## Math 2471-Sample Test 1

1. Find the unit tangent and unit normal vector for the following vector functions

(i) 
$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle 2t, t^2 \rangle$$

(ii) 
$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle e^t \cos t, e^t \sin t \rangle$$

2. Prove the limits either exist or do not exist. In the former case use the squeeze theorem.

(i) 
$$\lim_{(x,y)->(0,0)} \frac{x^2 + xy + y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$$
 (ii)  $\lim_{(x,y)->(0,0)} \frac{y - x^3}{y + x^3}$  (iii)  $\lim_{(x,y)->(0,0)} \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x^2 + y^2}$  (iv)  $\lim_{(x,y)->(0,0)} \frac{x^4 + 2y^4}{x^2 + y^2}$ 

(ii) 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{y-x^3}{y+x^3}$$

(iii) 
$$\lim_{(x,y) \to (0,0)} \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x^2 + y^2}$$

(iv) 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to>(0,0)} \frac{x^4+2y^4}{x^2+y^2}$$

3. Find the equation of the tangent plane to the given surface at the specified point

$$x^2y + xz + yz^2 = 3$$
,  $P(1, 2, -1)$ 

4. If  $z = x^2 - y^2$ , calculate the following chain rules:

(i) 
$$\frac{dz}{dt}$$
 if  $x = \cos t$ , and  $y = \sin t$ 

(ii) 
$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial r}$$
 and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$  if  $x = \frac{\cos s}{r}$  and  $y = \frac{\sin s}{r}$ 

- 5. Find the directional derivative of  $z = x^2 + 3xy + y^2$  at (1,1) in the direction of < -3.4 >. In what direction should you move for maximum increase?
- 6. Sketch and name the following surfaces

(i) 
$$-x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$$
 (ii)  $-x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 1$ 

(iii) 
$$x^2 + y^2 - z = 0$$
 (iv)  $-y^2 + z = 0$