Patient Name:	DOB	<b>,</b>	Date	Age		
Height:   Weight:lbs.	BP: /   P:	bpm   T	-	RR:		
L3: $(1-ROS + 1HPI) + 6$ elements total + I	$\frac{1}{\text{MDM}^{2 \text{ of } 3} \text{ or } \mathbf{L4}: (2-\text{ROS} + 1)^{-1}}$	4-HPI + 1-PFS	H) + 12 elemen	$ts total] + MDM^{2 of 3}$		
<b>High Risk-L5</b> : ☐ MSM, HGSIL, or High Risk HPV   ☐ Illness threat to life, e.g. BP=180/120; then 99215 Upgrade						
HPI: 1. location 2. quality 3. severity 4. duration 5. timing 6. context 7. modifying factors 8. associated symptoms						
PAIN: Severity: 0 ———5———5———10   Quality: Sharp, Dull, Ache, Irritating, Burning, Itching,						
Date of earlier ROS & PFSH:, and □ No change in the information, or □ Changes noted below ↓						
<b>Problem Points</b> : ☐ L5-New lesion w/work-up, then 99215 Upgrade   ☐ L4-New   ☐ L3-Worse   ☐ L2 Same/Improved						
<b>Data Points-2pts</b> : Summary of old records/diagnoses or EMR: ☐ Hemorrhoids ☐ Prolapse ☐ GI/Rectal Bleeding						
☐ Fissure ☐ Tags/Papillae ☐ Stenosis/hypertone ☐ Pruritus Ani ☐ Constipation ☐ Warts/Lesions ☐ Fistula ☐ Abscess						
3-Inactive or chronic (controlled or man	naged) conditions; or 4 HP	Is:				
Location:						
Duration:						
Context:						
Modifying factors & Associated symptoms						
7. Gastrointestinal:	Exam Elements 2. Constitutional:		5. Respiratory:			
☐ Negative stool occult blood test ☐ Positive FOBT	☐ Well developed, well nourished,	NAD	Respiration is di	aphragmatic & even; accessory		
☐ Sphincter tone WNL ☐ Sphincter Hypertone ☐ No hemorrhoids or masses ☐ No hemias present	☐ Vitals 3. Eves:		muscles not used <b>6. Psychiatric</b> :			
1. Musculoskeletal:	☐ Conjunctiva clear, no lid lag &de		☐ Alert and orient	ed to time, place, and person		
☐ Gait and station is symmetrical & balanced☐ Digits and nails show no clubbing, cyanosis,	4. Ears, Nose, Mouth and Throat: ☐ External ears & nose w/out scars		☐ Mood and affec☐ Judgment & ins			
infections, petechiae, ischemia, or nodes)	Hearing grossly intact		☐ Recent and rem	ote memory intact		
☐ Anal TPI for Myalgia: Pain complaint, sphincter muscle with taunt palpable band, alleviated by lidocaine injected* area						
□ Anoscopy $Dx \Rightarrow □$ HRA enhanced w/chem agnts $\Rightarrow □$ w/Identified Risk Factors: <b>High Risk</b> -L5 A						
☐ Hemorrhoid Treated ☐ Internal ☐ External ☐ Full excision ☐ Subdermal/mucosal excision						
$\square$ PO5 Sclerosant $\square$ Banding $\square$ Ligature $\square$ IRC   $\square$ OMT pelvic rgn - Somatic dysfunc/spasm $\circ$ R $\backslash$ L						
☐ Hemorrhoids - areas ☐ Grade - ☐ Thrombosed, strangulated, tender ►						
□ Laser destruction anal lesion (s): □ extensive   □ Transanal Destruction Rectal Tumor/polyp ►						
□ Dilation Anoscopy for Stenosis: □ 26.7mm □mm □ 31mm   □ Anal Pap P						
□ BIOPSIES: □ Anorectal-wall no scope, and □ w/Anoscope, and □ w/HRA enhanced w/chem agnts						
☐ Anesthesia for pain-discomfort w/exam ☐ Marcaine 0.25% wEpi + Lidocaine 2% wEpi cc						
<b>Data Points-2pts:</b> Review of Image/Specimen ⇒ □ FOBT + - □ Path-image = / /						
Assessment:  Hemorrhoids  GI/Re	ectal Bleeding (date	) $\square$ Anal T	ags/Panillae [	Anal Fissure		
Assessment:						
☐ High Risk HPV, HGSIL or MSM ☐ ☐ ☐						
Rx <b>Moderate Risk</b> -L4: HC 2.5% □Cream or □Suppositories or □Dressing □ Anal Hygiene Brochure □ Vicodin						
