Water features shall be kept in scale with the house and shall have limited jets, sprays, and surface area, to reduce the loss of water through evaporation.
- It is recommended that water features be designed within courtyards and Private Zones for the benefit of the Homeowners only.
- Any water feature visible to the public shall require approval by the Committee.
- Any flash evaporation (micro-mist) systems shall require approval by Committee.

4.12 Completion of Landscape

All landscape for each Homesite, as approved by the Committee, shall be completely installed within six months of the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

Upon completion of landscape and all exterior improvements to the property, the Homeowner will be eligible for a final inspection and request for return of the compliance deposit. Contact the Association for final inspection and for further information.

4.13 Maintenance

The Homeowner shall maintain all plantings in a healthy growing condition. Fertilizer, cultivation, and pruning shall be carried out on a regular basis.

- Dead and dying plants shall be removed and replaced promptly.
- Irrigation systems are to be kept in proper working condition to avoid unnecessary loss of water. Owners shall be responsible for adjusting, repairing, and cleaning such systems on a regular basis.
- The irrigation system shall be designed and checked regularly to ensure that water from emitters or spray heads is not spraying onto walks or driveways, or off the Owner's property causing excessive water loss, staining, or irrigating areas not designed to receive water.

4.14 Modifications to the Landscape

Any modifications to trees, palms, planted materials, hardscape elements, structural elements, and groundcover rock visible from the public view shall require approval by the Committee prior to the modifications being made.

5. ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN GUIDELINES

5.1 Architectural Approach

Colors and features must be chosen to blend with the naturally occurring desert and mountainscape as seen from a distance. Residences at The Coves at Sailing Hawks may be seen from above and from far distances and, therefore, should be composed of shapes and tones responding to the adjacent improved and natural environments.

The Architectural Approach to designing and building a home is one of the most critical steps in the design and building process. It is highly recommended that the Homeowner select a builder approved by the Committee before they begin the design process. By working closely with an approved builder, the Homeowner can minimize any problems or delays with the design and design review process while creating a plan that is value engineered to meet the client's budget and the aesthetic goals of these Design Guidelines of The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

5.2 Approved Roof Heights

The Architect is to design the residence to conform to the existing grades and elevations of the Lot Exhibit. The established finished grade and maximum height are specified on the Lot Exhibits.

5.3 Minimum Floor Area

The minimum floor area for any residence shall be a minimum of 2000 square feet. The minimum floor area shall not include the area enclosed for garages, porches, covered patios, terraces, and other similar areas.

5.4 Building Style

Building style should reflect the casual element of living in the desert climate. Architectural design is derived from a wide variety of influences including climactic, geographic, historical, and regional building traditions. This community shall adhere to a modern desert theme where contemporary clean lines, natural stonework and expansive glass are encouraged. While no one style is correct, buildings should incorporate elements found in these regional traditions in order to create a way of living in the desert.

In general, homes throughout The Coves at Sailing Hawks shall be designed to reflect a more “rugged” and/or “earthy” living style which borrows from the surrounding desert. Below are a few general notes to consider regarding to building style:

- Buildings in the desert should emphasize deep set doors and windows, recessed patios and portals, walled entries, radius corners and edges, and thick walls.
 - Buildings should utilize walls, terraces, patios and grading to make the building appear as if it “grows” out of the site and to reflect the “indoor/outdoor” traditions of living in the desert.
 - Buildings should be designed to be viewed from all sides by screening and/or designing service areas as an integral part of the overall architectural composition.
 - Designs based on a different climate, such as Plantation, Cape Cod, Victorian, etc. will not be approved.
- Owners and their Architects/Designers shall consider complementing architectural style and detailing with other homes in The Coves at Sailing Hawks.
- The use of natural materials such as stone, tile and stucco is preferred, provided they are colored and textured to compliment the surrounding landscape.
 - A variety of textures and colors should be used to develop interest when viewed form near and far. The building should create a presence, but not be excessive in nature. The building and landscaping should promote indoor and outdoor living Lake Havasu and the South West is known for.

5.5 Building Massing

In general, buildings shall be one story and follow natural site contours and surrounding conditions to the greatest extent possible. Building masses should be predominately horizontal rather than vertical, yet should not create long unbroken elements.

- Building designs shall incorporate varied projections such as wall offsets, trellises, decks or verandas that create visual interest and respond to the desert climate.
- Building length will not exceed thirty (30') feet in one direction without a change in direction, roof alignment, wall offset or elevation change. Roof lines shall be varied vertically a minimum of every twenty (20) feet.
- Entries shall be recessed and should be articulated with overhangs, porches and/or courtyards. The use of recessed doors (including garage doors) and window openings is required to help create a sense of permanence.
- Entry elements shall be in scale to the relative proportions of the home. Dominant or overly stylized entries shall be avoided. Emphasis shall be placed on massing for the entry elements and associated relative spaces.

5.6 Exterior Walls and Materials

All materials used on the house exterior should be compatible with, and complementary to each other and to the overall design in regard to: style, texture, color, and character.

- All exterior material shall be authentic and genuine in appearance. Materials must be used consistently around the entire building and not detract from the overall appearance of the building or neighborhood.
- Due to climactic extremes, the use of wood on a residential exterior should be limited in use to accent the architecture, such as painted or stained and treated fascia's, trim, or door and window detailing.
- Acceptable residential exterior materials include exterior plaster or stucco with a smooth to median float, natural or colored stone, and painted and/or stained wood accent areas, and split faced or integrated colored concrete masonry units.
- Materials which are inappropriate include exterior plaster or stucco using heavy textures such as swirl or heavy trowel, and exposed standard concrete block.

5.7 Colors

The color palette for The Coves at Sailing Hawks will use muted and recessive colors that will allow the natural colors of the desert to predominate and to complement rather than contrast with the setting. This is based on the colors and hues of the surrounding desert geology and landscape. In general, this will require adhering to the following basic color concepts:

- Earth tones: Earth tone colors, with their organic origins, should be used for the primary color composition.
- A wide variety of colors may be used, but must have a light reflective value (LRV) of 25 to 65. All paint manufacturers categorize their products by LRV, and this information is readily available.

In dealing with color the Committee will consider the entire community as well as the individual Residence or submission.

The Committee will review and approve colors and textures in a two-step process. During the

schematic design phase, the Owner may describe the color palette and indicate those colors on the exterior elevations. In the Construction Document Phase, the Owner will select the actual color and material samples. Based on these, the Owner will then be required to submit a material sample board showing representative samples of the intended colors, and materials and textures of the major building elements.

