

WDA Basketball Tie-Break Criteria

Seeding: The seeds for the West Region Tournament shall be determined based on each team's overall regular-season conference finish. The regular season champion shall earn the top seed in the tournament. The remaining seeds are then determined based on their conference winning percentage. Once all seeds are determined, the top 5 seeds will advance to the tournament and be placed accordingly into the bracket. Seeds 6-11 will be involved in region play-in games to determine the final two seeds to be in the 8-team region bracket. In the event of a tie for a particular seed, the seed will be determined as follows:

- 1. Most wins in Head-to-Head meetings. If still tied...**
- 2. Won-Loss record among tied teams. If still tied...**
- 3. Point differential among the tied teams with a maximum of 10 points allowed. If still tied...**
- 4. Point differential among all teams with a maximum of 10 points allowed. If still tied...**
- 5. Coin flip**

Notes

*Determining seeds must start with No. 1 and then No. 2..No. 3..No. 4 and so forth until all seeds are determined.

*For all ties involving three or more teams, once the tie is broken and the highest-seeded team is determined, the remaining tied teams will revert back Tie-Break Criteria No. 1.

Tie-Break Scenarios

A. Two Teams

Team A and Team B each finished 16-4 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region

tournament.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1
Most wins in head to head meetings
Team A has 1 win
Team B has 1 win

Since Team A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 2
Won-Loss record among tied teams
Team A was 1-1 against Team B
Team B was 1-1 against Team A

Since Team A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3
Point Differential Among Tied Teams
Team A defeated Team B 75-69
Team B defeated Team A 70-69

Team A's point differential is plus 5 (+6 in the win; -1 in the loss)
Team B's point differential is minus 5 (+1 in the win; -6 in the loss).

Team A wins the tie-breaker over Team B

B. Three or more teams

Team A, Team B and Team C all finished 14-6 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region tournament.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1
Most wins in head to head meetings
Team A has 3 wins
Team B has 1 win
Team C has 2 wins

Team A wins the Tie-Break over Teams B and C.

Now we have to break the remaining tie between Teams B and C. Again, we revert back to Tie-Break Criteria No. 1

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1
Most wins in head to head meetings
Team B has 1 win against Team C
Team C has 1 win against Team B

Since Team B and C each have 1 win in head to head meetings, they move to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2

Tie Break Criteria No. 2
Won-Loss record among tied teams.
Team B posted a 1-1 record
Team C posted a 1-1 record

Since Team B and C each have a 1-1 record, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3
Point differential among tied teams with a maximum of 10 points
Team B defeated Team C 85-75
Team B lost to Team C 67-66
Team B's point differential is plus 9 (+10 in the win; -1 in the loss)

Team C defeated Team B, 67-66
Team C lost to Team B, 85-75
Team C's point differential is minus 9 (+1 in the win; -10 in the loss)

Team B wins tie-break over Team C.

C. Three or more teams (Example 2)

Team A, Team B and Team C all finished 10-10 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region tournament.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1
Most wins in head to head meetings
Team A has 2 wins
Team B has 2 wins
Team C has 2 wins

Since Teams A, B and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

Tie Break Criteria No. 2
Won-Loss Record among tied teams.
Team A posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams B and C.
Team B posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams A and C
Team C posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams A and B

Since Teams A, B and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they proceed to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3
Point Differential Among Tied Teams (Maximum of Plus 10)
Team A defeated Team B, 75-70
Team A lost to Team B, 63-70
Team A's point differential against Team B is minus 2 (+5 in the win; -7 in the loss)

Team A defeated Team C, 80-75
Team A lost to Team C, 70-74
Team A's point differential against Team C is plus 1 (+5 in the win; -4 in the loss).
Team A's collective point differential is minus 1

Team B defeated Team A, 70-63
Team B lost to Team A, 70-75
Team B's point differential against Team A is plus 2 (+7 in the win; -5 in the loss)

Team B defeated Team C, 90-60
Team B lost to Team C, 65-66
Team B's point differential against Team C is plus 9 (+10 in the win; -1 in the loss)
Team B's collective point differential is plus 11

Team C defeated Team B, 66-65
Team C lost to Team B, 60-90
Team C's point differential against Team B is minus 9 (+1 in the win; -10 in the loss)

Team C defeated Team A, 74-70
Team C lost to Team A, 75-80
Team C's point differential against Team A is minus 1 (+4 in the win; -5 in the loss)
Team C's collective point differential is minus 11

Team B wins tie-break over Teams A and C. Now, we have to resolve the tie between A and C. Again, we revert back to Tie-Break Criteria No. 1.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1
Most wins in head to head meetings
Team A has 1 win
Team C has 1 win

Since Teams A and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they both move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

Tie Break Criteria No. 2
Won-Loss record among tied teams.
Team A posted a 1-1 record against Team C
Team C posted a 1-1 record against Team A

Since Teams A and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they both move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3
Point Differential Among Tied Teams (Maximum of Plus 10)
Team A defeated Team C, 80-75
Team A lost to Team C, 70-74
Team A's point differential against Team C is plus 1 (+5 in the win; -4 in the loss).

Team C defeated Team A, 74-70
Team C lost to Team A, 75-80
Team C's point differential against Team A is minus 1 (+4 in the win; -5 in the loss)

Therefore, Team A wins tie-break over Team C.