

INTERMUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

County of St. Paul No. 19 - BYLAW 2019-17
Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay - BYLAW 121/2019



SUMMER VILLAGE OF HORSESHOE BAY PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

BY-LAW NO. 121/2019

Being a Bylaw of the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay in the Province of Alberta to Adopt an Intermunicipal Development Plan with the County of St. Paul No.19.

WHEREAS the *Municipal Government Act*, R.S.A. 2000, Chapter M-26, as amended authorizes two or more municipalities to adopt an Intermunicipal Development Plan; and

WHEREAS a new Intermunicipal Development Plan has been prepared in accordance with section 631(1) of the *Municipal Government Act*, R.S.A. 2000, Chapter M-26 under the direction of the Council of the County of St. Paul No. 19 and Council of the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay; and

WHEREAS notice of the proposed Bylaw and Public Hearing was given pursuant to section 606(2) of the *Municipal Government Act*, R.S.A. 2000, Chapter M-26; and

WHEREAS, a public hearing was held in accordance in section 692(1) of the *Municipal Government Act*, R.S.A. 2000, Chapter M-26; and

WHEREAS, the County of St. Paul has passed a Bylaw to adopt this Intermunicipal Development Plan;

dav of

Read a first time in Council this

NOW THEREFORE, the Council of the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay, duly assembled, enacts as follows:

1. THAT the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay and the County of St. Paul No. 19 Intermunicipal Development Plan, being Schedule "A" attached hereto, is hereby adopted.

July , 2019.

| · · |
|--|
| Read a second time in Council this 17th day of August, 2019. |
| Read a third time and finally passed in this <u>17th</u> day of <u>August</u> , 2019. |
| |
| <u>Original signed by:</u> Gary Burns, Mayor |
| Cary Dame, Mayor |
| Original signed by: |
| Norman Briscoe, CAO |

SUMMER VILLAGE OF HORSESHOE BAY

Intermunicipal Development Plan with the County of St. Paul No.19.

Certificate of Designated Office certifying that Bylaw No.121/2019 was advertised in accordance with Section 606 of the *Municipal Government Act* Revised Statutes of Alberta, 2000 Chapter M-26

I, Norman Briscoe, designated officer of the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay certifies that Bylaw No.121/2019, established pursuant to the Municipal Government Act under the provisions of Section 631, being a bylaw to establish an Intermunicipal Development Plan with the County of St. Paul No. 19, was advertised in accordance with Section 606 of the *Municipal Government Act* using one or more methods provided for under the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay Advertising Bylaw No.116/2018, a bylaw established pursuant to Section 606.1 of the *Municipal Government Act* Revised Statutes of Alberta, 2000 Chapter M-26.

Norman Briscoe, CAO Signed August 17, 2019



ISL Engineering and Land Services Ltd. is an award-winning full-service consulting firm dedicated to working with all levels of government and the private sector to deliver planning and design solutions for transportation, water, and land projects.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay / County of St. Paul No. 19 Intermunicipal Development Plan (IDP) would not have been accomplished without the support of residents, Council and administration of both municipalities who have provided their perspectives, passion and commitment to creating a vision and direction for the Summer Village and County.

The project team would like to acknowledge the following individuals who shared their time, expertise, knowledge and support to discuss strategies and aspirations in the Summer Village and County.





Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay

Gary Burns - Mayor Eli Gushaty - Deputy Mayor Dave Amyotte - Councillor Norman Briscoe - Chief Administrative Officer



In Partnership with:

ISL Engineering and Land Services Ltd. 7909 - 51 Avenue NW Edmonton, AB T6E 5L9

County of St. Paul No. 19

Steve Upham - Reeve Sheila Kitz - Chief Administrative Officer Krystle Fedoretz - Director of Planning and Development This page is intentionally left blank

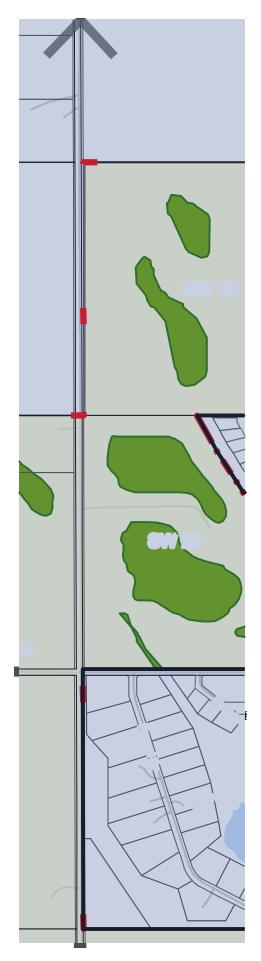


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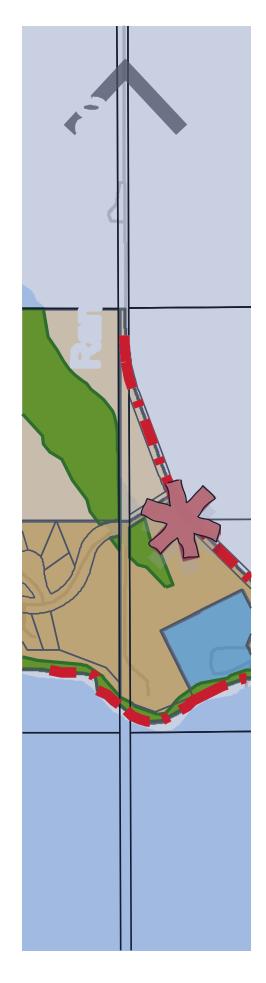
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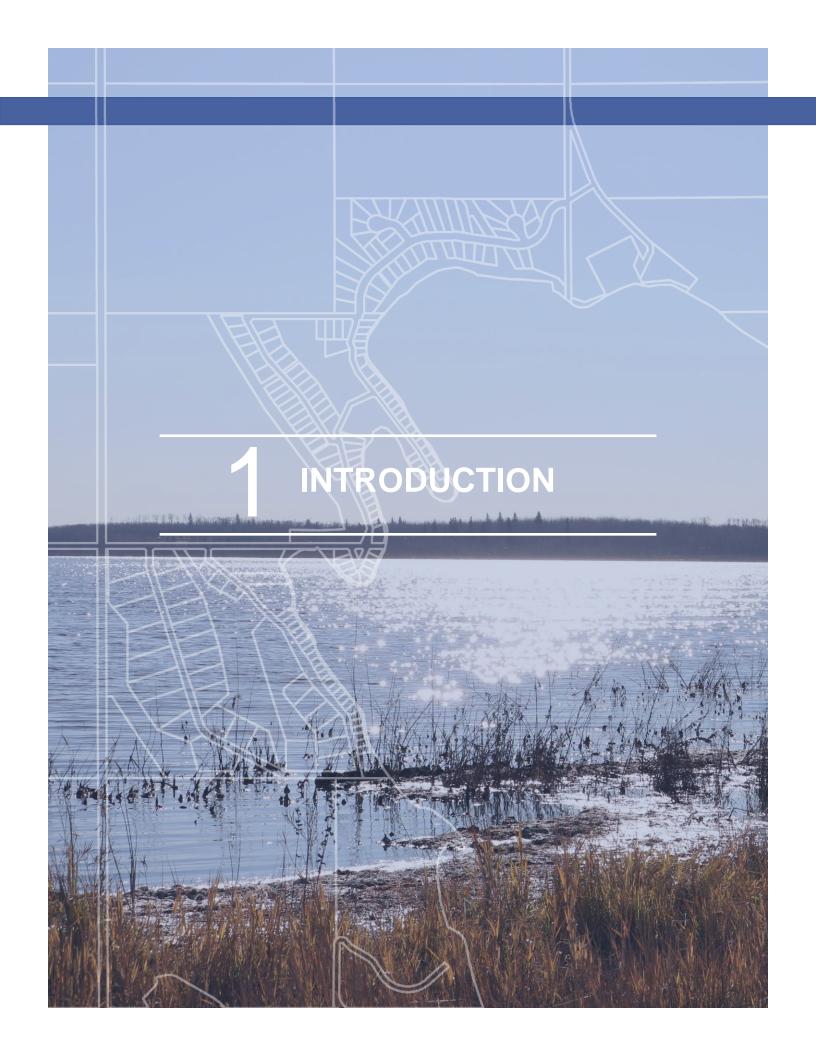
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INTRODUCTION

Introduction 1.0

1.1 **Purpose of Plan**

The Municipal Government Act (MGA) requires all municipalities to adopt an Intermunicipal Development Plan (IDP) and an Intermunicipal Collaboration Framework (ICF) with each of its municipal neighbors. The IDP and ICF reflect mutual agreements on growth and shared services between two or more municipalities. The IDP will be appended to the ICF, and may be created by a separate or matching bylaw, in accordance with Section 708.33(1) of the MGA.

This IDP identifies a 50 year development strategy within the County of St. Paul No. 19 and the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay intermunicipal area. It also provides a set of policies for those lands that each Council and Administration will use as a basis for decision-making on land use, transportation and servicing matters within the IDP area. The IDP also informs citizens and businesses on intermunicipal priorities.