The palette and following Design Guidelines apply to all exterior surfaces of the house, including wall, parapets, roofs and all related fences and walls:

- No exterior materials used shall have a high gloss, glare, or reflective “mirror type” finish.
 - Colors application should be used consistently throughout each Homesite for all the building(s) and related outdoor areas and/or structures.
 - Colors for large field application shall be a combination of layering of two or three colors to achieve a “multi-hued” quality which changes with light and shadow, rather than a “flat” appearance. Large, monochromatic surfaces, with the exception of flat roofs, are not acceptable.
 - Accent colors should be carefully considered for front doors, window sashes, and other architectural elements so that they do not dominate or overwhelm the overall color composition.
- Exterior house colors should be complementary to exterior hardscape colors.
- Changes in exterior wall color should be made at “intent” intersections of wall and
 - not at exterior corners.

5.8 Roofs

From many viewpoints in and around the community, roofs will become the dominant element of the landscape and must create a harmonious relationship to the street, site and adjacent structures. All roofs shall be carefully designed in terms of color, material and shape so that they help to integrate the structure with its site and neighboring buildings.

- Generally, acceptable roof pitches at The Coves at Sailing Hawks may be flat or up to a pitch of 3:12 unless permitted by the Design Review Committee.
- Roof designs shall incorporate both flat and pitched roof elements to avoid the appearance of wide, unbroken roof planes as viewed from above or off site. A minimum of 60% of the total square footage of the residence (including garage area) must utilize a flat/low sloped roof.
- Roof overhangs, if present, shall be a maximum of three (3') feet at the rakes and eaves.
- Flat roofs are to be painted or sanded to match the exterior color of the house. Where flat roofs are used, white reflective colors are not permitted.

Asphalt shingles are prohibited.

Metal Roofing, where used, shall be architectural standing lock or batten seam prefinished system. No exposed fasteners are permitted.

5.9 Doors

Entry doors and entrances should have simple, straightforward lines which borrow from the regional southwest architectural traditions.

- Special consideration should be given to the entry door and door hardware. The entry should be a design which complements the architecture of the residence.
- Exterior doors should be consistent with each other. Similar jamb and head details should be used around the entire exterior of the house.
- Courtyards at or near entryways are encouraged.
- Garage overhead doors are required to be recessed twelve (12") inches and designed to be complementary to the overall integrity of the house. Garage doors of hinged section design are encouraged. One-piece or single slab type garage doors are prohibited.

5.10 Windows

Windows shall be recessed to create shade and shadow.

- Large window openings are encouraged.
Glass may be coated or tinted to control solar heat gain. Blue, green and reflective tints are prohibited.
- Canvas or similar type awnings over window and/ or entryways are discouraged and will be allowed only by Committee approval.

5.11 Fascia's

Consideration shall be given to the fascia as an architecturally integrated design element.

5.12 Chimneys

Fireplaces and chimneys are very dominant in an architectural design, and therefore, they need to be proportionate to and consistently detailed with the overall architectural design. Fire places must be equipped with an approved spark arrester. Flue pipes are required to be encased with a chimney enclosure of masonry or stucco and supported by a foundation at grade when located on an exterior wall. Exposed metal is not acceptable.

5.13 Skylights

Skylights must be integrally designed into the structure and should not be obtrusive. Skylight glare shall not be backlit or manufactured of reflective material. Skylight framing shall be colored or coated to match adjacent materials.

5.14 Solar Equipment

Solar equipment is encouraged but should integrate with the architectural design of the structure. Solar panels may not be visible to the adjacent properties or street. All solar design must be approved by the Committee.

5.15 Exterior Showers

Exterior shower enclosures or equipment should not be visually exposed to the adjacent property.

5.16 Mechanical Equipment, Sheet Metal, and Vents

- Roof mounted mechanical equipment is not permitted.
- All galvanized sheet metal (vents, ductwork, etc.) should be minimally exposed and must be coated to match adjacent materials. Plumbing vents, pipes, and similar elements, shall be limited in number and should be ganged or clustered resulting in a minimum number of vents exposed to view from the street and adjacent property. These elements should be located on the interior side of roof elements (away from the street), and when requested by the Committee, screened from view from other Homesites. Galvanized sheet metal enclosures of these elements are encouraged when integrated architecturally into the roof, and coated to match adjacent materials.

5.17 Guest Houses, Casitas, and Detached Garages

Guest houses should be designed as a single visual element with the residence, and should be visually connected by walls, courtyards, roofs, or other major elements. The guest house must comply with all zoning regulations, and all provisions of these Design Guidelines. No guest house or guest suite may be leased or rented. The maximum building height for Detached Garages or other structures is fifteen (15') feet above approved pad grades.

5.18 Exterior Trim and Detailing

Exterior trim and detailing shall be consistent around the entire house.

5.19 Foundations and Columns

Foundations shall be of pre-engineered concrete or post-tension slab. Columns are an important design element which should be carefully detailed without appearing unnecessarily ornamental or overly stylized. They shall be constructed with substantial materials, proportionate to other design elements, complementary to the overall architectural design, and consistently detailed.

- Columns which are appropriate for uses at The Coves at Sailing Hawks include: Cylindrical stucco/plaster, stone, rectangular stucco/plaster, square stucco/plaster or exposed wood (such as peeler poles).
- Columns shall not be overly stylized; such as Corinthian or Egyptian designs.

5.20 Garages and Parking

Each residence shall provide parking space within the building pad for at least two automobiles in an enclosed garage attached to the main structure of the dwelling. A minimum of two additional parking areas must be provided on the site to accommodate guest parking. No exterior storage of recreational vehicles, boats, or trailers will be permitted on the residential lots.

- The use of single-car garage doors is encouraged, even when multiple garage spaces are designed; this will help break up the massing and create variations in the elevation.

- Garage doors shall be recessed a minimum of twelve (12”) inches from the face of the garage.
- The maximum height of any garage door shall be fourteen (14’) feet unless the Architectural Committee approves additional height after review of plans and surrounding lots.

5.21 Patios and Courtyards

Patios and courtyards are encouraged and should be designed as integral parts of the dwelling, so that they maximize the enjoyment of Lake Havasu City’s climate and capitalize on the views.

5.22 Building Character and Elevations

All elevations shall continue the design theme; detail requirements are the same for the front, side and rear elevations. Within The Coves at Sailing Hawks, all residences shall be designed to incorporate a “360-degree architectural perspective.” Special consideration should be given to the following building elements:

- Courtyards: Entry courtyards are encouraged to create a transitional space between the public street and the front door and should be designed as a semi-private extension of the living areas of the house. The use of a significant specimen tree, stone or brick pavers, and small fountains will enhance the entry experience and the livability of the outdoor space. The courtyard may be defined by a perimeter wall and small entry gate or located between a detached “casita” and the main house.
- Doors: Front doors and entryways shall provide a focal point for the home and be visible from the street if possible. All exterior doors shall be recessed a minimum of eight (8”) inches.
- Windows: All windows shall be recessed a minimum of two (2”) inches from the exterior plane of the house. Windows that are set flush with the exterior surface of the dwelling are not permitted.
- “Plant-ons” or “Pop-outs,” rigid installation used to create a frame around the windows, are not acceptable recesses.