□ Percocet □ Metronidazole □ MiraLAX Prep □ Anti-Itch/Fissure Protocol □ High Fiber Diet □ Fiber Sup. □ Align						
$\square$ Fodmap Diet $\square$ Preoperative Rx(s) $\square$ Postoperative Rx(s) $\square$ Augmentin $\square$ Bactrim DS $\square$ Cipro $\square$ Calmoseptine						
□ Rx Mupirocin Dressing □ 3x Antibiotic oint. □						
Plan: ☐ RTO: D Wk M 100-days ☐ Sooner if Sx stall or worsen ☐ Consider colonoscopy, surgery, or Tx						
<b>Reevaluate</b> for: ☐ Track/follow bleeding w/ FOBT to R/O <b>comorbidity</b> that is <b>not incidental</b> to a primary procedure						
☐ Hypertone ☐ Myalgia ☐ Somatic dys. ☐ Hem in other areas ☐ New lesions/abscess/papilla ☐ Granulation Tis.						
☐ After a reevaluation treat only if necessary ☐ Discuss today's path report: ☐ Second Opinion:						

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Diplomate American Osteopathic Board of Proctology, Rick Shacket, DO, MD(H)

Patient Name:	DOB	Date	Age
☐ - 57 Modifier: Initial decision for 90-day	global same day surger	у	
□ 46040 An abscessed area is noted in the incision < 1cm is made over an area of performed to drain as much pus as possible area is then covered by a thick gauze	of pronounced fluctuance essible through the incision	. A milking of th on site, which re	e perirectal tissue is lieves the pain. The
46200 A fissure, crack, or tear is noted palmar surface against the gluteal wal was vaporized and excised and the fis	ll, the fissure was pulled	outward. The er	
□ 46250 External hemorrhoidectomy ≥ 2 is made with a scissors or CO2 laser. skin). The skin edges are trimmed to repad and left to heal by secondary interest.	The hemorrhoid is then or reduce skin tag formation	cored out sub-d	ermally (underneath the
<ul> <li>□ 46255 Internal &amp; external hemorrhoide</li> <li>□ 46260 Internal &amp; external hemorrhoide</li> <li>In the hemorrhoid areas treated, a a scissors or a CO2 laser.</li> <li>□ SUBDERMAL EXCISION: T underneath the skin and mucos</li> <li>□ FULL EXCISION: The hemomucosa using a blunt dissectio</li> <li>Electro and or laser cautery is app space and prevent hematoma and</li> </ul>	ectomy ≥ 2 columns: small excision of anoder he hemorrhoid is then ex sa using a blunt dissection rrhoid is then excised co n technique. lied. A pressure dressing	rm (about 5-10 r ccised, cored ou on technique. mpletely, includ g is then applied	t sub-dermally from ing the skin and to compress dead
<ul> <li>46270 Fistulotomy Subcutaneous: A production of the probe to open the anal fistula, of the anal canal to allow the fistula to he secondary intention.</li> <li>46275 Fistulotomy Submust of the probe insertion and incise</li> </ul>	gestive tract (anus). A ler Iraining any pus or other eal. The area is then cove cular: Same as the above	ngthwise incision fluid, and mergi ered by a gauze e介, with the diffe	n is made along the toping the fistula tract with pad and left to heal by erence being the depth
46930 Destruction of internal hemorrho source to quickly coagulate, or clot, ve and recede.	,		•
☐ 46945 Internal hemorrhoid vascular lig	ature through anoscope	using 3-0 chrom	nic, 1 column.
20552 Injection(s); single or multiple tri to Sphincter muscle with taunt palpab Myalgia by injection to area. 1cc*			
98925 Osteopathic manipulative treatness Manual treatment to eliminate or allev	` ,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Rick Shacket, DO MD (H)\_\_\_\_\_