Shoreline Buffers Minimize Impervious Surfaces Runoff Control (Rain Gardens, berms, infiltration trench, swales, cistern) **Septic System Maintenance Boating Guidelines Filter Strips Others**

GUIDE TO STEWARDSHIP



Buffers are areas or strips of land maintained in permanent vegetation to help control pollutants and other environmental problems. Native plants are recommended.

Buffers - Shoreline Revegetation with Native Plant Communities

Value / Function of Un-molested Shoreland Zone

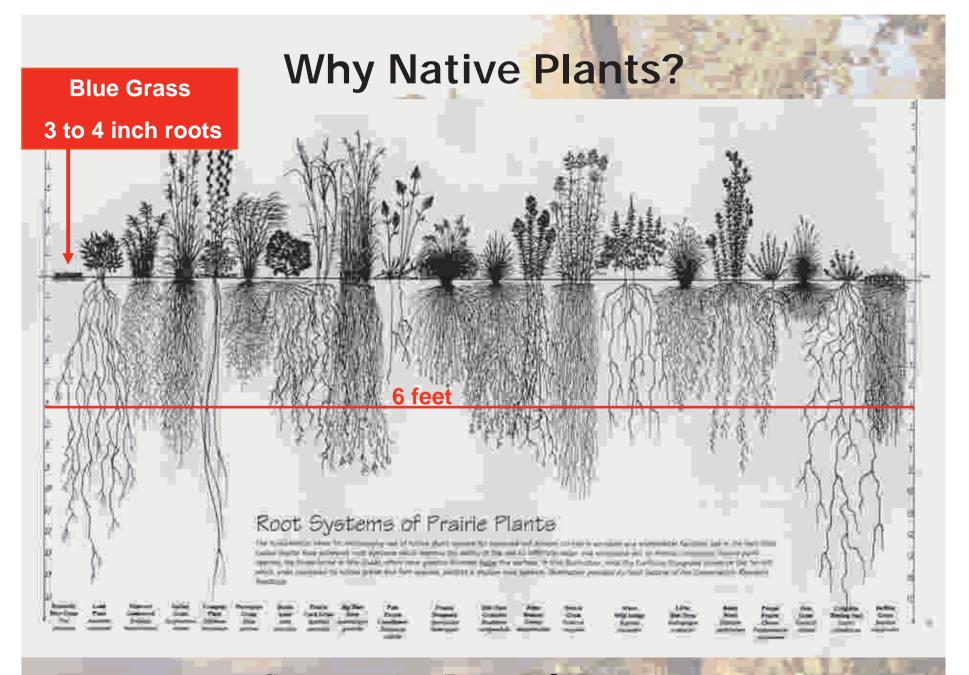
Shoreland Vegetation (erosion-control, water quality, wildlife habitat, high plant diversity = high wildlife diversity)

Emergent Vegetation (water quality, erosioncontrol & wildlife habitat)

Tree Stumps (wildlife habitat & water quality)

Drifted-in Logs & Snags (wildlife habitat, erosion control & water quality)





Conservation Research Institute

BENEFITS OF A NATIVE SHORELINE STABILIZATION

-! Stabilize shoreline & reduces erosion
-! Reduce wave impact
-! Reduce impacts from upland runoff
-! Traps sediments