5.23 Materials

- Wood may be used in limited applications if properly installed, braced or bracketed to prevent twisting and warping. Wood should be used as an accent trim or for trellises and pergolas.
- Materials that are foreign to the local region or inappropriate to the character of The Coves at Sailing Hawks are prohibited. Specifically prohibited are vinyls and plastics, mirrored glass, wood siding, cultured marble, asphalt shingles, wood shingles, and any other materials that do not convey strength, permanence or durability, according to the

5.24 Lighting

In order to preserve the dramatic night sky, which would be obscured by excessive local lighting, the following Design Guidelines for residential site lighting have been established:

- Site lighting must be directed downward onto vegetation, the ground or boulders.
- Building-mounted lighting must be directed downward away from adjacent dwellings, and may not extend beyond your private property lines. Building-mounted lighting may not be used to light walls or building elements for decorative purposes.
- All exterior lighting must provide for complete shielding of light sources. No bare lamps are permitted. One should see the effect of the light, not the lamp itself.

5.25 Mailboxes

Mail delivery is distributed to central mailboxes and not to the individual home. However, house numbers should be visible from the street and should be designed in such a way that they appear to be consistent with the character of The Coves at Sailing Hawks. Numbers painted on curbs are not permitted.

5.26 Equipment

- No mechanical appurtenance (air conditioning/heating units) shall be mounted or attached to any roof. A/C units must be ground mounted behind a screen wall with the same color and finish as the dwelling and not visible from the street or other primary views.
- Television, amateur radio, and other types of antennae are not to be installed or maintained on any property.
- Satellite dishes greater than 18 inches in diameter are prohibited, unless approved by the Committee.
- Flags are prohibited except for the flag of the United States of America or other flags permitted pursuant to ARS §33-1808.A. Freestanding flagpoles may not exceed fifteen (15) feet in height. The flag may also be hung from a pole bracket mounted on the dwelling structure or suspended from a roof overhang.
- Trash receptacles are to be removed from the street within eight (8) hours after trash pickup and stored in the garage or behind a wall and not visible from neighboring properties.
- No signs whatsoever, permanent or temporary, shall be permitted except as provided by any applicable, Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&R's), these Design Guidelines, or ARS §33-1808.

5.27 Utility Line Placement

All utility lines shall be underground and installed within the driveways and/or other area with the least amount of site disturbance. Location of utility lines must be shown on the plans submitted to the

Committee for approval.

6. DESIGN REVIEW

6.1 The Design Review Committee

The Committee is established to oversee the overall development of The Coves at Sailing Hawks in accordance with the Design Guidelines and the professional judgment of the Committee members. The Committee is empowered as described within the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (the “Declaration”) to administer and enforce proper development and operation of The Coves at Sailing Hawks. The Committee will perform its duties and be composed of a membership as described within the empowering document.

Design development and review will follow a logical sequence wherein the Owner and the Committee enter into a process-oriented relationship as described with the design review procedures of the Design Guidelines.

The Committee is the design review agent for The Coves at Sailing Hawks Homeowners Association, Inc. (Association), an Arizona non-profit corporation, and the Declarant. The Committee will consist of a minimum of three (3) to a maximum of seven (7) members. Each member will hold office until such time as he or she has resigned or been removed, or until his or her successor has been appointed as set forth in the Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions for The Coves at Sailing Hawks (the “Declaration”).

6.1.1 Appointment of Members

Members of the Committee will be appointed as provided in the Declaration, which in substance provides for the Declarant to appoint the Committee, as defined in the Declaration. Any member or the Committee may at any time resign from the Committee upon written notice delivered to Declarant or to the Association, whichever then had the right to appoint and remove members.

6.1.2 Functions of the Committee

The Committee shall have the duty to consider and to act upon such proposals of matters as from time to time are submitted to the Committee, to perform such other duties as from time to time are delegated to it by the Declarant or the Association, and to amend the Design Guidelines when, and in the manner, deemed appropriate or necessary by the Declarant or the Association to further the philosophy of The Coves at Sailing Hawks or the practical necessities of making The Coves at Sailing Hawks an outstanding and successful community.

6.1.3 Meetings

The Committee shall meet from time to time as necessary to properly perform its duties. The vote or written consent of a majority of the members shall constitute an act by the Committee unless the unanimous decision of its members is otherwise required or unless the committee had previously acted to delegate certain powers to one or more of the committee members.

The Committee shall keep and maintain a record of all actions taken by it at such meetings.

6.1.4 Compensation

Unless authorized by the Declarant or the Association, no member of the Committee shall receive any compensation for services rendered. All members shall be entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred by them in connection with the performance on any Committee function or duty. Professional consultants retained by the Committee shall be paid such compensation as the Committee determines.

6.1.5 Amendment to Design Guidelines

These Design Guidelines are subject to revision by amendment as follows:

- At such time as the Committee determines that any portion of these Design Guidelines should be revised, the Committee shall send to the Declarant in written form a proposed amendment outlining the changes and the reason therefore.
- The Declarant shall either approve or disapprove the proposed amendment in writing. Failure of the Declarant to disapprove the proposed amendment shall in no way be deemed to be approval of same.
- The Declarant may also amend the Design Guidelines independently.

6.1.6 Enforcement

These Design Guidelines and the plans as approved by the Committee may be enforced by the Committee, the Association, or the Declarant as provided herein or in the Declaration.

The foregoing description of the process, composition, and duties of the Committee is intended to provide general information. The Declaration, as the empowering document which may be amended from time to time, should be consulted for additional information and requirements.

6.2 Design Review Process

Proper standards of development will be assured to every resident in The Coves at Sailing Hawks by the practice of Design Review as established by the Committee. The Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving all improvements and any revision or alteration to those improvements. The goal of the Committee is to process each submittal fairly, consistently, in a timely manner, and in accordance with sound professional judgment and the requirements of these Design Guidelines and the Declaration. The Committee has established reasonable procedural rules, and may access a reasonable fee in connection with the review of plans and specifications. The Committee may delegate plan review responsibilities to one or more members of the Committee.

6.2.1 Process for Obtaining Approval

1. Owner receives Design Guidelines/purchases Homesite.
2. Owner and design team contact the Committee chairperson or representative for optional orientations sessions prior to commencing any design.

3. Owner submits a Schematic Design Submittal (Application and fees) for review.
4. Committee Review and Approval
5. Submit approved Work Drawing to City of Lake Havasu for building permit.

Note: This process may be subject to change by the Declarant, the Committee or the Association.