Enabling Legislation 1.2

The IDP has been prepared in accordance Section 631(2) of the MGA, which requires Plan's to address:

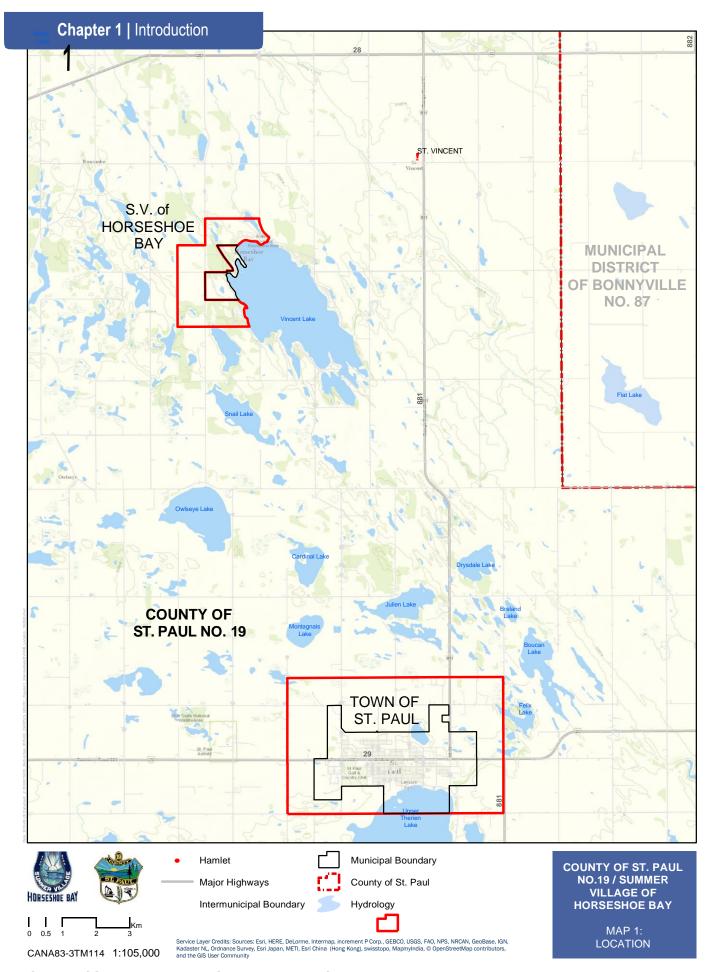
- a. the future land use within the area
- b. the manner of and the proposals for future development in the area
- c. the provision of transportation systems for the area
- d. the co-ordination of intermunicipal physical, social and economic programs
- e. environmental matters within the area
- f. matters related to the physical, social or economic development of the area
- g. procedures to resolve conflict between the municipalities
- h. procedures to amend or repeal the plan, and
- i. the administration of the plan.

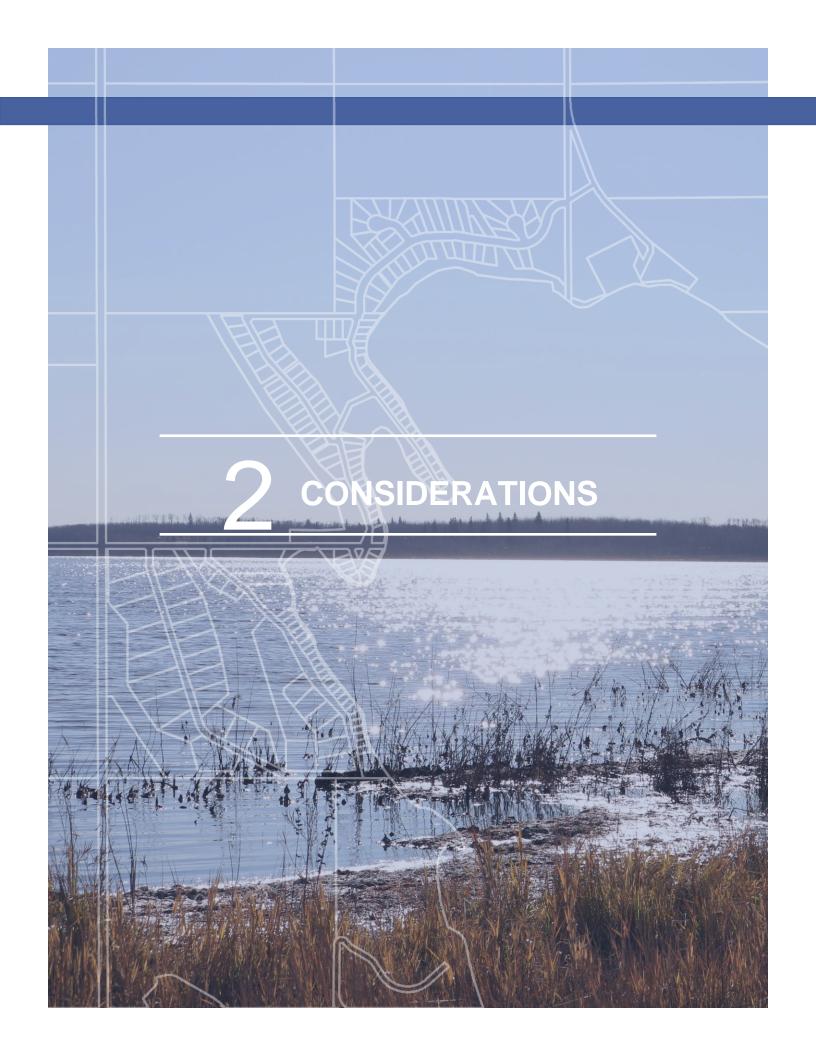
Plan Consistency 1.3

In accordance with Section 638 of the MGA, the IDP is consistent with the County's Municipal Development Plan (MDP) and the Summer Village's MDP.

Plan Boundary 1.4

The IDP boundary incorporates a portion of County lands located adjacent to the Summer Village of Horseshoe Bay. The Summer Village is located within the County's municipal boundaries. The plan area consists of 462.2 hectares (ha) and is shown on Map 1 - Location.





2 CONSIDERATIONS

2.0 **Considerations**

Plan Context 2.1

The County, valuing the preservation of agricultural soils, agricultural production, and a sustainable food source, anticipates that the IDP lands will be cultivated for agricultural purposes for the foreseeable future. Limited subdivision and development is anticipated within the intermunicipal area within the short term.



Over the next 50 years, the Summer Village does not anticipate growth beyond its municipal boundaries. It also anticipates that there will be no commercial or industrial development within the Village. Any residential development will be limited to infill, intensification, redevelopment, or changes in the permanency status of dwellings.



Accordingly, these limited growth expectations directly influence future land use, transportation and servicing requirements within the IDP boundary. As a result, future annexation of County land for the Summer Village will not be required unless growth expectations change.

2.2 Plan Process

The IDP preparation process included 4 phases, as shown below. Each phase included engagement with each municipal Council and administration, and in phase 1, 3, and 4 engagement with plan area landowners and the public.



This process featured the following key events:

- A meeting with council and administration on January 23, 2018 to start the project and discuss issues
- Project kick-off on social media on February 22, 2018
- Community Open House 1 on April 18, 2018 to collect information
- Meeting with administration on May 30, 2018 to discuss the Background Report, which includes a technical review and summary of engagement responses
- A draft land use concept was sent to landowners and posted online for feedback in September 2018
- Council meeting on April 8, 2019 to discuss the draft IDP
- Community Open House 2 on June 10, 2019 to present the draft IDP
- Public hearing at the Summer Village on August 17, 2019 and at the County of St. Paul on August 13, 2019 to approve the IDP

A Background Report and Community Open House Summary, located on each municipality's website, summarizes the information received during these events. The Background Report also includes a technical review describing existing and future demographic, land use, servicing, and environmental conditions.

Chapter 2 | Considerations



The input provided from all participants in the plan preparation process, in addition to the technical review contained in the Background Report, was considered in the development of the IDP.

During Community Open Houses 1 and 2, the following comments were provided, and having considered the input the following corresponding responses were generated:

| | Comments | Responses | |
|---|--|---|---|
| • | Implement Fire Smart Policies | This will be included as a policy within the IDP | n |
| • | Develop a scenic trail around Vincent Lake | This will be included as a policy within the IDP, and a trail will eventually be constructed where possible | |
| • | Develop a soccer field within the Summer Village | This will be considered as a policy within the Summer Village's MDP | |
| • | Do not accommodate wind turbines or a cannabis production facility within the Summer Village | This will be considered as a policy within the IDP and Summer Village's MDP | |

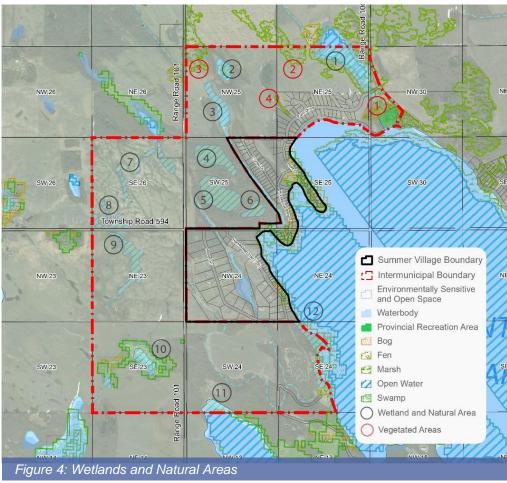
Chapter 2 | Considerations

2.3 Planning Issues

The following issues were identified during the preparation of the Background Report. The balance of the Plan aims to address these issues through a number of land use designations, policies and implementation strategies.

2.3.1 The Natural Environment

Many potentially crown claimable wetlands, and numerous other wetlands exist within the IDP area. A map showing coarse outlines of twelve wetlands based on satellite imagery is provided below. The combined area of these wetlands totals 55.9 ha. Consultation with the Water Boundaries Group at Alberta Environment and Parks (AEP), assessments of permanence is required to confirm their status at the time of development.



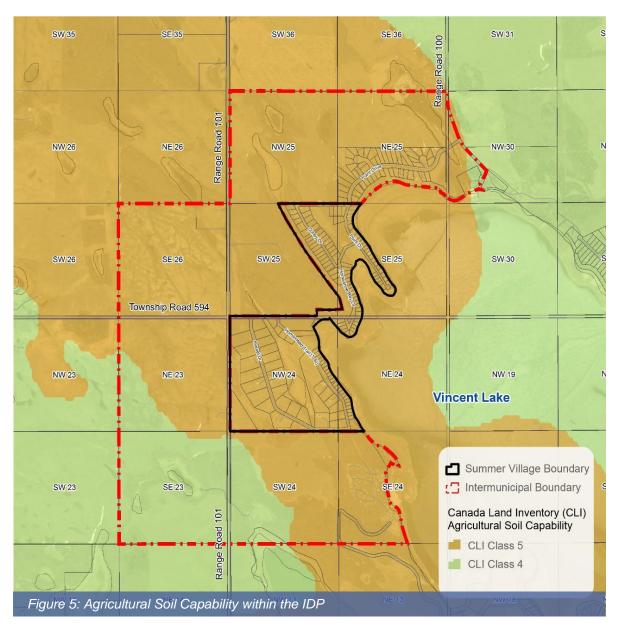
In addition, the map also identifies four remnant inland forests/vegetation areas, as well as vegetated and contiguous native area around Vincent Lake. Both areas have high potential to be good wildlife corridors. This area totals 13.9 ha.

The wetlands and forest areas are part of a larger natural complex that serves Vincent Lake, and have a total area of 69.2 ha.

