Ultra-Sensitive TP53 Mutation Detection Kit

User Manual

Catalog Number:	TP530001-20	TP530001-50
Size:	20 tests/Kit	50 tests/Kit

Intended Use: For Research Use Only

Doc. No.: 100-TP530001 Revision: Rev. B

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1. **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

1.1 Background

Tumor protein 53 gene, also known as p53, is a tumor suppressor gene which is located on the chromosome 17 and involved in DNA repair, cell cycle arrest, and apoptosis. Somatic mutations in the TP53 gene have been studied and are associated with numerous human cancers.

1.2 Intended use

Medaysis Ultra-Sensitive TP53 Mutation Detection Kit is a highly specific and sensitive PCR technique that is able to detect common somatic mutations in the TP53 gene. Used with Sanger sequencing, it can detect less than 1% (as little as 20 ng to 100 ng of) mutant genes mixed with the wild-type (Table 1). It is designed to amplify TP53 gene from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissues, fresh or frozen tissues, cell smears, fine needle biopsies (FNA), pleural effusion specimens and plasma samples.

Sample quality assurance for diagnostic tests has not been widely implemented in clinical laboratories.

Table 1. TP53 mutations detected by the kit:

No	Reagents	Exon	Mutation/ Hot spot	Amino Acid Range
1	TP53 Exon 8 Primer mix	8	R273	266~306

2. KIT CONTENT

List of components *:

No.	Catalog Number	Name of Components	Volume (µl) TP530001-20	Volume (µl) TP530001-50
1	TP530021	TP53 Exon 8 PCR primer mix	90	225
2**	TP530041	TP53 Exon 8 Seq primer-R	25	60
3	OTH0001	2x PCR Master Mix	450	600
4	OTH0002	Nuclease-Free Water	1000	1000

* **

Each component contains enough material to test 20 or 50 DNA samples

R = reverse primer for Sanger sequencing

3. SHIPPING AND STORAGE

Medaysis TP53 mutation detection kit is shipped at 4°C and recommends being store at -20°C for long-term storage. When stored under the recommended storage conditions in the original packing, the kit is stable for one year from the date of shipment. Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

4. **PRECAUTIONS FOR USE**

- Please read the instruction carefully before use.
- The kit is intended for research use only, not for diagnostics purpose.
- Experiments should be performed under proper sterile condition with aseptic techniques.
- All reagents should be thawed thoroughly, mix the components by inverting and centrifuge briefly before use.
- Medaysis Ultra-Sensitive TP53 mutation detection kit is a PCR-based test to be used by trained laboratory technicians with the appropriate laboratory facilities and equipment.
- Avoid inhalation and ingestion.

5.

ADDITIONAL REAGENTS AND INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

5.1 Reagents

- DNA extraction
- 6 x sample loading buffer
- Agarose
- 1 x TAE buffer
- Novel juice or ethidium bromide
- 100bp DNA ladder standard (Range: 100 1000 bp)

5.2

5.3

Materials

- Sterile, nuclease-free PCR tubes for preparing master mixes
- Adjustable Pipettes for samples preparation
- Disposable sterile pipette tips with filter
- Disposable gloves

Instruments

- PCR instrument (Table 2)
- Electrophoresis equipment and power supply
- Sanger Sequencer (*our kit is compatible with DNA analyzer ABI3730 and ABI3130)
- The kit has currently been optimized by using ABI Veriti Thermo Cycler. Table 2. List of compatible PCR instruments which has been tested:
- Optimization might be necessary for other instruments. For more information of instrument compatibility, please contact the technical service at Medaysis.

Table	2.	List	of	com	patible	PCR	instruments	which	have	been	tested
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Company	Model
Applied Biosystems *	Veriti
Bio-Rad	T100
Biometra	T-3000

* The assay kit has currently been optimized by using Applied Biosystems Veriti Thermo Cycler. Optimization might be necessary for other instruments. For more information of instrument compatibility, please contact the technical service at Medaysis.

6. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION AND PRICINPLE

Ultra-Sensitive TP53 Mutation Detection Kit is a CloDiATM PCR method using novel and proprietary mutation enrichment technology. CloDiATM PCR has two types of technique involved - UnindelTM PCR and StuntmerTM PCR. UnindelTM PCR is designed to detect a broad range of insertions/deletions (universal insertions/deletions) in the target region. The three-primer set consists of forward primer, reverse primer and blocker which inhibits amplification of wild type gene but enables amplification of exonic insertions/ deletions. StuntmerTM PCR is designed to detect a broad range of point mutations in the target region. The structure of both the forwarder and reverse primer has three ports including R Port, E Port, and L Port to suppress amplification of wild type gene but maximize amplification of mutation type. StuntmerTM PCR detects a broad range of point mutations in exons 8 of human TP53 gene. Sanger sequencing can be used to analyze the sequence.



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Figure 1. Principle of the Technology.

Unindel PCR: Detects a Broad Range of Insertions/Deletions



Stuntmer PCR: Detects a Broad Range of Point Mutations



7. **PROTOCOL**

To minimize the risk of contamination with foreign DNA, it is recommended that the kits should be conducted in a PCR workstation.

7.1 DNA preparation

Human genomic DNA must be extracted from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded FFPE tissue, fine needle biopsy or pleural effusion specimens. For FFPE tissue, Medaysis recommends use of Qiagen DNA extraction kit (QIAamp DNA FFPE Tissue Kit, Cat. No. 56404) for genomic DNA extractions. For instructions, refer to the manufacturer's manuals. The kit can be used with DNA extracted with the most common manual and automated extraction methods. The OD value of genomic DNA extractions should be measured using the spectrophotometer or similar approach. Make

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sure that OD 260/OD280 value of sample is between 1.8 and 2.0. Extracted genomic DNA specimens may be stored at - 20°C for long-term storage or refer to the manufacturer's manuals.

For further information regarding the compatibility of the device with different extraction methods please contact the technical support at Medaysis.

PCR reaction preparation

- 1. Thaw and centrifuge all tubes (TP53 Exon 8 Primer mix, 2x PCR Master Mix and Sterile H2O) at 4°C before use.
 - 2. Prepare PCR tube and label it as S1.
 - 3. Prepare separately PCR Reaction Mixture by adding 10 µl 2x PCR Master Mix, 4 µl TP53 Primer Mix and 5 µl Sterile H2O with a total of 19 µl mixture per reaction for S1.
 - 4. Add $1\mu l$ (20~100 ng/ μl) DNA specimen into the PCR reaction mixture S1.
 - 5. Pipette the mixture gently and centrifuge briefly

Note: Same as the preparation of the DNA quality control, if more than one DNA specimens need to be tested, it is recommended to prepare a reaction mix of Table 3 & 4 and aliquot 19 µl to each PCR tube.

Table 3. PCR tube preparation per one reaction:

S1	NC
Exon 8 mixture	Negative control

Table 4. Prepare the reaction mixture per one reaction according to the table below:

No.	Component	Volume (µl)
1	DNA specimen (20~100 ng/µl) / positive or negative control	1
2	Each primer Mix	4
3	2x PCR Master Mix	10
4	Nuclease-Free Water	5
	Final Volume	20

7.3 PCR thermal cycling condition

Table 5. Follow the PCR protocol exactly when operate PCR instrument

	Temperature (°C)	Time (min)	Cycle(s)
Stage 1			
Pre-denaturation	95	5	1
Stage 2			
Denaturation	95	0.5	45
Primer Annealing	59	0.5	
Elongation	72	1	
Stage 3			
Extension	72	10	1
Preservation	10	œ	

7.4

Run PCR gel electrophoresis (optional)

Before Sanger sequencing, the PCR products can be examined by the standard agarose gel electrophoresis (2% agarose

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in 100 ml 1X TAE buffer). The DNA will be visualized by ethidium bromide or novel juice fluorescence.