6.2.2 Professional Consultant Requirements

- The Owner must use competent consultants when applicable, such as Architect, Designer, Landscape Architect, Landscape Designer, Civil Engineer, and Land Surveyor. It is highly recommended that the building design be prepared by a registered Architect, the grading and drainage plans be prepared by a licensed civil engineer, and the landscape plans be prepared by a licensed Landscape Architect or Designer. Names, addresses, telephone numbers and license numbers of all consultants shall be placed on all submittals.
- The Owner shall provide copies of the Design Guidelines to the design team members.
- The Owner is solely responsible for ensuring that the Owner's professionals process through the Committee all exterior architectural and landscape plans, and revisions to Improvements under construction.
- The Owner is solely responsible for ensuring that the Owner's licensed professionals and contractors construct the Improvements and landscape in conformance with approved plans, revisions, and timetable.

6.2.3 Submittals

The address of the Committee shall be the principle office of the Association as designated by the Board of Directors of the Association pursuant to the Bylaws. Such address shall be the place for the submittal of plans and specifications, and the place where the current Design Guidelines shall be kept. The initial address for submissions shall be:

The Coves at Sailing Hawks Homeowners Association, Inc., an Arizona non-profit corporation
Design Review Committee
94 Acoma Blvd. S, Suite 104
Lake Havasu City, AZ 86403

Applications for construction of Improvements may be obtained at the above address. Obtaining the required Committee approval is a prerequisite to constructing any Improvements.

The Committee, before giving such approval, may require that changes be made to comply with the requirements of the Declaration, these Design Guidelines and such additional requirements as the Committee may, in its discretion, impose as to structural features or characteristics

thereof not expressly covered by any provisions of this document, including, without limitation, the sitting or location of any proposed Improvements with respect to the topography and finished ground elevations. The Committee may also require or specify, in its discretion, the exterior finish and color, and the architectural style or character of any proposed Improvement in view of the general architectural style and character of existing Improvements within The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

The Committee, before giving its approval, may impose conditions, including without limitation, time limitations for the completion of Improvements, or require changes to be made which in its discretion are required to ensure that the proposed Improvement will not detract from the appearance of the Project, or otherwise create any condition disadvantageous to other Owners, or detrimental to The Coves at Sailing Hawks. Until all plans and specifications required for each submittal are determined by the Committee to be complete, the Committee shall have no obligation to review any partial submittals. All complete submittals will be acted upon promptly by the Committee.

The amount of time taken by the Committee for the approval process will vary with the adequacy and complexity of the design information, and the completeness of the submitted plans. A decision of the Committee to approve, or to disapprove a submittal, together with an explanation of further conditions to be satisfied by the applicant, shall be made within thirty (30) days after receipt of a completed submittal.

The approval of the Committee of any submissions for any work done, or proposed to be done, or in connection with any other matter requiring the approval or consent of the Committee, shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver by the Committee of its right to approve, disapprove, object or consent to any of the features or elements embodied therein when the same features or elements are embodied in other plans, specifications, drawings or other matters submitted to the Committee.

An applicant may request reconsideration of a ruling of the Committee by submitting to the Committee, in duplicate, written arguments for such reconsideration within thirty (30) days of the date of receipt of the Committee's ruling. The Committee will give its final ruling by answering the arguments and by confirming or modifying its ruling within thirty (30) days of the date of submittal of the written argument to the Committee.

Final approvals by the Committee are valid for one (1) year from the date of final approval and must be obtained prior to submitting formally to the City of Lake Havasu for a building permit. If a building permit is not issued within one (1) year after an Owner obtains an approval from the Committee, the previous approval is void and an application for proposed Improvement(s) must be resubmitted and reapproved by the Committee. Verbal approvals are not effective approvals under any circumstances. The applicant shall not rely on and shall not place any

value whatsoever on a verbal approval by anyone, including a Committee member(s). The Committee shall not be bound in any respect by a verbal approval.

Neither the Declarant, the Association, the Board, the Committee, the members, or the designated representatives thereof shall be liable for damages to any Owners of Owner's representative submitting plans or specifications to the Committee or any of the entities named above for approval, or to any Owner or Owner's representative affected by the Declaration or these Design Guidelines, by reason of any mistake of judgment, omission, or negligence, unless due to willful misconduct or bad faith of the Committee. Each Owner, as a condition to obtaining any approval under these Design Guidelines, agrees to fully indemnify, protect, defend and hold harmless, the Declarant, the Association, and the Committee against and from any and all claims, liabilities, lawsuits and disputes related in any way to any approved and/or disapproved Improvements.

6.2.4 Compliance Deposit

A compliance deposit of two-thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) must be submitted along with any and all design review fees at the time of the Schematic Design Submittal. This deposit shall be held pending the satisfactory inspections of all improvements including landscape installation.

In the event that the Owner, Prime Contractor, subcontractor, or any of their representatives, cause any damage, fail to construct the proposed improvements in accordance with approved plans, or fail to comply with these Design Guidelines or the Declaration, the Association may use the Compliance Deposit to take the necessary action to repair or correct the damage created by said non-compliance, or to enforce the Guidelines.

In the event that the Association is forced to use any portion of the Compliance Deposit, the Owner shall immediately replace the amount of the deposit used. Failure to replenish the Compliance Deposit within thirty (30) days following the Association's written notice and request shall be deemed a material breach of the Design Guidelines and the Declaration and shall entitle the Association to deny contractor and subcontractor access to the job site. Finally, the Association may take legal action, if necessary, including placing a lien on the property in the amount equal to the Compliance Deposit deficiency.

6.2.5 Design Review Fees

The following design review fees in addition to the compliance deposit, which are subject to change, are required to be submitted to the Committee with the Schematic Design submittal. These fees are a pre-condition to consideration of any plans and specifications by the Committee:

- A. \$500.00 for new Residence and associated landscape drawings.
- B. \$250.00 for all other Improvement drawings or repeat of previously approved plans.

These fees may be increased for any proposed Improvements based on the number of submissions to the Committee prior to final approval or the nature and complexity of the design of the proposed Improvements.

Submittals will not be reviewed by the Association or Committee unless accompanied by an application form and all necessary fees including, but not limited to, Design Review Fees and the Compliance Deposit.

6.2.6 Approvals by the Committee

Following the approval of the plans by the Committee, a written certificate (either by stamp on the approved plans or separate document) shall be provided to the Owner evidencing such approval. All plans submitted shall be in triplicate. Upon the completion of review, one (1) set of plans will be retained by the Committee, and the remaining two (2) sets will be returned to the Owner. Approved plans shall be endorsed with the Committee's consent. Plans shall not be submitted to the City of Lake Havasu for a formal review of plans and specifications until the written certification has been issued and all plans have been endorsed with the Committee's consent.