Chapter 5 provides policies describing how these upland areas should be more specifically delineated and protected through the dedication of environmental reserve and municipal reserve at the time of subdivision.

2.3.2 Agricultural Lands

400.5 ha or 86.5% of the lands within the IDP area are currently under agricultural production. These lands have CLI ratings of Class 4 and Class 5, and a majority of this area will be preserved for agricultural purposes.



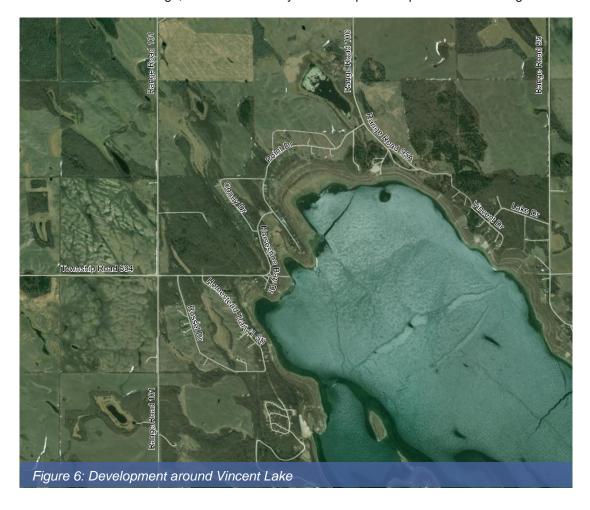
Chapter 6 provides policies describing appropriate setbacks or natural buffers between land uses to minimize or mitigate land use conflicts.

Chapter 2 | Considerations

2.3.3 Residential Lands

There are currently 11 country residential dwellings on 51 lots occupying 21.2 ha of residential lands within the IDP area. The remaining lots in the IDP area are undeveloped. Within the Summer Village there is a total of approximately 48 ha of residential land. The current inventory consists of 110 residences on 144 lots. The remaining lots within the Summer Village are undeveloped or contain seasonally parked recreational vehicles. Given the desire to protect agricultural lands in the IDP area, and that all lands within the Summer Village have been subdivided there are currently no areas remaining for new residential subdivision.

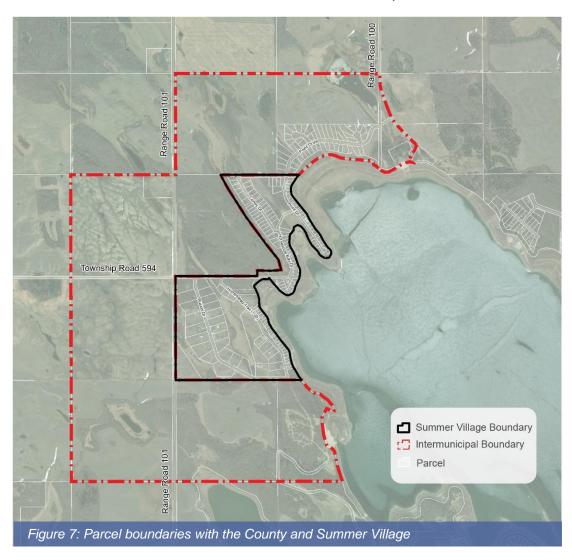
The only opportunity for additional residential development in the IDP area should occur within areas adjacent to existing residential development. Lots within the Summer Village may be resubdivided, existing lots may be intensified with additional dwellings, or vacant lots may be developed with permanent dwellings.



Chapter 7 provides policies accommodating long range country residential and commercial development within strategic locations of the IDP area.

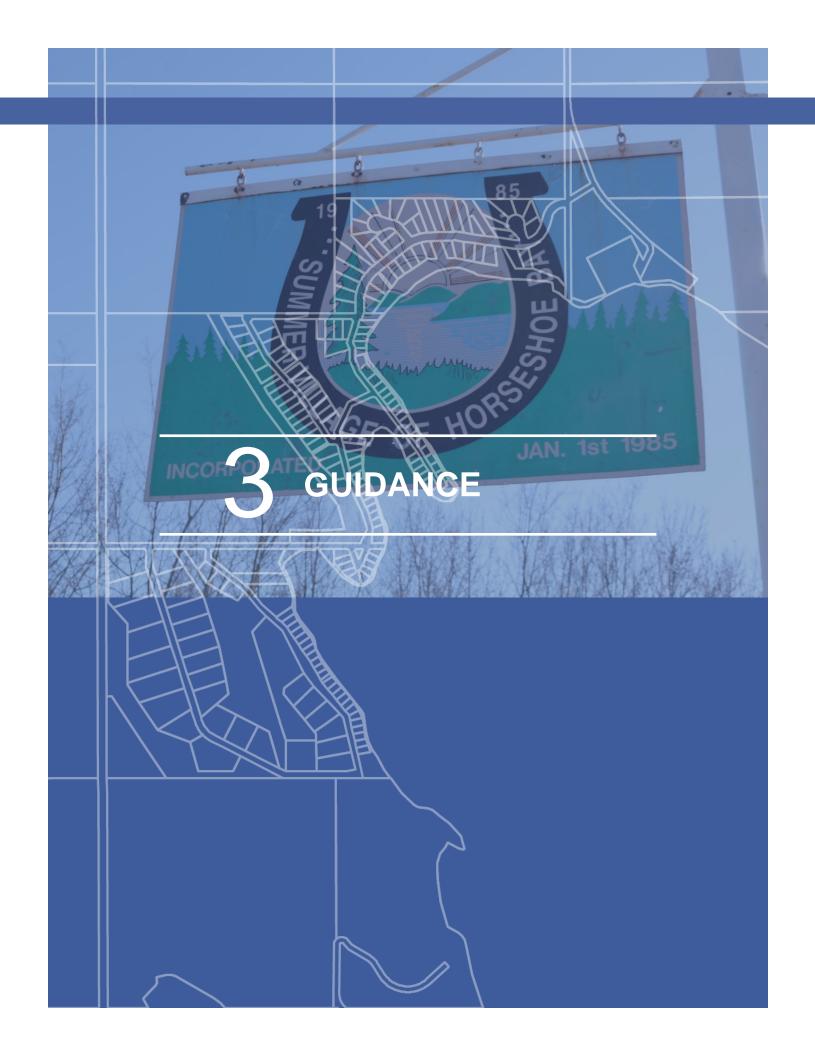
2.3.4 Long Range Planning

The County intends to preserve agricultural lands adjacent to the Summer Village; meanwhile the Summer Village does not intend to grow beyond its municipal borders. This means agricultural land uses will continue in the County, and residential land uses will continue in the Summer Village for the long term. Underlying this land use direction means that there will be limited subdivision and development in the IDP area.



Notwithstanding the above assumptions, however, if an intensification of subdivision and development activity in either the IDP area or Summer Village emerge, this could trigger the need for an IDP amendment or annexation. Therefore, monitoring and forecasting population, land absorption, and subdivision and development activity will be an essential part of the long range planning process for the County and Summer Village.

Chapter 13 provides policies describing how each municipality will monitor growth and development within their borders.



3 GUIDANCE

3.0 Guidance

3.1 Plan Principles

The following principles guided the County and the Summer Village in the preparation of the IDP, and will guide the implementation of the IDP:

- Trust;
- Communication; and
- Collaboration.

Both municipalities require a level of trust in each other. That trust is built through communication and keeping the other informed about developments or projects that arise. There may be differences of opinion; however, the municipalities shall be open to make adjustments in order to come to an agreement that satisfies both parties' interests, and ensures complementary success and growth.

3.2 Vision

The 50 year vision for this IDP imagines that the County and the Summer Village have:

- 1. protected natural areas to ensure their sustainability,
- 2. provided active and passive open spaces for recreation and socializing,
- 3. protected agricultural lands to ensure a local food source and employment,
- 4. accommodated limited country residential and commercial development in strategic locations to provide new growth and local services,
- 5. collaborated to monitor future growth, implement the IDP, and
- developed strategic agreements or programs that provide mutually beneficial social, economic and physical development.

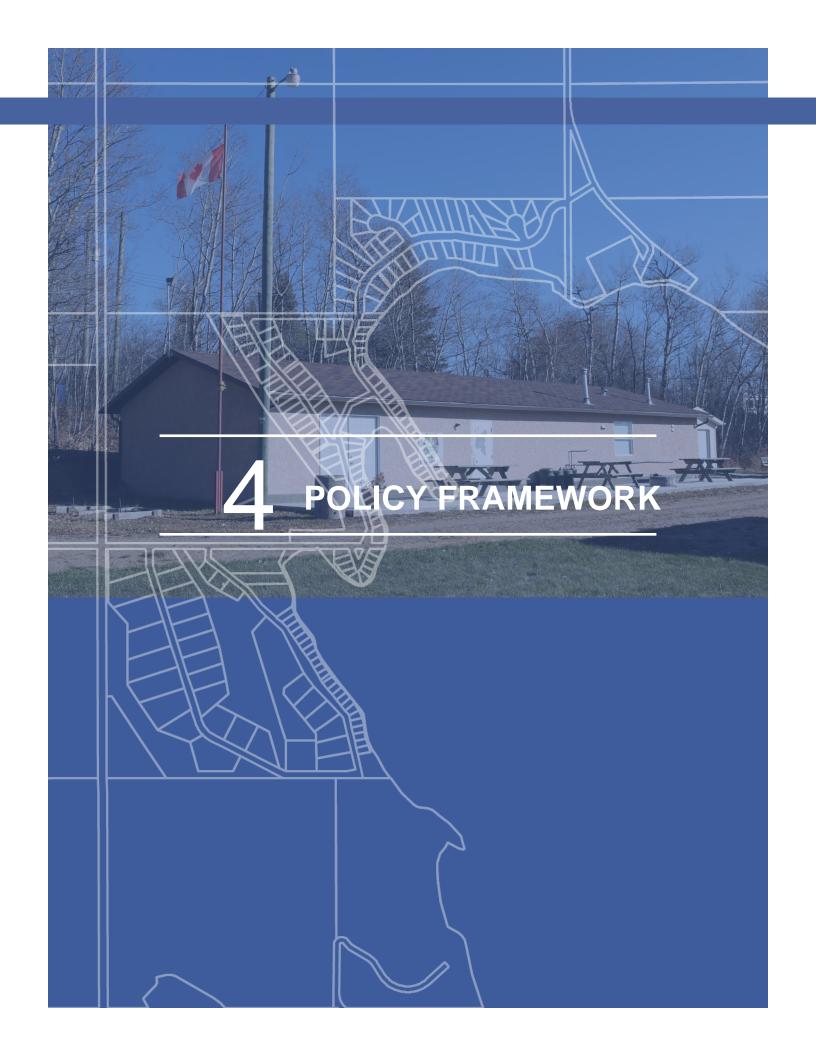


Chapter 3 | Guidance

3.3 Plan Goals and Objectives

The goals and objectives of the IDP are to:

