The Administrative Data Research Facility (or, data, data, everywhere – we need to stop and think)

Julia Lane New York University

Key ideas



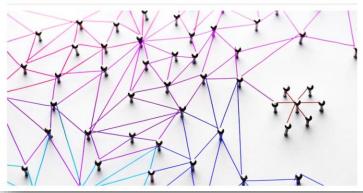
Transform Data Use

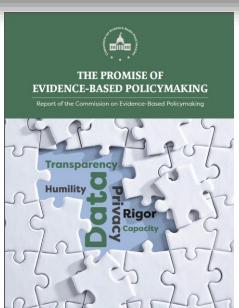
A Locally Based Initiative to Support People and Communities by Transformative Use of Data

1 JULIA LANE, DAVID C. KENDRICK, DAVID T. ELLWOOD

The data revolution is transforming how executives manage operations and businesses deliver goods and services. Yet when it comes to helping people escape poverty, the revolution has barely begun.







H.R. 1831: Evidence-Based Policymaking Commission Act of 2016

Introduced: Apr 16, 2015

114th Congress, 2015-2017

Status: Enacted — Signed by the President on Mar 30, 2016

This bill was enacted after being signed by the President on March 30, 2016.

Law: Pub.L. 114-140

Sponsor:



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Representative for Wisconsin's 1st congressional district

Republican

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Last Updated: Mar 18, 2016 Length: 5 pages

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Overview

Key Performance Indicators

Key Drivers of Transformation

IT Modernization

Data, Accountability and Transparency

People - Workforce for the 21st Century

Cross-Cutting Priority Areas

Improving Customer Experience

Sharing Quality Services

Shifting From Low-Value to High-Value Work

Functional Priority Areas

Category Management

Results-Oriented Accountability for Grants

Getting Payments Right

Federal IT Spending

Leveraging Data as a Strategic Asset

Goal Leaders

Pradeep Belur, Chief of Staff, Small Business Administration

Karen Dunn Kelley,

Under Secretary of Economic Affairs and Acting Deputy Secretary, Department of Commerce

Jack Wilmer, Senior Advisor for

Cybersecurity and IT

Modernization, Office of

Goal Statement



Leverage data as a strategic asset to grow the economy, increase the effectiveness of the Federal Government, facilitate oversight, and

promote transparency.

The Challenge



The use of data is transforming society, business, and the economy. Data provided by the Federal Government have a unique place in society and

maintaining trust in Federal data is pivotal to a democratic process. The Federal Government needs a robust, integrated approach to using data to deliver on mission, serve customers, and steward resources while respecting privacy and confidentiality.

"If HP only knew what HP knows, we would be much more profitable"



(former CEO Lew Platt)

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Our approach

Secure **computing & analytics** platform

Analytics **training** programs





Specifics

Data on high needs populations **Trained Staff** Joined Up Data on housing **New Products Datasets** and transportation **New Networks** Data on earnings and employment

Networks: >90 govt agencies; >200 participants

Q4 - How has your participation in the program changed your work in the last year?

Are there skills that could be added to the course? If so, which skills?

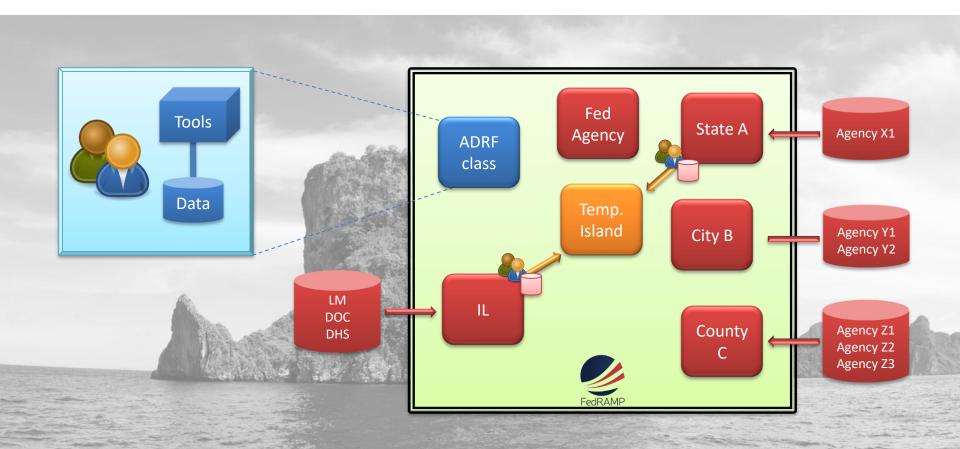
Surprisingly (to me), it was the networking within the class that had the most impact. My organization is currently involved in a project with two other classmates (from two separate organizations), and getting to know them in the class environment was very helpful. We also hired a third classmate into our agency based upon her performance in class; she has had a noticeable impact on our project.

Understanding of techniques and programs that I previously had no visibility on.

It's something that I said before, but hearing the topics in the class taught by experts felt as though a veil was lifted.

I can speak more eloquently about data science, but haven't changed my day to day use of SPSS. I do hope in the next year I'll be able to merge some new data we just collected with other public datasets using the skills learned in this class.

I have been trying to shift my work from sinmple reporting to more complex analytics to provide better insights, propose solutions, and help improve organizational performance.



ADRF

Products: Corrections and Employment

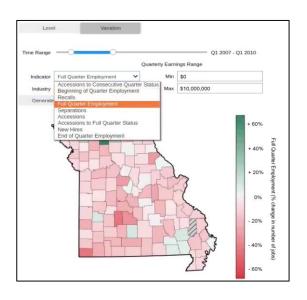
Table 1 summarizes the median time spent in different states for each cluster.

Intermittent employment (n=1881) Table 1. Median Time Spent in Each State by Cluster 1618 995 Table 4. Recidivism Rates by Cluster At least one incident of At least one **Technical** q2005_1 q2007_4 recidivism technical violation violations as a percent of Intermitt recidivism Full cohort 53% 31% 60% Primarily incarcerated 26% 65% 41% Intermittent employment 66% 39% 58% g2005 1 g2007 4 Unemployed after initial 23% 14% 61% incarceration Intermittent incarceration 99% 66% 67% Working after incarceration 21% 315 43% 49% 138 q2005_1 q2007_4 q2010_3 q2013_

Figure 2 Cluster Analysis: Five clusters were identified from the trajectories.

Time (quarters)

Tailored and Customizable Metrics



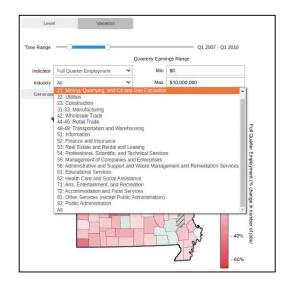


Fig. 2: Dashboard metrics (left) and industry subsets (right)

The dashboard can visualize different metrics (left) – including QWI metrics developed in in the context of the Census LEHD program –, subsetting the data by different industries (right).

Comparing Employment Dynamics Across Borders

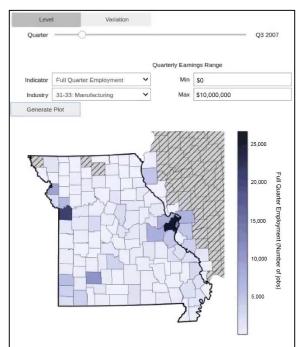


Fig. 3: Comparing total earnings with Illinois border counties

The dashboard can include border counties from the states that provide data to the ADRF.

Key ideas



Comments welcome

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