6.2.7 Other Approvals

Approvals of any Improvement by the Committee do not waive the necessity of obtaining any required City or other public agency permits and approvals. Obtaining a city or other public agency permit or approval does not waive the need for Committee approval. The Committee will not knowingly approve an Improvement which is in violation of the applicable government codes.

Any plan or specification approval as given by the committee refers only to its conformity with these Design Guidelines, the Declaration and such other rules, regulations and conditions as may be promulgated by the Committee. The Committee, by its submissions of these standards and approval of plans and specification, assumes no liability or responsibility for engineering or structure design, or for any defect in any Improvements made pursuant thereto, and its approval shall not be deemed approval of any plans or design for structural safety and conformance with building or other codes.

6.2.8 Committee Inspection of Improvements

In accordance with the Declaration, any member of the Committee, or any other representative, agent, or employee of the Board, may, at any reasonable hour, enter a Homesite and inspect any Improvements being built thereon, for the purposes of inspection for compliance with approved plans, these Design Guidelines and the Declaration.

Upon the completion of any Improvements, the Owner shall give written notice thereof to the Committee. The Committee, or its duly authorized representative, may inspect the completed Improvements in order to determine whether it was constructed, erected or installed in

substantial compliance with the approved plans. If the Committee or its representative finds that such work was not done in substantial compliance with the approved plans and specifications, it shall so notify the Owner in writing after the inspection. The notice shall specify the particulars of noncompliance. In the event the Owner fails to remedy the noncompliance within thirty (30) days from the date the Owner is notified, the Committee shall so advise the Board. Upon the receipt by the Board of notification of noncompliance from the Committee, the Board, in addition to any other remedies it may have pursuant to these Design Guidelines, the Declarations and applicable law, shall have legal standing to commence and prosecute legal proceedings against any Owner in order to correct such noncompliance.

Upon final inspection and acceptance of all improvements by the Design Review Committee, the Association will return the Compliance Deposit.

6.3 Required Submittals

6.3.1 Schematic Design Submittal

The first submittal to the Committee is the Schematic Design Submittal. These documents provide the Committee with a complete understanding of the architecture, the landscape and the proposed materials for the Residence or substantial reconstruction of an existing Residence.

6.3.2 Working Drawing Submittal

After Schematic Design approval, Working drawings are to be submitted. These drawings will be reviewed for compliance with Committee requirements made during previous design submittals, the requirements which the Committee states are necessary in its sole judgment, and all Design Guideline requirements. Prior to formally submitting for a Building Permit from the City of Lake Havasu, the Owner is responsible for securing Working Drawings approval in writing from the Committee.

Any change of the approved plans must be submitted by the Owner to the Committee for further review and approval prior to further construction of the Improvements.

6.3.3 Other Submittals

Optional Conceptual Design Submittal:

This submittal is available for the Owner and/or Designer to present challenges and original concepts for the proposed improvements.

Owner/Design Team Orientation:

When an Owner plans to build on their Homesite, the Owner or design consultant may contact the Committee Chairman or Committee Chairman's Representative to arrange for an orientation session. The orientation session provides the Owner with an opportunity to:

- Review the entire process of designing and building Improvements at The Coves at Sailing Hawks and understand the Owner's role in that process.
- Review professional consultant requirements.
- Review The Coves at Sailing Hawks' architectural and landscape approach and philosophy.
- Ask any questions about the review and building process and have the option to take a site tour with the Committee chairman or the Committee chairman's representative.
- Review any potential constraints regarding easements, setbacks, natural open space corridors and other site constraints.
- Request or discuss possible variances or alternative options for dealing with constraints.

An orientation session provides the Committee or its representative an opportunity to meet each Owner and member of the design team and understand each Owner's thoughts and desires about the kind of Improvements the Owner contemplates building.

An integral part of the success of the Design Process is the active involvement by the Owner. The Owner is responsible for understanding and complying with the provisions of the Design Guidelines, and assuring that all Owners' consultants also understand and comply with the Committee's requirements and the Design Guidelines.

6.3.4 Plan Submittal Requirements

As a general requirement, each consultant shall include an information block on all submittal sheets containing:

- North Arrow
- Street Names
- Submittal Date
- Plan or Revision Date(s)
- Name, Address and Phone Number of Property Owner
- Name, Address, and Office Phone Numbers of the Project Architects, Engineers, and Other Consultants.
- Sheet Number and Description.

6.3.4.1 Schematic Design Submittal Requirements

The Schematic Plans give the Committee its first look at the design of the Owner's proposed Improvement(s). At this stage, the Committee will focus on architectural form and fundamental relationships between the owner's proposed Improvements and the surrounding environment of neighboring residences and landscape. The Committee does not focus on detail at this point, but the choice of basic materials and their

relationship to one another. In general, the Committee is looking to see what substance the plan has, and to insure the plan is consistent with the spirit of The Coves at Sailing Hawks, the professional judgment of the Committee members, and the Design Guidelines.

The Committee requires three (3) sets of the following Schematic Design Drawings for the review process:

- i. Lot Exhibits/Survey (Provided by the Association for each Homesite)
- ii. Schematic Site, Grading, and Floor Plan (1/8" scale).
- iii. Schematic elevations (1/8" or 1/4").
- iv. Roof Plan (1/8" or 1/4" scale)
- v. Conceptual Landscape Plan

In addition, the above plans must be accompanied by a Design Review Application and the applicable review fee and compliance deposit.

Details and requirements on the above listed plans required for the Schematic Design Submittal are outlined below:

- i. Lot Exhibits/Survey: This plan is provided to each Owner by the Association and/or Developer at the time of Homesite purchase. This Lot Exhibits must be submitted with the Schematic Design Drawings so that the Committee can become familiar with the property at hand and understand the existing site conditions, relationship to neighboring properties, and the existence of any unusual conditions or restrictions.
- ii. Schematic Site, Grading and Floor Plan (1/8" scale): This plan should use the information from the topographic survey and must include:
 - Proposed floor plan of building(s) (rooms designated by name) and outline of the roof overhang, including hip, ridge and valley lines (shown dotted)
 - Schematic site design concepts for the Homesite, including driveways, walkways, patios, pools, spas, garden walls.
 - Where site grade changes are proposed, show existing grades on Homesite in dashed lines and proposed grades on Homesite in solid lines (2' contour intervals).
 - Utility locations including electric transformers, electric pullbox, water meter box or stubout, telephone and television pullbox or stubout, and gas and other utilities serving the Homesite.
 - Property lines, building and pool setback lines, and any easements.