| | Goals | Objectives |
|---|--|---|
| • | Identify and protect environmentally sensitive areas ¹ and open space | Totaling 69.2 ha, 12 wetlands and 4 upland forests that will be delineated and where possible protected. |
| • | Preserve the County's agricultural lands adjacent to the Summer Village | Of the 444.7 ha of the lands under agricultural production, portions of these lands will be preserved for agricultural purposes, while the balance of these agricultural lands may be developed for country residential and/or commercial development. |
| • | Accommodate limited residential and commercial use in strategic locations | A maximum of 31.6 ha new country residential development may occur in locations adjacent to existing country residential development, and one site may be developed for commercial development where any nuisance may be minimized or mitigated. |
| • | Monitor future growth and development, and collaborate to implement the policies of the plan and develop strategic agreements. | Refer development proposals between the municipalities. On an annual basis monitor, subdivision and development permit activity, permanency status, lands protected through environmental and municipal reserve dedication, the preservation of agricultural lands, and the amount of country residential and commercial development. Review population growth to identify future land use needs. Create an intermunicipal committee to discuss areas of mutual interest or concern. |



4 POLICY FRAMEWORK

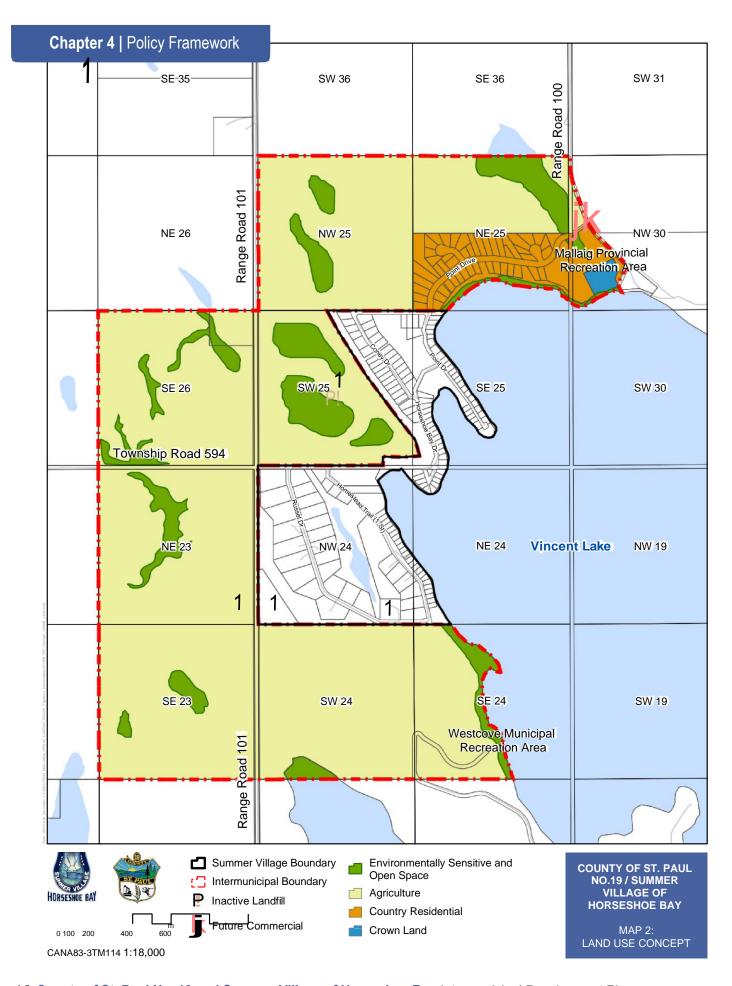
4.0 Policy Framework

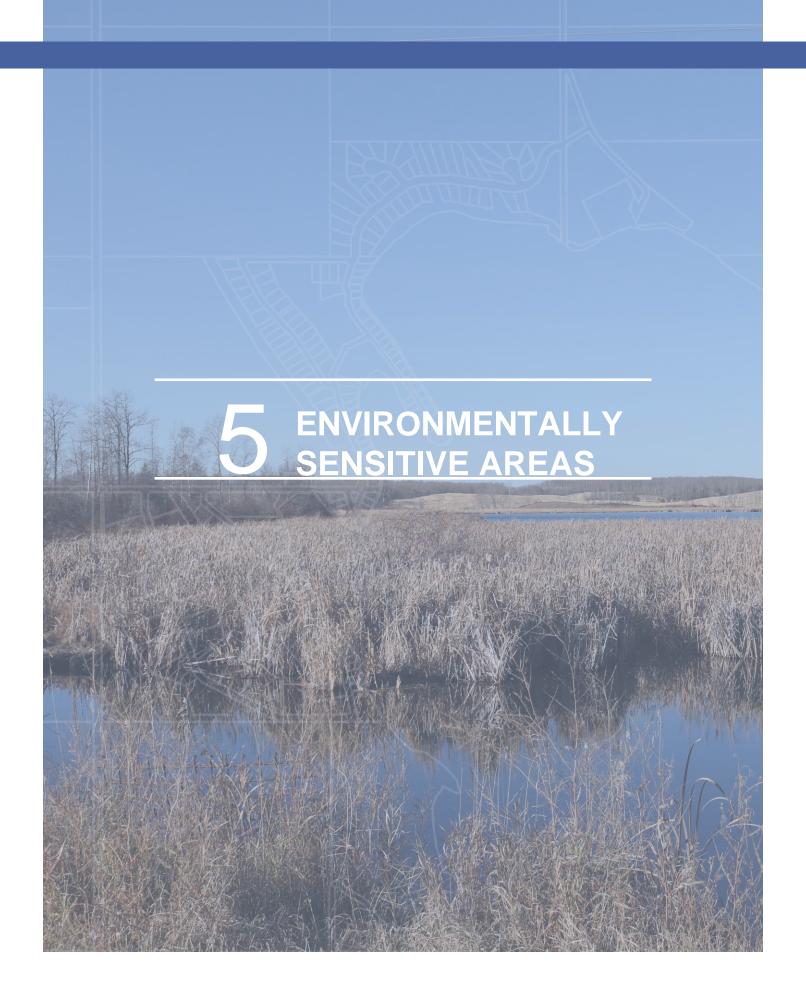
The following policy framework directs the strategic coordination of land use, transportation, and services over the short (1-10 years), medium (11-35 years) and long (36-50 years) term to meet the guiding principles, vision, and goals and objectives of this IDP.

Map 2 – Land Use Concept identifies the IDP area boundaries, indicates the land use designations, and defines the referral area within which the policies of this IDP will apply. The land use boundaries identified in Map 2 are approximate and not absolute. Any minor adjustments or variances that may be necessary to land use policy areas shall not require an amendment to this IDP.

General policies applying across the IDP area are outlined below. Subsequent chapters of this IDP provide detailed policies related to each land use designation, and the transportation and servicing network.

- Policy 4.1 All future land use, subdivision and development in the IDP area shall comply with Map 2 and the policies of this IDP.
- Policy 4.2 Subdivision design and developments shall incorporate FireSmart: Protecting Your Community from Wildfire design principles, and minimize the potential for wildfire damage through:
 - the provision of recreational facilities along the outer perimeter of the development so that the developed portions may be separated from Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs)
 - the provision of a fire guard which will serve as a buffer between development and the surrounding ESA, and
 - the development of trails between developments and surrounding forested lands which may be used in an emergency for fire prevention purposes.



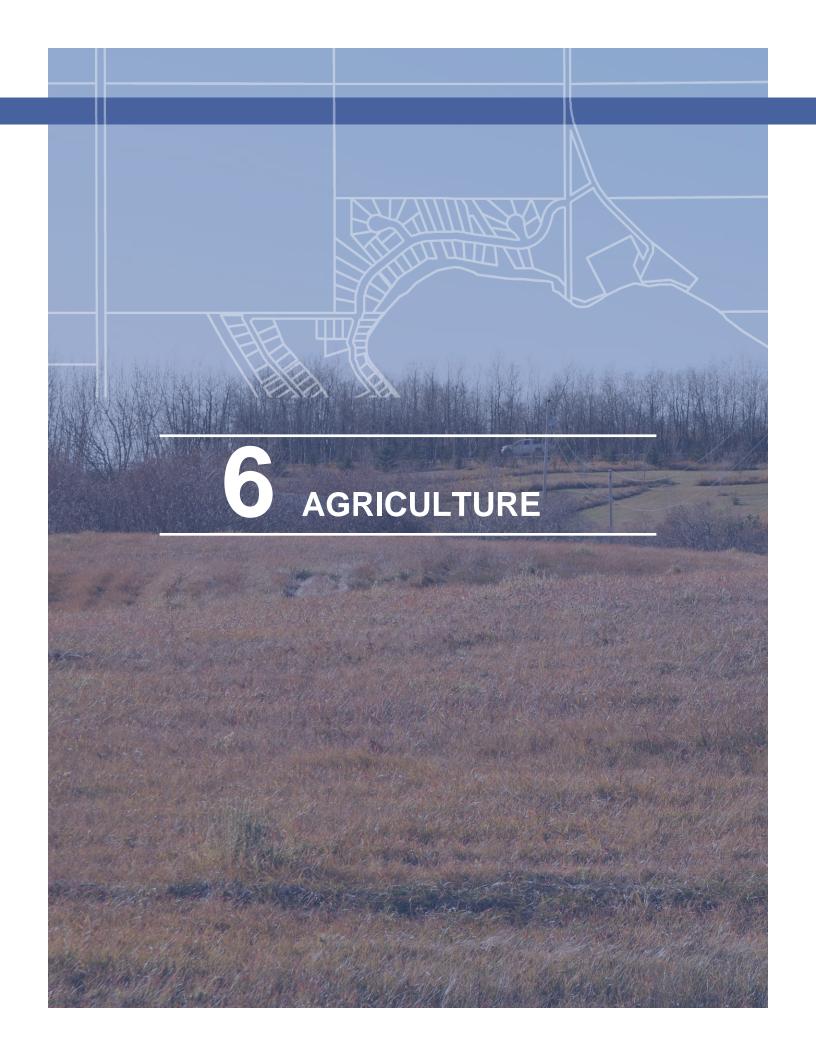


5 ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

5.0 **Environmentally Sensitive Areas Policies**

The IDP area contains the beauty of Vincent Lake, numerous wetlands and forested areas, and may contain future parks. These areas are not only visually appealing, but are also wildlife movement corridors, home to a diversity of plants and animals, serve a storm water management function and are convenient destinations for passive recreation.