- 1. Loading PCR products: mix 5 µl of PCR products with 1 µl of 6X novel juice loading dye and load in the 2% agarose gel.
- 2. Check the results of TP53 amplicon (~140 bp).

3. Perform Sanger sequencing referring to the manufacturer's manuals. Store the rest of PCR products at 4°C. Note: For the instructions of DNA sequencer, refer to the manufacturer's manuals.

Figure 2. The amplicons of each PCR product on gel electrophoresis



Lane I: DNA MarkerLane II: TP53 Exon 8 PCR product (140 bp)Lane III: Negative control

Note: The result of gel electrophoresis is only used to determine PCR performance of sample. To analyze wild or mutant type should be determined based on the sequencing data.

7.5 Recommended Sanger sequencing protocol

Our kit is validated and compatible with DNA analyzer ABI3730. For the instructions of DNA sequencer, refer to the manufacturer's manuals.

For more information of instrument compatibility, please contact the technical service at <u>techsupport@medaysis.com</u>. Note: PCR products may need to be cleaned up before performing Sanger sequencing.

8. DATA ANALYSIS

PCR products must be sequenced for further analysis. For data analysis, please interpret results refer to the manufacturer's manuals of the software.

Note: To get reasonable interpretation of your results, it is recommended to eliminate baseline "noise" of data. For the common mutation information, please refer to the following data.

For the common mutation information, please refer to the following data

Wild type:	teccaaccaagetete
	MMMMMM
Point mutation:	a t a c t a a a c t c c a a t a
	MMMMM
Deletion / insertion:	atcaaagcatcaccaa
	MMMAMMAAA

Figure 3. Example of sequence data

(A) Harbored a C-to-T transition; (B) Harbored a C-to-T transition and G-to-A transition; (C) Harbored a G-to-A transition.



Figure 4. Example of sequence analysis of TP53 mutation (A) TP53 R273 Wild type; (B) HTP53 R273H, CGT > CAT



9. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

This troubleshooting guide may be helpful in solving similar problems that may arise. If there is any other question, please welcome to contact techsupport@medaysis.com.

Problems	Questions	Suggestions	
No Amplicon	No PCR products observed on	1. Remove presence of inhibitor in reaction in case it	
/No Band	gel electrophoresis.	exists, and then repeat SQC reaction.	
		2. Inspect temperature calibration on PCR instrument.	
		3. Check both the storage conditions and the expiration	
		date on the label. Use a new kit if needed.	
Non-Specific Amplification/ Multiple Products/ Wrong Size Band Amplified	How to eliminate the multiple or non-specific PCR products?	 Conduct kit in PCR workstation to minimize the risk of contamination with foreign DNA. Inspect temperature calibration on PCR instrument. Blocking primer annealing temperature is too low. Increase 2 to 3°C at annealing step to reduce non- specific binding and amplification. 	
Equipment	Have you checked the	Yes. We had done parallel tests on different instruments to	
Variation	discrepancy among	make sure our kit compatible with different instrument models	
	different PCR instruments?	including ABI, Biometra, BioRad (Table2).	
Novel Mutation	How to verify the novel	Please check any existed mutations on COSMIC website or do	
	mutation and confirm the	parallel tests with the proven data.	
	accuracy of the results?		

10. **REFERENCE**

- 1. "Novel TP53 gene mutation and correlation with p53 immunohistochemistry in a mixed epithelial carcinoma of the endometrium." Sholl, Andrew B., et al. Gynecologic oncology case reports 3 11-13, 2013.
- 2. "TP53 mutations in human cancers: origins, consequences, and clinical use." Olivier, Magali, et al. Cold Spring Harbor perspectives in biology 2.1: a001008, 2010.

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