- Approved pad elevations, top and toe of slope line locations, changes in slopes (with elevations), method of surfaces and/or subterranean drainage provisions (with line elevations).
 - The pad elevation shown on the Lot Exhibits may not be exceeded without the approval of the Committee and Lake Havasu City Planning and Zoning Department.
 - Adjacent Homesites and streets within twenty five (25') feet of Homesite. When a house exists or proposed on adjacent Homesite, show all architectural and landscape information as provided by the Committee.
- iii. Schematic Elevations (1/8" or 1/4" scale): This drawing must show the following:
- At least four (4) exterior elevations of proposed building(s) identified as north, south, east, west, and/or front, rear, left and right sides. Front and rear elevations must extend twenty-five (25') feet beyond Homesites line. Show existing or proposed Improvements and grades in those areas.
 - All proposed exterior material and colors description on elevations.
- iv. Roof Plan (1/8" scale): If the proposed Improvement(s) consists of construction of a new Residence or Substantial reconstruction of an existing Residence, the following information must be included in the Roof Plan:
- Flat and sloped roof area and how they are drained.
 - Trellis areas, skylights, and chimney.
 - Location of exterior walls and columns in relationship to roof edge.
- v. Conceptual Landscape Plan: A conceptual landscape plan must be submitted to show the relationship of the proposed structure with the existing natural landscape and proposed landscape improvements. The landscape zones must be clearly illustrated (the Public Zone and the Private Zone) along with proposed plant lists for each Zone. The following should be clearly defined on the master plan:
- Scaled drawing showing all easements, property lines, setback, and landscape zones.
 - Proposed plant materials and locations.
 - Proposed hardscape elements (along with description of size, scale, and proposed materials).
 - Location of all walls, fences, and hardscape elements along with their type, size, method of construction, and type of materials.
 - Boulder and gravel specifications and locations.

6.3.4.2 Working Drawing Submittal Requirements

Owner or Owner's professional consultants may submit the Working Drawings of the proposed design when in receipt of the Committee's written approval of the Schematic Design plans.

The Working Drawings format shall be “Auto Cad” or other industry recognized format.

The Committee requires three (3) sets of the following Working Drawings for review (Sheets may be combined as long as they are clearly legible):

- i. Cover Sheet: Site or Vicinity Map along with all relevant project information
- ii. Site Plan (1/8” scale) that indicates:
 - Adjacent Homesite numbers and names of the adjacent Homesite Owners, their architects and their design of construction status (to be provided by the Committee).
 - All proposed and existing architectural and landscape Improvements located on adjacent Homesites or common areas that are within 25 feet of the Homesite.
 - All Easements on the Homesite
 - Dimensional building and pool setback lines from Homesite lines. Roof overhang line and dimension from Homesite.
 - All services yards, trash areas, pool, air conditioning, irrigation and other equipment location, and location of gates.
 - Utility services locations from the Homesite, and all utility service entrance locations at the Residence.
 - Location and description of all control and expansion joints on exterior hardscape
 - Homesite Area.
 - Square footage for enclosed air conditioned space.
 - Garage and mechanical room square footage.
 - Covered patio area.
- iii. Grading and Drain Plan (1/8” scale)
 - All existing grade contours (taken from the existing topographic survey), on the Homesite and adjacent Homesite, common area and streets, within twenty-five (25’) feet of Homesite, with dashed lines and all proposed grades on Homesite with solid lines, both at one (1’)foot contour intervals. Should also show top and toe of slope line locations and changes in slopes (with elevations).
 - Location of all bubbler boxes, roof drains, area drains and dry wells and the connection to underground drainage system including termination in dry wells where required.
 - Indication of positive drainage away from all structures with flow arrows to Homesite line.

- Spot elevations on drain inlets and outlets, top of wall elevations, hardscape elevations.
 - Location, typical details, and specification of drainage facilities, including drainage inlet and outlet structures, dry wells and area drains.
- iv. Foundation and Details: This plan should show all slab elevations.
- v. Floor Plan and Details: This plan to show all walls, partitions, defined spaces and uses. Reference and include all details required for the construction of concrete, masonry, and framed walls. Door sizes, cabinets, wall fixtures, etc. must be shown.
- vi. Exterior Elevations (1/8" or 1/4" scale): These elevations to show:
- All exterior material and finishes
 - Main entry door, garage overhead door, gates, columns, ornamental iron work, exterior trim and special architectural features such as skylights and solar panels as permitted.
 - Items that will be evident on the exterior of the finished building including louvers, vents, roof drain and gutter outlets, access openings, meter boxes, electrical fixtures, expansion joints, flashing, tile or masonry feature strips, etc.
 - Roof pitch and maximum height of the finished structure.
- vii. Sections (1/4" scale or larger): These sections to show detailed composition of all types of walls, floors, and roof elements and materials used, including wall heights and roof pitches.
- viii. Framing Plan and Details: This plan to show overhangs and exterior trim including fascia, soffits, frieze boards, columns, and trellises.
- ix. Roof Plan (1/8" scale): This plan to show:
- Roof penetrations including plumbing and HVAC vents, fireplace and miscellaneous equipment flues, skylights, and roof access doors.
 - Roof-mounted equipment and accessories as permitted including solar panels and HVAC fans.
 - Gutter, roof drains, scuppers, flashing and related sheet metal.
 - Roof slopes and water flow to drains or gutters or both with directional arrows.
 - Roofing materials including manufacturers' names.
- x. Electrical Plan.
- xi. Plumbing Plan.

- xii. Glazing, Door and Finish Schedules: This plan to provide all details necessary for the Committee's understanding of the design, all other details necessary to describe the design and construction elements to the Owner, builder, contractors, subcontractors and trades people. It must include type of glazing, color, and finish.
- xiii. Details: Show details necessary to supplement information of all plans for a comprehensive understanding of the construction of the building.
- xiv. Landscape Plan: This plan to show:
- Location of all plant material, any trained plants, i.e. espaliered, turf, boulders, and toppings.
 - Plant legend with botanical names, common names, size and remarks.
 - Complete details and specification for all landscape items shown on the plan including site amenities such as fountains or art objects.
- xv. Irrigation Plan: This plan to show:
- Complete irrigation working drawing showing the location of all lines, emitters, and spray head, valves, the backflow prevention devices, and the controller.
 - Complete details and specifications for all irrigation items shown on the plan.
- xvi. Lighting Plan (1/8" scale): This plan to show:
- Location of all light fixtures.
 - Complete information on the lamp, lens, and wattage to be used for all fixtures.
 - Complete details and specifications for all lighting items shown on the plan.
- xvii. Pool, Spa, Fountain Plans & Details: This plan to show:
- Plans, sections and details for pools, spas, fountains and all other water treatments (including related drains) to be located on the Homesite.
 - At least two (2) cross-sections of swimming pool/spas/fountains and adjacent hardscape showing their relationship to the adjacent property where applicable.

When the Owner and Owner's design professionals receive the Committee's written approval of the Working Drawings, copies of the approved drawings will need to be submitted to the City with whatever information and fees the City requires for review and approval of the Working Drawings.