| Policy 5.1 | Subdivision and development proposals located in or adjacent to environmentally sensitive areas shall be submitted to Alberta Environment and Parks for comment to ensure that Crown interests in are addressed as early as possible. | Policy 5.8 | The County and Summer Village shall identify opportunities for shared recreation facilities and amenities, such as a soccer field and trail around Vincent Lake. a. The County and Summer Village, in an effort to create an extensive trail system for the region, may identify the need and cost to protect an alignment and connect the Iron Horse Trail to the Summer Village. |
|------------|--|--------------|---|
| Policy 5.2 | Subdivision and development applications in or near areas that are environmentally sensitive, and which may affect the environmental integrity of the landscape, will provide a Biophysical Assessment and/ | | |
| Policy 5.3 | or an Environmental Impact Assessment. The County and Summer Village, through the subdivision process, may acquire | Policy 5.9 N | permanent development shall be permitted on lands that are contained within a 1:100 year flood plain or otherwise known to be flood-prone. |
| | environmentally sensitive areas, critical natural linkages, wildlife corridors and buffer zones in the IDP area through the application of Environmental Reserve or Conservation Reserve to conserve and restore the function, integrity and | Policy 5.10 | Through their respective Land Use Bylaws, the County and the Summer Village shall apply and enforce development setbacks from environmentally sensitive areas. |
| | connectivity of natural areas. | Policy 5.11 | The County and Summer Village may: a. Develop and implement |
| Policy 5.4 | Where lands meet the definition of Environmental Reserve, but are not claimed by the Province, the County shall require dedication of these lands and natural features as Environmental Reserve. | | a stewardship program, management and enhancement guidelines for natural areas and open space areas, and |
| Policy 5.5 | During the subdivision approval process a strip of land dedicated as Environmental Reserve not less than 6.0 metres (m) in | | Support water quality monitoring of Lake Vincent and reporting programs. |
| | width shall be provided adjacent to the bed and shore of any body of water. | Policy 5.12 | Collaborate and coordinate with partners including landowners and stakeholders |
| Policy 5.6 | During the subdivision approval process Municipal Reserve shall be provided in accordance with the MGA. | | such as developers, provincial governm departments, and non-profit organizatio to encourage the restoration or enhancement of natural areas. |
| Policy 5.7 | A minimum 3.0 m wide trail, dedicated as Municipal Reserve, may be constructed adjacent to the 6.0 m Environmental Reserve area identified in Policy 5.5. | | |



6 AGRICULTURE

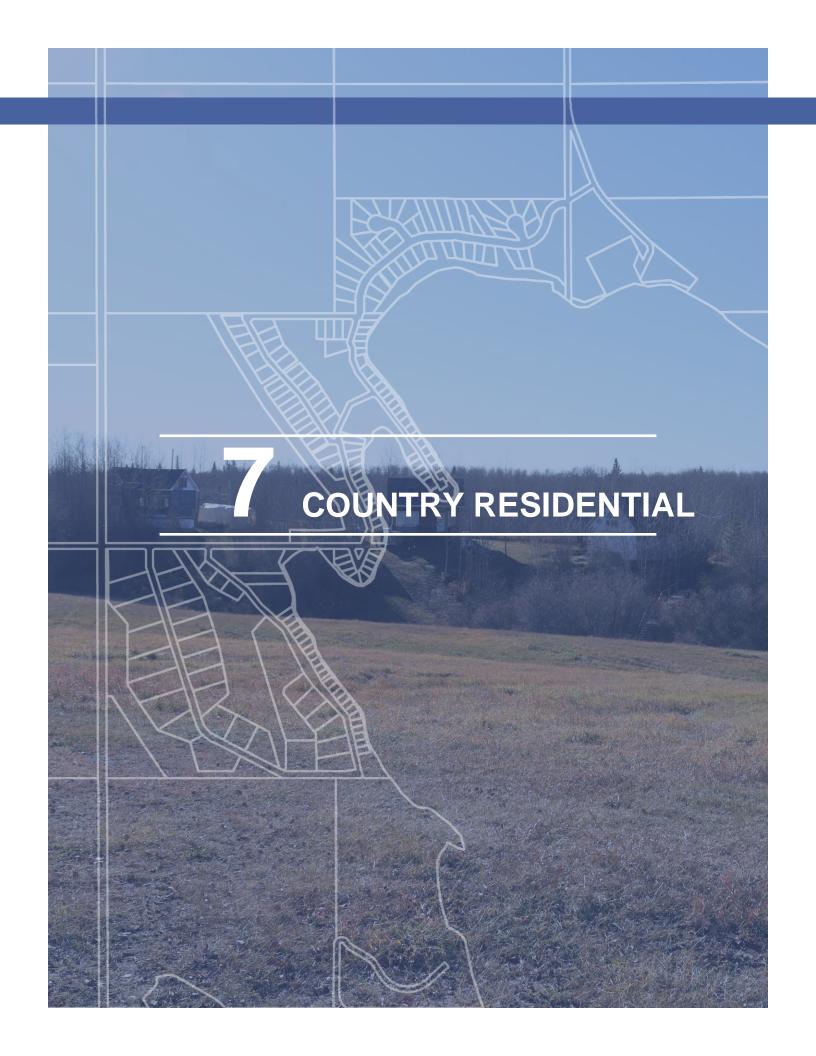
6.0 Agriculture Policies

Protection of agricultural lands, encouragement of a diversity of agricultural activities and having a local food source is important for the County and Summer Village.

In terms of agricultural production, the existing agricultural use in the IDP area is largely cropland. Nuisance factors traditionally associated with farming operations can result in conflicts between agricultural uses and residential areas, namely noise from farm equipment, odour from the spreading of manure, potential environmental problems from agricultural runoff, and dust from hauling or harvesting activities.

Both municipalities understand the positive impact of agriculture on their economies and quality of life, and intend to support the farm community. Policies in this IDP affect only those uses that have a negative impact on lifestyles and property values while allowing most agricultural practices to continue unaffected.

- Policy 6.1 Farming, including both large-scale and small-scale intensive horticulture activities, are expected to remain in agricultural production into the long term and shall be the predominant use in the areas designated Agriculture on Map 2.
- Policy 6.2 Applications for intensive livestock farming activities, the establishment of Confined Feeding Operations, or manure storage facilities in the IDP area shall not be supported.
- Policy 6.3 Subdivision within the IDP lands shall conform with the policies of the County of St. Paul No. 19 Municipal Development Plan, and the regulations of the Land Use Bylaw.

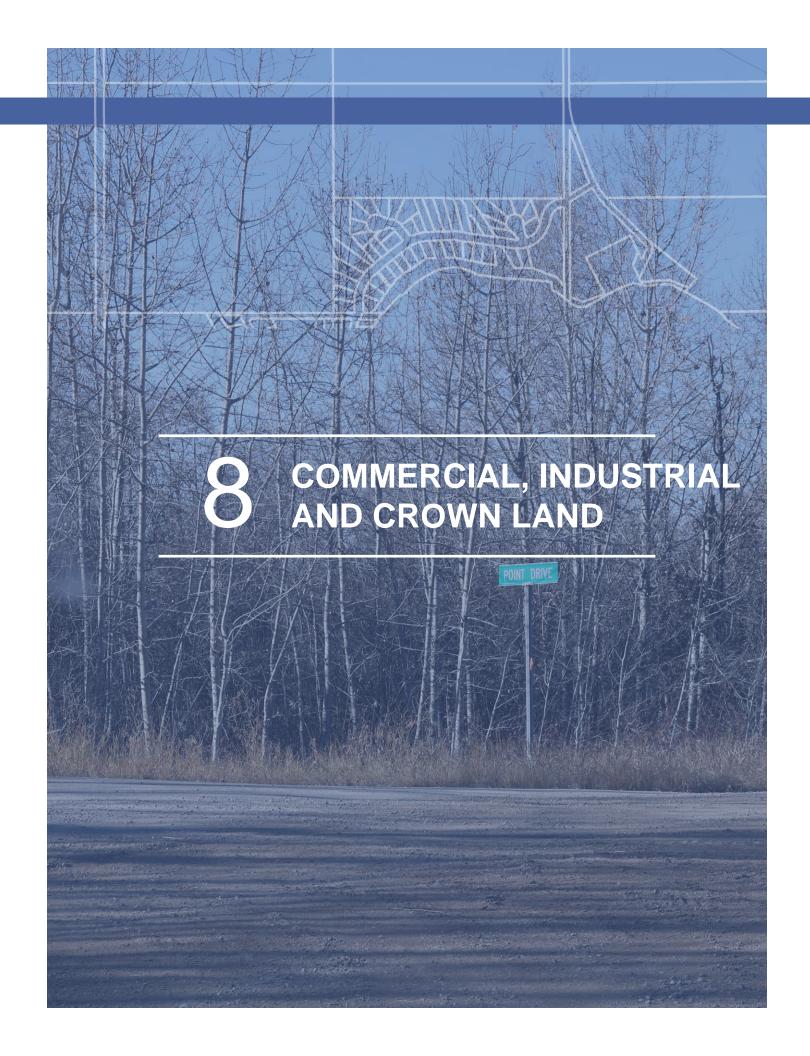


7 COUNTRY RESIDENTIAL

7.0 Country Residential Policies

The northeast portion of the IDP area consists of an existing country residential development, named Michaud Estates, as shown on Map 2. These lands will remain as country residential into the long term.