-! Filter nutrients & pollutants

-! Enhances water infiltration and storage

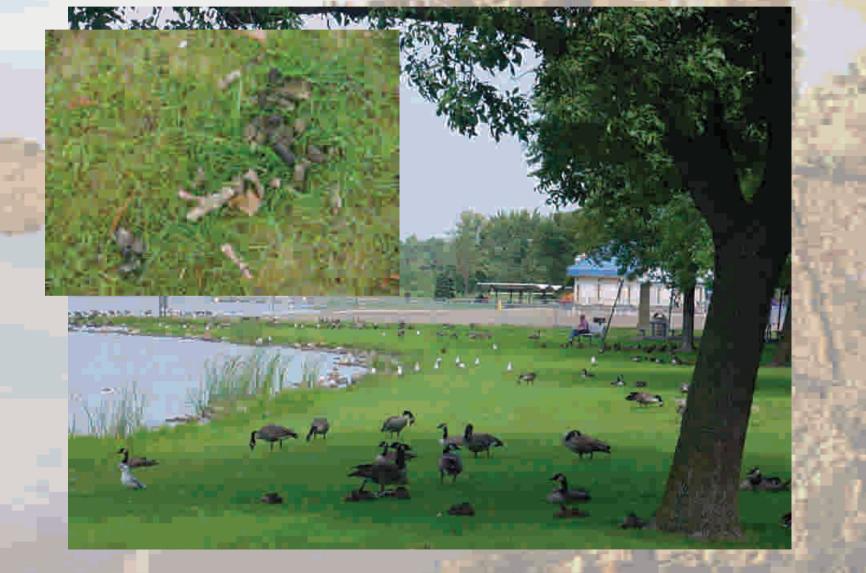
- -! Increases wildlife habitat
- -! Acts as a travel corridor for wildlife
- -! Discourages nuisance levels of wildlife
- -! Create a natural aesthetic
- -! Reduces lawn maintenance
- -! Control insects naturally

-! Attracts Frogs, Turtles & Butterflies = Attracts Kids

CMWD

DOINEED A BUFFER?

HOW WILL I KNOW IF I NEED A BUFFER?

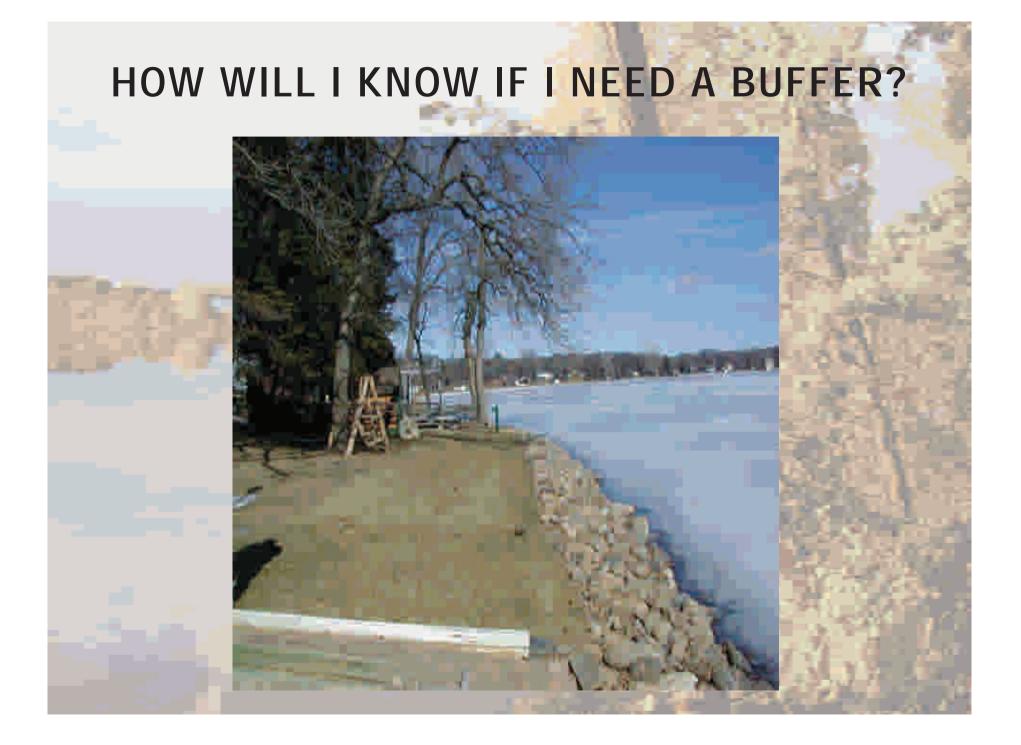


HOW WILL I KNOW IF I NEED A BUFFER?

 Shoreline plants prevent and decrease erosion

Soil loss from mowing to water's edge

Coon Lake



WHAT TO EXPECT

- Contact Representative from BLCA or SWCD
- Site Evaluation (current and planned design)
- Plant Selection & Design (what's your vision?)
- **Permits**
- Site preparation
- Installation
- Maintenance (~3 yrs)