If the Committee does not approve the Working Drawings, it will return them with a written request for corrections and resubmission. The Architect and/or Landscape Architect must provide all additional drawings and details the Committee requires to understand the design fully.

7. CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

7.1 Building Process

The Improvement Building Process at The Coves at Sailing Hawks is actually three processes in one

- A. The Pre-Construction Process
- B. The Construction Process
- C. The Committee Inspection Process

These processes and their accompanying regulations are described below. The process and regulations do not apply to land development actions taken by the Declarant or its assigns during the community development of The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

The general, or basic, step-by-step procedures for building Improvements at The Coves at Sailing Hawks are sequentially described in the following flow process:

7.1.1 Construction Flow Process

1. Committee approves working drawings and City of Lake Havasu issues building permit(s).
2. Owner submits preconstruction submittals to Committee.
3. Start construction.
4. Complete Construction.
5. Committee plans conformance inspection and compliance deposit return.

7.2 Owner / Contractor Responsibilities and Requirements

- The Owner and/or Owner's general contractor or superintendent is required to provide someone on-site with adequate authority to receive deliveries and direct suppliers and sub-contractors, whenever necessary.
- All equipment operators must possess an appropriate driver's license.
- The Owner is responsible for making certain that all construction personnel are familiar with and obey the rules governing their activities while at The Coves at Sailing Hawks.
- Each general contractor or superintendent is responsible for familiarizing their employees, sub-contractors and suppliers with all relevant construction requirements and provisions in these Design Guidelines, and enforcing them. Each general contractor or superintendent is responsible for controlling employee work hours, and controlling any activities of employees

that may be considered as an annoyance or nuisance by other Homesite Owners (e.g. radio volume).

- The Owner and Owner's general contractor or superintendent are required to construct the Residence and surrounding Improvements according to the plans, specifications and revisions approved in writing by the Committee.
- The Owner and Owner's contractors shall be responsible for providing adequate sanitary facilities for their construction personnel.
- Upon completion of any Improvement, the Owner shall give written notice thereof to the Committee.

7.3 Preconstruction Submittals

Before construction commences, one (1) full set of Working Drawings approved and stamped by the City of Lake Havasu and the Committee, and a Temporary Construction Facilities Plan, shall be submitted to the Committee:

7.4 Temporary Construction Facilities

The following temporary construction facilities are required to be placed on the Homesite. No other temporary construction facilities, including construction trailers, will be allowed without Committee approval. No shacks, trailer or temporary construction facilities may be used as living quarters.

1. Temporary Water: A temporary water irrigation facility, with a ¾" heavy duty rubber water hose at least 150 feet in length, and a hose stand, shall be provided and installed in accordance with Committee requirements, to combat dust.
2. Temporary Electric: A metered power outlet shall be provided and installed in accordance with the requirements of the State of Arizona, the City of Lake Havasu, and the Committee. No signage is permitted on the temporary power poles. Generators will be permitted until power is available to the property.
3. Temporary Toilet: A temporary portable toilet in good condition shall be provided with a chemical maintenance program. These units shall be maintained in a clean, sanitary and odorless condition. Temporary toilet facilities shall be located only on the building site itself, unless other areas are approved by the Committee.
4. Water Flow: It is the responsibility of the contractor to insure continuation of water flow to adjacent Homesites so that damage is not done to other properties' landscaping, etc.
5. Temporary Construction Fence: Owner or Owner's contractor must submit to the Committee, for the Committee's review and approval, plans for a construction fence or other screening material which shall be installed along all property frontages and along the side and back yard Homesite lines, as approved and/or directed by the Committee. Such fence or screening material shall be maintained in good condition during the course of construction of the residence and related improvements.
6. Dumpster or Trash pickup service: A minimum three (3) yard steel roll-off dumpster shall be maintained in clean exterior condition, free of graffiti, on the Homesite during the duration

of the construction phase for adequate containment of all construction waste. A regular dumping service shall be maintained so that overflow and unpleasant odors do not occur.

7. Plan Box and Homesite Sign: A plan box and accompanying Homesite sign shall be installed in accordance with Committee standards. A Complete set of approved plans and permits shall be maintained in the plan box while the Residence is under construction. The Committee must be provided with a key or combination if the plan box is locked.

7.5 Preconstruction Inspection

After the Temporary Construction Facilities Plan has been approved by the Committee, and the actual temporary construction facilities installed on the Homesite, the Committee Chairman or the Committee Chairman's representative may make a site inspection of the facilities.

7.6 Use of Adjacent Property

The use of Homesites adjacent to a Homesite under construction, for vehicular access purposes, parking, or equipment and material storage, will not be permitted without the written permission of the adjacent Homesite Owner. Written permission must be on file with the Committee prior to use of the adjacent property for any purpose. General contractors, employees, sub-contractors and suppliers shall not enter Common areas for any reason at any time unless granted permission by the Committee. All adjacent property must be returned to its original condition at the end of construction.

7.7 Set-Backs

All set-back requirements contained in the Plat and Declaration must be strictly complied with.

7.8 Speed Limit

The speed limit within the boundaries of The Coves at Sailing Hawks shall be twenty (20) miles per hour. The speed limit must be observed.

7.9 Parking

Parking will be confined to the Homesite under construction, or as approved in writing by the Committee. No parking is permitted in front of a finished residence unless permission is granted in writing from the Owner of said residence prior to parking.

7.10 Construction Hours

Construction shall be limited to (Times may change at discretion of Architectural Committee):

October 1-April 30

Monday through Friday

7:00 a.m. – 5:30 p.m.

Saturday

8:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m.

May 1-September 30
Monday through Friday
5:30 a.m. -7:00 p.m.
Saturday
8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.

No construction-related activities shall be permitted on Sundays or the following holidays.

New Years Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and day after, and Christmas Day.

7.11 Committee and Association Access to the Homesite

Representatives of the Committee and the Association shall have full access to the Homesite and buildings while under construction to:

1. Inspect the Homesite or Improvements at any time.
2. Remove security, health or safety risks or hazards.
3. Clean or maintain the Homesite or Improvements.
4. Enforce any provision of the Declaration or these Design Guidelines.

7.12. Site Signage

No signs other than an approved address sign located on the plan box, standard committee Homesite identification signs, or site safety signs, will be permitted on a Homesite under construction.