- Policy 7.1 The Country Residential designation shown on Map 2 refers to those lands within the Michaud Estates residential development, and may develop as country residential development in the medium or long term.
- Policy 7.2 All country residential subdivision applications shall meet the intent of the County's MDP and LUB, and provide assessments, such as groundwater supply, a geotechnical assessment indicating the suitability of the subject lands to accommodate sanitary systems, and a storm water management plan, if necessary.
- Policy 7.3 A landscaped or treed buffer and/orfencing shall be provided along the boundaries of country residential lots that are located adjacent to an agricultural use.



8 COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND CROWN LAND

8.0 Future Commercial, Industrial and Crown Land Policies

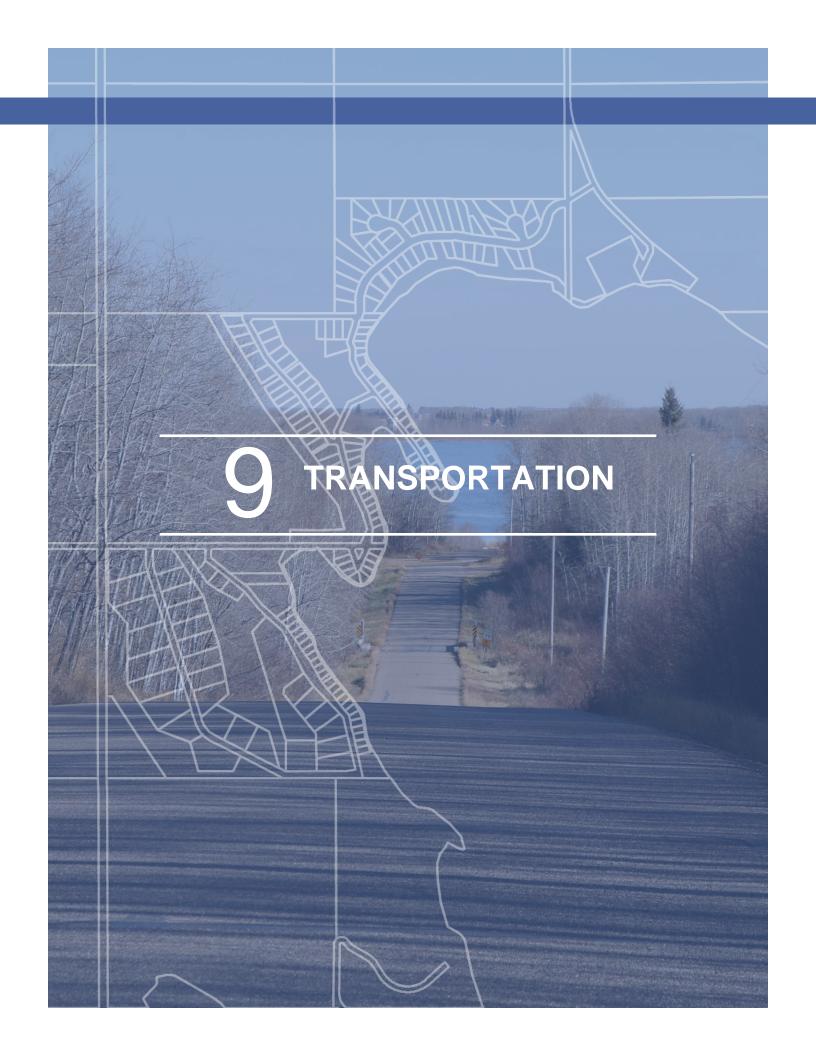
As populations increase in the IDP area, the Summer Village, and the residential area adjacent to Vincent Lake, the demand for commercial services may also increase. Commercial development is not considered desirable in the short term, however to meet a long term future demand a small neighborhood commercial area providing convenience for local residents may be located within a short walk of residential areas and at the intersection of major roadways. These locational characteristics are met at the intersection of Range Road 100 and Point Drive, which also serves as an entrance to Michaud Estates and the Summer Village. This makes the site a gateway to the area and site design and aesthetics a priority.

Policy 8.9

Policy 8.10

- Policy 8.1 The Future Commercial designation shown on Map 2 refers to those lands that are suitable for commercial development, subject to the preparation and submission of environmental reports, and likely to be developed in the long term.
- Policy 8.2 Commercial development shall maintain a high aesthetic standard in design and construction. A common standard for screening, landscaping, fencing, and color shall be required by the LUB.
- Policy 8.3 Commercial development proposals shall ensure that LUB setbacks are maintained between commercial and non-commercial uses to address noise or traffic nuisances.
- Policy 8.4 Cannabis Stores shall not be accommodated within the IDP area.
- Policy 8.5 Home based businesses are encouraged, however businesses shall address any issues of compatibility with adjacent uses in accordance with the LUB.
- Policy 8.6 There shall be no industrial development, including cannabis production facilities or wind turbines within the IDP area.
- Policy 8.7 Mineral extraction shall be contingent on the mitigation or minimization of the impacts upon adjacent land uses, soil, water, and farming operations.

- Policy 8.8 The County and Summer Village will work with relevant government agencies to ensure that Crown interests are addressed prior to development.
 - The Mallaig Provincial Recreation Area, designated as Crown Land on Map 2, provides 24 campsites and a playground. The County and Summer Village will work with the Province to enhance and program the area.
 - The Westcove Municipal Recreation
 Area, as identified on Map 2, provides 70
 campsites, sports fields and a spray park.
 The County and Summer Village will work
 with the operator to enhance and program
 the area.



9 TRANSPORTATION

9.0 Transportation Policies

The development and maintenance of a safe, efficient and multi-modal road, walkway and trail network is critical to the well being of IDP area residents.

- Policy 9.1 All subdivision and development proposals shall have access to developed roads.

 The provision of roads within a proposed subdivision and approaches to individual lots shall be developed in accordance with the County's Engineering Design Standards and are the sole responsibility of the developer.
- Policy 9.2 As part of an agreement associated with the approval of a subdivision or the issuance of a development permit, the County may require that the developer pay for all or a portion of any public roadway or trail system.
- Policy 9.3 All subdivision and development proposals adjacent to Range or Township Roads shall require dedication by caveat or plan of survey of a 5.18 m wide future road right-of-way for widening and/or upgrading of any roads.
- Policy 9.4 The County will conduct regular inspection of all roads, implementing road bans when necessary and conducting grading, dust control and snowplowing as needed.
- Policy 9.5

 Roads, walkways and trails shall be developed and managed to minimize impact on the ecological, aesthetic and recreational qualities of Vincent Lake, wetlands and other natural areas.



10 UTILITIES

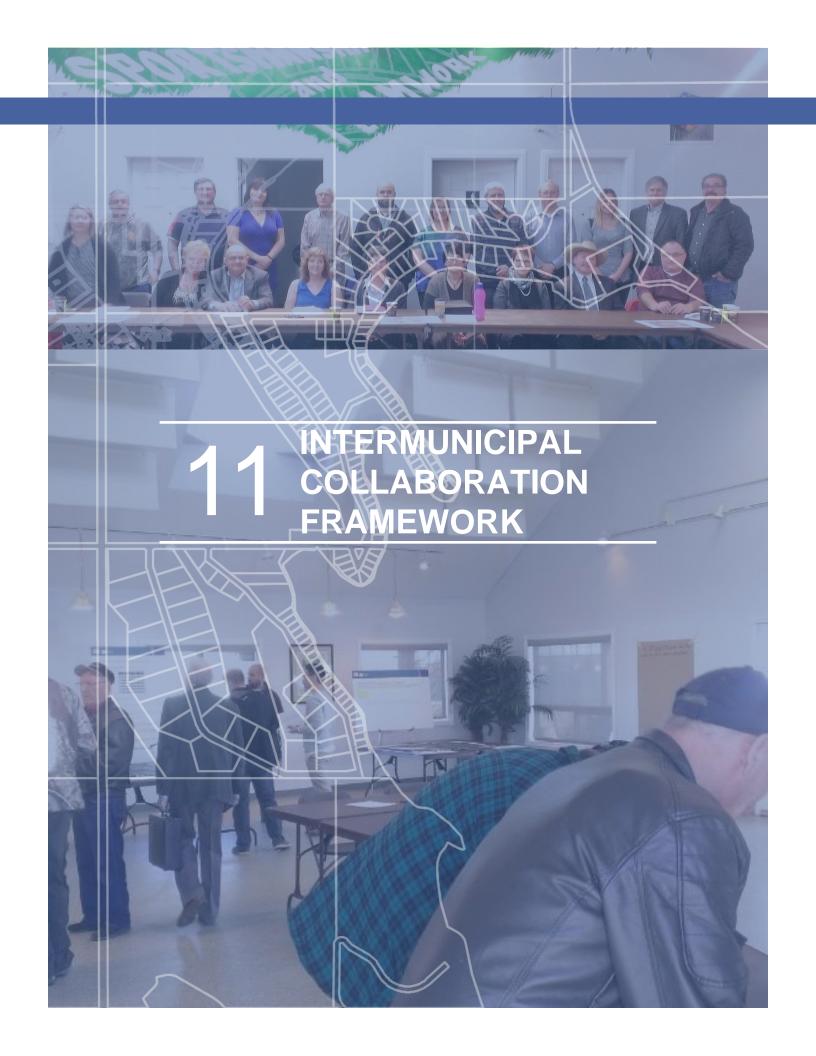
10.0 Utilities Policies

Utilities provide potable water, the conveyance of sanitary sewerage, the management and conveyance of rain water and the provision of natural gas, power, and communications. The utilities within the IDP area shall conform to the following policies.

Policy 10.8

- Policy 10.1 All development shall be self sufficient for all services including potable water supply, sanitary sewage disposal, and storm water management. Water services and disposal methods must comply with provincial regulations and local standards.
- Policy 10.2 The County and Summer Village may prepare a Utilities Master Plan to provide a municipal water supply, sewage treatment systems and storm water management strategy.
- Policy 10.3 The County and Summer Village may identify the need and cost to protect an alignment and construct a water line from Ashmont or Mallaig to the Summer Village, and may provide waterfills in strategic locations within or adjacent to the IDP area.
- Policy 10.4 Developments may be serviced with communal sewage collection, provided that such systems are constructed in accordance with provincial requirements and maintained by the developer or resident association.
- Policy 10.5 Solid waste disposal sites and transfer stations are located and developed in a manner that will minimize or mitigate impacts on surrounding landuses.

- Policy 10.6 Development located adjacent to or within proximity of the inactive landfill located at SW-25-59-10-W4M as shown on Map 2, shall provide setbacks in accordance with provincial and municipal requirements.
- Policy 10.7 Public utilities, such as telecommunication facilities or similar infrastructure, may be developed, provided they meet the regulations of the applicable legislation and LUB.
 - One non-active oil and gas well, and one active oil and gas well are located in the County. One non-active oil and gas well, and one abandoned oil and gas well are located in the Summer Village. These facilities require setbacks ranging from 5-100 m.
- Policy 10.9 The County and Summer Village may encourage the promotion of energy conservation practices through educational programs or public awareness campaigns, and work together to implement a municipal recycling program.



11 INTERMUNICIPAL COLLABORATION

11.0 Intermunicipal Collaboration Framework Policies

An IDP ensures municipalities collaborate to, among other things, identify future land uses, and strategically locate future transportation and utility systems. IDPs are also required to address the co-ordination of intermunicipal physical, social and economic programs. Although the details relating to the provision of services are addressed in the Intermunicipal Collaboration Framework (ICF), this section addresses the sharing or division of service provision in general terms.

Policy 11.1

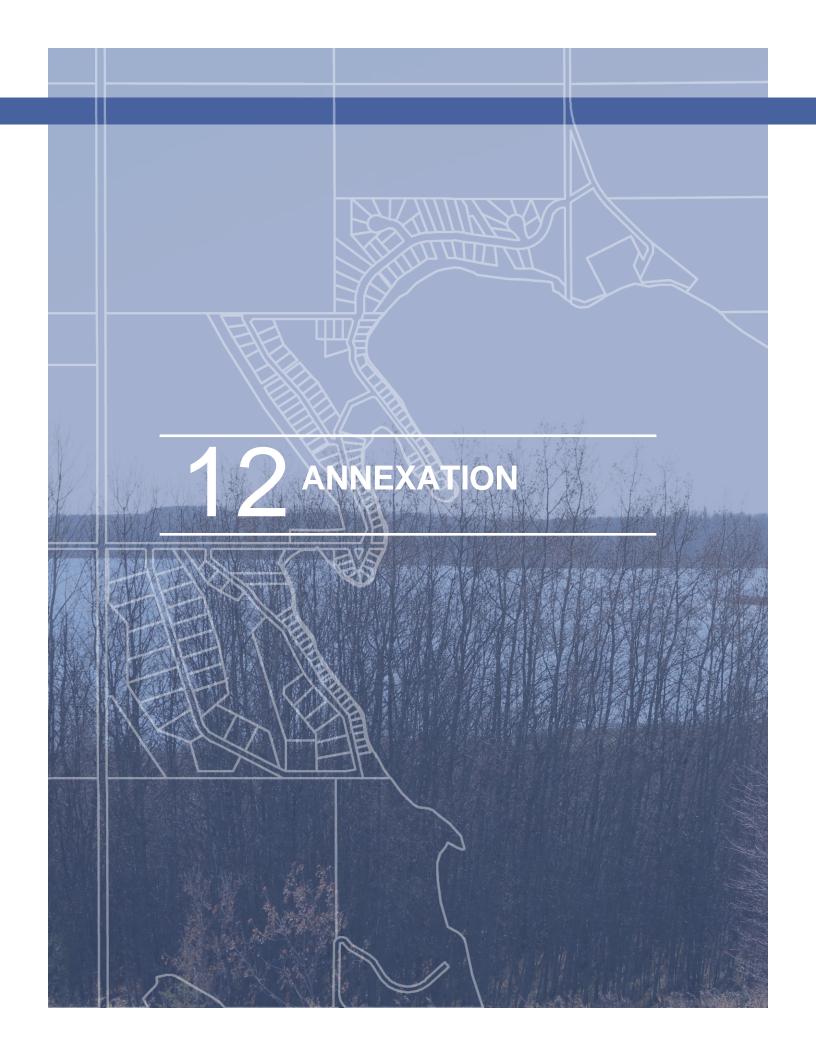
The County and Summer Village support the continued use of intermunicipal agreements as means of delivering services in a co-operative manner to maximize available resources. The County and Summer Village currently share the following services, or have the following agreements:

- Regional Collaboration Partnership Committee
- Regional OH&S Joint Servicing Agreement
- Regional Emergency Management Joint Servicing Agreement
- Fire Protection
- Snow Removal
- Roadside Maintenance
- Solid Waste Removal

Policy 11.2

The County and Summer Village may prepare agreements for:

- The creation of joint development areas
- The protection of watersheds, maintaining the water quality of surface and groundwater systems, and developing stormwater management strategies
- The acquisition of environmental areas
- The development of recreation facilities (a soccer field, Iron Horse Trail connection)
- An Intermunicipal Subdivision and Development Appeal Board
- A Transportation and Servicing Master Plan
- A program identifying energy efficiency, waste disposal and recycling
- The Regional Allied Arts Society
- The Community Grant and Arts and Culture
- An Endowment Fund



12 ANNEXATION

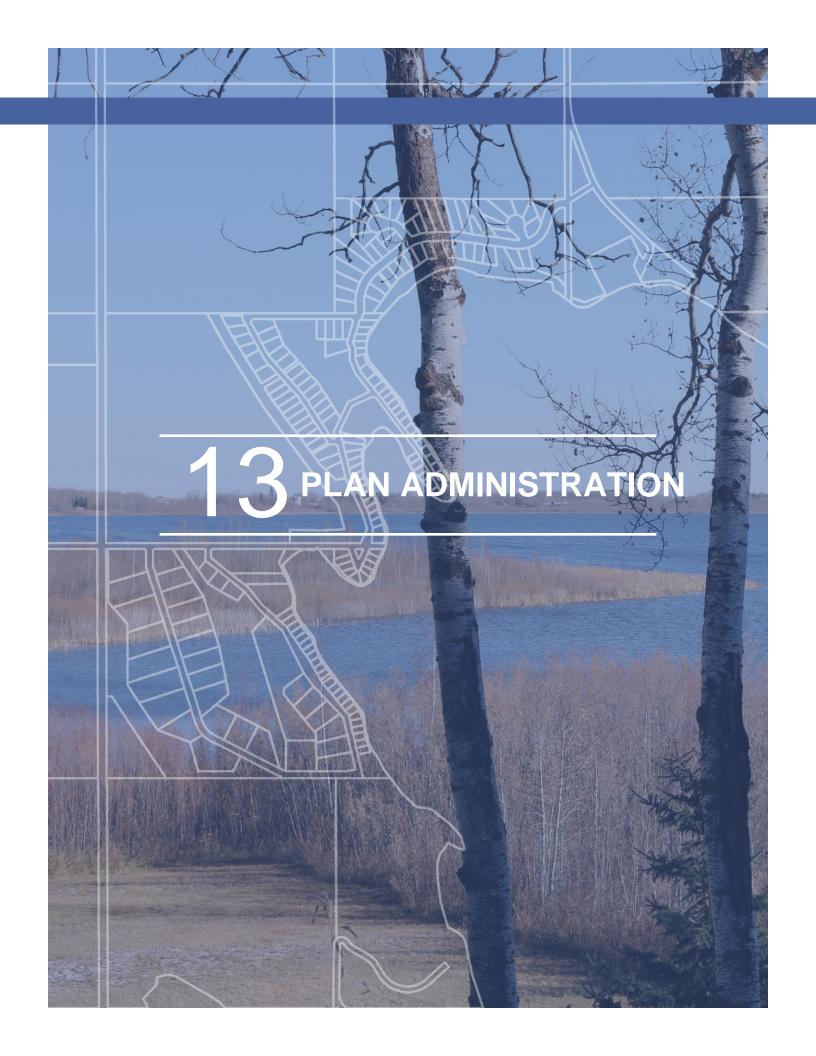
12.0 Annexation

The annexation of land refers to the acquisition of land by an urban municipality from a rural municipality in order to accommodate future growth. Although the Summer Village has no intent to annex lands from the County, this IDP, in accordance Division 6 of the MGA, establishes a mutually agreed upon basis for annexation should it occur. The purpose of this section is to provide policies and directions for annexation to ensure that the transition from County to Summer Village is a smooth process.

Policy 12.4

- Policy 12.1 The County and Summer Village shall follow the annexation process as outlined in the MGA.
- Policy 12.2 The Summer Village will share growth and development information development so that both municipalities are aware of the extent of any future annexation requirements.
- Policy 12.3 The County and Summer Village will identify the timing, size and location of an annexation area after the following have been considered:
 - a. conformity with the IDP and the Summer Village's MDP
 - b. justifiable and agreeable current and future growth rates
 - c. a compatible land use plan
 - d. a transportation system to accommodate development
 - e. availability and cost of servicing
 - f. landowner/developer requests
 - g. pattern of ownership to avoid fragmented development
 - h. minimization of the premature consumption of agricultural land
 - a majority of the affected landowners agree to the annexation
 - any other matters that either Council considers necessary.

All annexation applications will be referred to the other municipality for comment prior to any official action being taken. Such reference should contain the items listed in Policy 12.3.



13 PLAN ADMINISTRATION

13.0 Plan Administration

Plan Adoption

Policy 13.1 Each municipality will adopt the IDP by Bylaw following a Public Hearing. The Bylaw will state that municipalities only have jurisdiction over lands within their own boundaries.

Policy 13.2 The County's or Summer Village's MDP, ASPs or LUBs may be amended concurrently, if necessary.

Plan Monitoring

- Policy 13.3 On an annual basis, the County and Summer Village shall monitor:
 - a. population growth to identify future land use needs
 - b. the amount of lots created through subdivision
 - c. the number of dwellings created through development permits
 - d. the number and area of wetlands and forests that are protected
 - e. the amount of lands preserved for agricultural purposes
 - f. land developed for country residential and commercial development
 - g. changes in permanency status of dwellings in the Summer Village

Plan Amendment

- Policy 13.4 Either municipality, landowners or developers may initiate IDP amendments.
 - Landowners or developers shall propose the amendment to the municipality in which the subject land is located.
 - b. Any amendment to the IDP must receive the agreement of both municipalities following a joint Public Hearing held in accordance with the MGA. No amendment shall come into force until both municipalities approve the amending Bylaw. Any disagreement respecting a proposed amendment will trigger the dispute resolution mechanism identified in Chapter 14 of this IDP.