7.13 Site Conduct and Safety Precautions

The general contractor, job superintendent, and their employees, sub-contractors and suppliers shall:

1. Comply with all construction provisions established in these Design Guidelines and the Declaration.
2. Follow the directives of The Coves at Sailing Hawks security staff and the Committee.
3. Not consume alcoholic beverages or non prescription drugs on the site.
4. Take all necessary precautions for the safety of all persons, materials, and equipment on or adjacent to the site.
5. Furnish, erect and maintain approved barriers, lights, sign and other safeguards to give adequate warning to everyone on or near the site of dangerous conditions during construction.
6. Not disturb residents or guest of The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

7.14 Site Maintenance

The general contractor, job superintendent, and their employees, sub-contractors, and suppliers shall comply with the following rules established for the maintenance and cleanliness of the site. The general contractor or job superintendents shall:

1. Maintain the site in a neat and clean condition, neatly stockpiling all materials delivered for or generated by the work, and immediately remove any waste material or debris generated by the work.
2. Contain all blowable trash and bottles, cans and lunch debris.
3. Remove all equipment, materials, supplies and temporary structure when any phase of the work is complete, leaving the area neat and clean. Equipment not in daily use must be removed from the job site.
4. Keep the streets, gutters and adjacent property clean and free of dirt, trash, debris or other material related to or caused by the work, and clean up all street spills. Damage to street pavers or asphalt may require replacement of pavers or asphalt, at the Owner or contractor's expense.
5. Maintain dust control on the Homesite.
6. Not dump, bury, or burn trash anywhere at The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

7.15 Disposal of Site Spoils

Any spoils generated from the site grading must be placed on the Homesite. No material may be placed on the street or common areas. Storage of spoils on adjacent property will not be permitted without the written permission of the adjacent Homesite Owner. Written permission must be on file with the Committee prior to placement.

7.16 Compliance

The Committee and the Association reserve the right to deny site access to any general contractor, job superintendent, sub-contractor, supplier, or their employees, who are in violation of the construction regulations.

The Committee and the Association reserve the right to stop construction on a Homesite where:

1. Improvements are being built or the Homesite is being landscaped against approved plans.
2. These Design Guidelines, approved plans, the Declaration, or The Coves at Sailing Hawks regulations are not being complied with fully.

The Committee inspector will inspect the Site periodically. An offense may result in a stop-work order and contractor entry restrictions. Any cost whatsoever incurred by the Association in enforcing these rules or remedying a violation will be billed to the Owner. Exercise by the Committee or the Association of the rights delineated under this provision shall not be deemed a waiver by the Committee or the Association, and shall not preclude the Committee or Association from initiating any legal action against the violators (including Owner) of the Declaration, construction regulations, or Design Guidelines.

7.17 Revisions to Approved Plans During Construction

Revisions to approved architectural and/or landscape plans during construction must be approved by the Project Architect or Landscape Architect or Designer before the Committee reviews them. All Revisions must be approved by the Committee prior to being implemented.

APPENDIX A- DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise specifies or requires, the following words or phrases when used in these Design Guidelines shall have the following meanings.

Accessory Structure

Any structure detached from the main residence a minimum of ten feet (10'). Maximum height for an Accessory structure or Detached Garage is twenty feet (20').

Architect/Landscape Architect

A person licensed to practice architecture or landscape architecture in and of the States of the United States of America.

Association

The Coves at Sailing Hawks Homeowners Association, Inc., an Arizona non-profit corporation.

Board

The Board of Directors of The Coves at Sailing Hawks Homeowners Association, Inc., its governing body.

Builder

A person or entity engaged by an Owner for the purpose of constructing any improvement within The Coves at Sailing Hawks. The Builder and Owner may be the same person or entity.

Building Envelope

That portion of any Homesite, designated as a Building Envelope on the Lot Exhibits, and within which the construction of buildings and accessory structures and improvements is permitted.

Construction Activity

Any site disturbance, construction, addition or alteration of any building, landscaping, and any other improvement on any construction site.

Construction Site

A site upon which construction activity is taking place.

Construction Vehicle

Any car, truck, tractor, trailer or other vehicle used to perform any part of a Construction Activity or to transport equipment, supplies or workers to a construction site.

Declarant

Lewton Operating Company, a Wyoming Limited Partnership, and any Person to whom it may expressly assign any and all of its rights.

Declaration

The Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for The Coves at Sailing Hawks, as amended or supplemented from time to time.

Design Guidelines

The restrictions, review procedures, standards, construction regulations, and guidelines adopted and enforced by the Committee as set forth in this document and as amended from time to time by the Committee.

Design Review Committee (The “Committee”)

The Committee appointed by the Declarant or the Board as provide in the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for The Coves at Sailing Hawks to review and either approve or disapprove proposals and/or plans and specifications for the construction, exterior additions, landscaping, or changes and alterations within The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

Excavation

Any disturbance of the surface of the land (except to the extent reasonably necessary for planting of approved vegetation), including any trenching which results in the removal of earth, rock, or other substance from a depth of more than twelve inches (12”) below the natural surface of the land, or any grading of the surface.

Fill

Any addition of earth, rock, or other materials to the surface of the land, which increases the natural elevation of such surface.

Final Map

The recorded final Subdivision map or lot map for any portion of The Coves at Sailing Hawks.

Homesite

“Homesite” shall have the some definition as “Lot”

Lot Exhibits

The individual site plans for each Lot provided to the Owner by the Committee at the commencement of the Design Review Process. Each Lot Exhibits specifies setbacks, Building Height and any special restriction pertinent to the Lot’s development, together with any additional factors that the Committee may consider to be pertinent.

Improvements

Any changes, alterations, or additions to a Lot including any Excavation, Fill, Residence, building, outbuildings, accessory structure, road, driveways, parking area, walls, retaining walls, stairs, patios, courtyards, hedges, posts, fences, signs, and any structure or other improvements of any type or kind, including, without limitation, those items contained in the definition of "Improvement" in the Declaration.

Lot

A parcel of land within The Coves at Sailing Hawks, whether improved or unimproved, intended for independent ownership and use, and any Residence, building, structure or other Improvement situated therein, and such additional Property which may be annexed in the future.

Owner

The record Owner of any Lot or Lots as shown on the official records of the Mohave County, Arizona Recorder. The Owner may act through an agent, provided such agent is authorized in writing to act in such capacity.

Person

A natural person, corporation, limited liability company, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision or agency, or other legal or commercial entity.

Private Zone

That portion of the Building Envelope and Homesite which is not visible from any neighboring Homesite or the street, because it is screened by privacy walls, buildings and/or other landscape elements; primarily the rear yard, side yards, and court yards.

Public Zone

That portion of the Homesite that lies outside of the Building Envelope and Private Zone, primarily the front yard.

Residence

The building or buildings, including any garage, or other Accessory structures, used for residential purposes, constructed on a Homesite, and any improvements constructed in connection therewith.

Roof Height

The elevation of the highest point of the roof structure as measured from finished grade at that point.

Story

That portion of any building (including garage) included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the floor above it, of if there is no floor above, then the space between the floor and the ceiling next above it.

Subdivision Public Report

The final subdivision public report and amendments thereof issued by the Arizona Department of Real Estate.