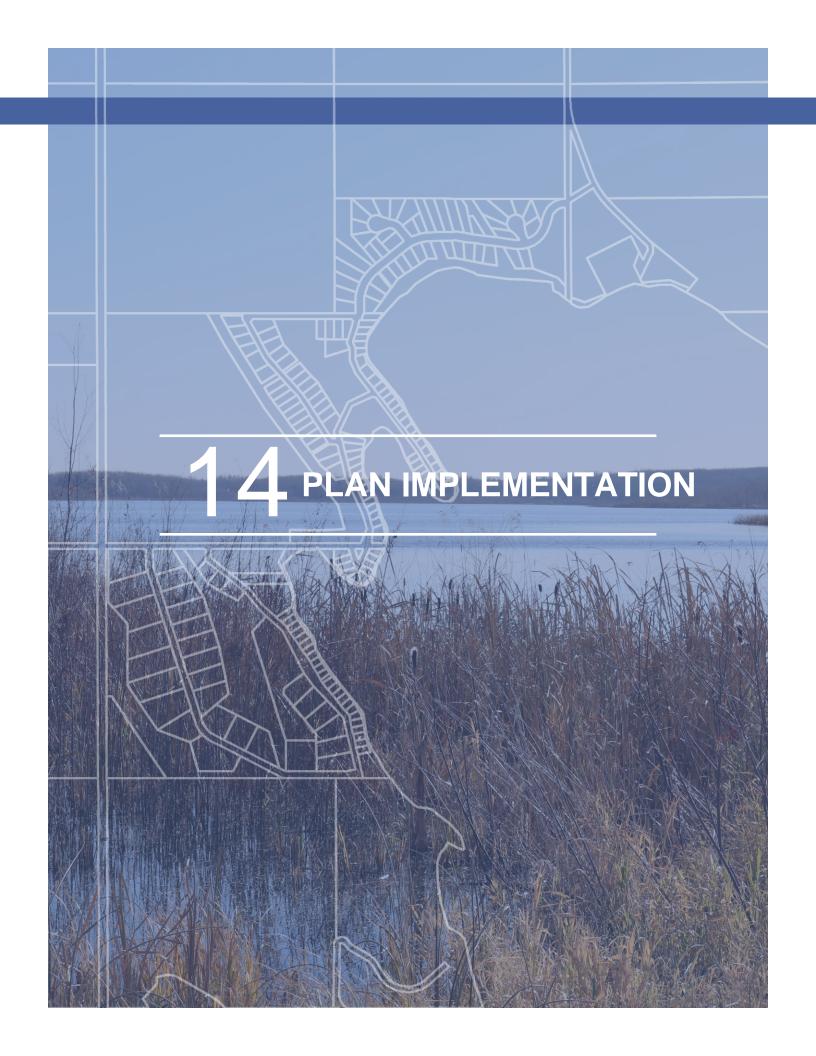
Plan Review

- Policy 13.5 The Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) of each municipality shall review the IDP on annual basis to ensure Plan is working as intended.
 - a. The results of this review, and any amendments, shall be presented to the Intermunicipal Council Committee (ICC) in May of every year. The ICC is further defined in Policy 13.1.
 - b. The ICC shall direct which amendments, if any, shall be made.

Plan Repeal

Policy 13.6 The IDP may be repealed; if replaced by a new plan.¹

¹ IDPs are mandatory under the Municipal Government Act (MGA), however the MGA requires that IDPs include procedures for repeal (631(2) (b)(ii)).



14 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

14.0 Plan Implementation

Intermunicipal Council Committee (ICC)

- Policy 14.1 The municipalities shall establish an ICC to facilitate discussion on areas of mutual interest or concern. The ICC has no authority for formal decision-making.
 - a. The Committee consists of two
 (2) council members and the CAO of each municipality.
 - b. The County is responsible for the administration of the ICC and coordination of meetings;
 - c. ICC responsibilities include:
 - i. meeting twice a year to discuss issues of mutual interest
 - ii. reporting on the implementation of the IDP, as per Policy 13.3.
 - iii. reviewing proposed IDP amendments, and annexations.

Adoption, Amendments, Applications

- Policy 14.2 Adoption of, or amendments to, a statutory plan or LUB, or development permit and subdivision applications are processed and decided upon by the Approving Authority of the municipality in which the plan or Bylaw is located.
- Policy 14.3 All new applications for rezoning, subdivision and development shall be subject to the County's Land Use Bylaw (LUB) and Summer Village's LUB, as required by the policies of this IDP.

Policy 14.4

Existing land uses with valid development permits that exist as of the date of approval of this IDP may continue to operate in accordance with the provisions of the MGA and the County's LUB and Summer Village's LUB.

Subdivision and Development Permit Appeals

Policy 14.5

The Municipal Subdivision and Development Appeal Board (SDAB), or Intermunicipal Subdivision and Development Appeal Board (ISDAB) having jurisdiction will hear development permit and subdivision appeals, except where the Municipal Government Board (MGB) has jurisdiction.

Referrals and Communication

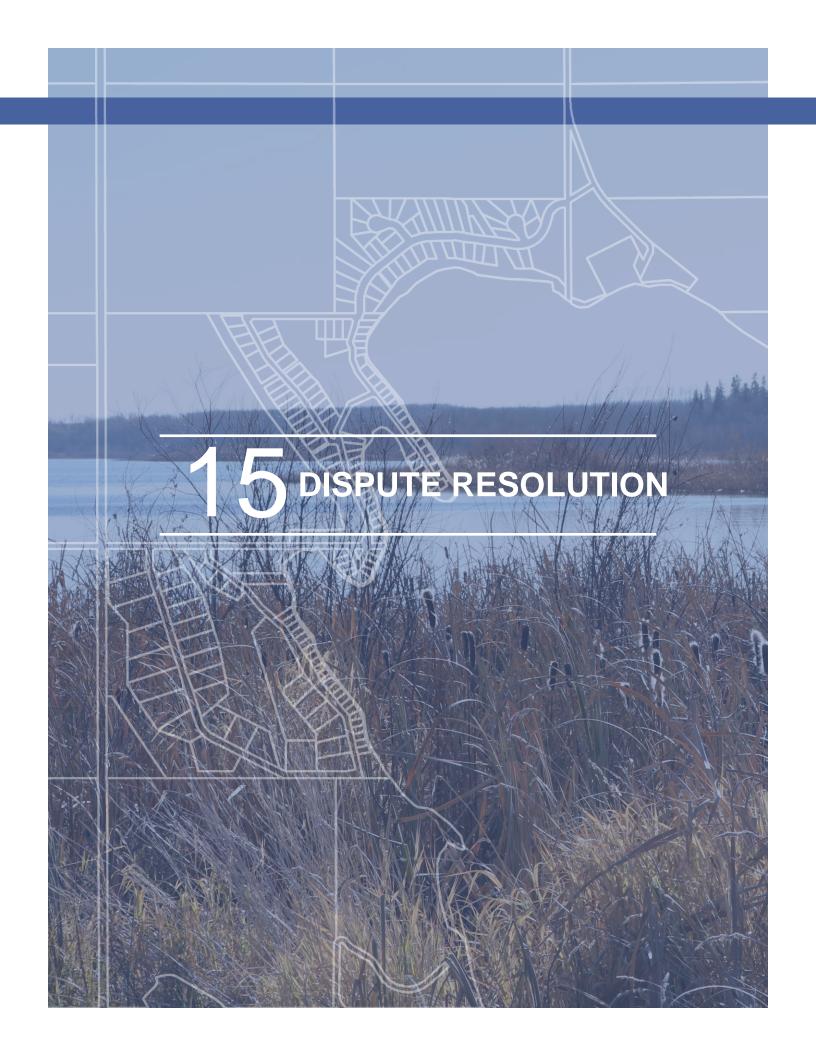
Policy 14.6

Any application for subdivision, rezoning or development permit, excluding farmstead separations or boundary adjustments, located within the boundaries of Map 2, and within the Summer Village shall be referred to other municipality for comment.

- a. The responding municipality shall provide comments within 21 days.
- Non-statutory master plans shall be provided for information only and will not be subject to dispute resolution).

Policy 14.7

Applications that require adjacent landowner notification may be circulated across municipal boundaries.



15 DISPUTE RESOLUTION

15.0 Dispute Resolution

Land use disputes between municipalities may occur from time to time. In an effort to resolve issues and avoid an appeal to the Municipal Government Board (MGB) the following local dispute resolution process shall be followed, as per s.690 of the MGA.

Policy 15.5

Policy 15.6

Policy 15.7

- Policy 15.1 Either municipal Council may initiate the local dispute resolution process. A dispute may be initiated by a lack of agreement on an amendment to this IDP, or the proposed adoption or amendment of a statutory plan or LUB that has been given First Reading but believed to be inconsistent with this IDP.
 - a. The dispute resolution process shall not apply to matters under jurisdiction of the SDAB or ISDAB. Any other appeal shall be made to the appropriate approving authority or appeal board that deals with that issue.
- Policy 15.2 The identification of a dispute, notification of the dispute to the other municipality, and the desire to proceed through the local dispute resolution process may occur at any time prior to second reading of the bylaw.
- Policy 15.3 In the event the local dispute resolution process is initiated, the municipality having authority over the matter shall not give any further approval until the dispute has been resolved or a mediation process has been concluded.
- Policy 15.4 Once either municipality has received written notice of a dispute, the resolution process must be initiated within 15 calendar days of the date the written notice was received.
 - a. Upon receipt of a notice of a dispute, the Chief Administrative
 Officers (CAO) of each municipality will meet in an attempt to resolve the issue.
 - b. In the event a resolution is not achieved within 30 days of the first

meeting of the CAOs, either municipality may refer the dispute to the Intermunicipal Council Committee (ICC).

- The ICC will convene to consider and attempt to resolve the dispute. In the event a resolution is not achieved within 30 days of the first meeting of the ICC, either municipality may refer the dispute to mediation. The mediation must occur as soon as possible after second reading of the bylaw.
- The services of an independent mediator may be retained, and the costs of mediation shall be shared equally between the County and Town. The mediation process shall be concluded within 30 days of the first meeting with the mediator. The mediator shall present a written recommendation to both Councils.
 - In the event the mediation process is not pursued or does not resolve the dispute, the municipality may proceed to adopt the bylaw in accordance with the MGA, and the other municipality will have the right to appeal to the MGB, as per s.690 of the MGA.



