

2025 CRCA Trade Show & Seminars
Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois
January 22-24, 2025

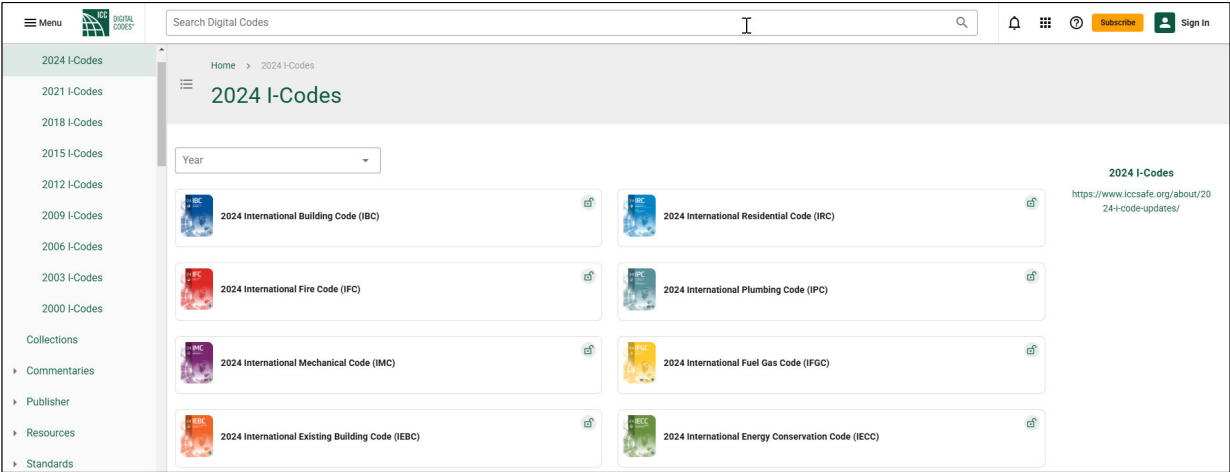
Low-slope roofing update on technical issues

Mark S. Graham
Vice President, Technical Services
National Roofing Contractors Association



1

2024 I-codes
codes.iccsafe.org



2

City of Chicago

www.Chicago.gov

INTERIM Chicago Fire Prevention Code (14F)

Amendments only (full access)

INTERIM Chicago Fuel Gas Code (14G)

Full text (full access)

INTERIM Chicago Mechanical Code (14M)

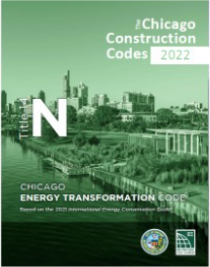
Full text (full access)

Chicago Energy Transformation Code (14N)

Full text (read only)

Purchase copy (print / digital)

Amendments only (full access)



3

State of Illinois

cdb.Illinois.gov

Illinois Codes

Building Codes and Regulations

Building Codes and Regulations

COUNTY & MUNICIPAL CODE REPORTING

20 ILCS 3105/10.18 requires that all municipalities or counties adopting a new building code or amending an existing building code must provide an identification of the code by title and edition including local amendments to CDB at least 30 days before the effective date of the building code.

Use the [County Municipal Code Reporting Form](#) to notify CDB of your new or amended code.

BUILDING CODE QUESTIONS

To assist you, CDB provides two directories; one of local building codes and the other listing state regulations and statutes for your convenience.

- [Illinois Municipal Code Directory](#)
- [Illinois Construction-Related Statutes and Rules Directory](#)

For more information see our [Building Codes & Regulations FAQs](#) or contact us at:

401 South Spring Street
3rd Floor, Stratton Building
Springfield, IL 62706
CDB.BuildingCodes@illinois.gov
Voice: 217-720-3021
TDD: 217-524-4449

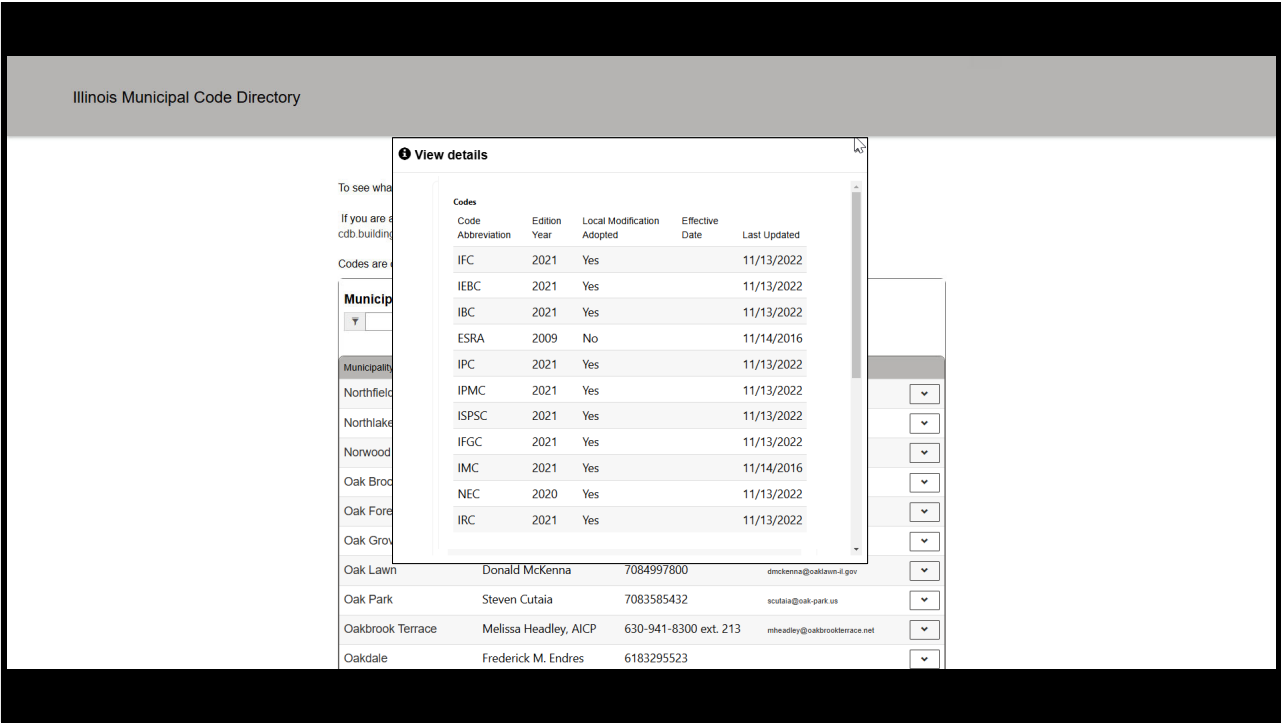
* New or substantially improved buildings: IEBC® and IBC® (1/1/25 Incl. App G., Excl. Ch 11, 13, 29).
Current edition or most recent preceeding edition.*

4

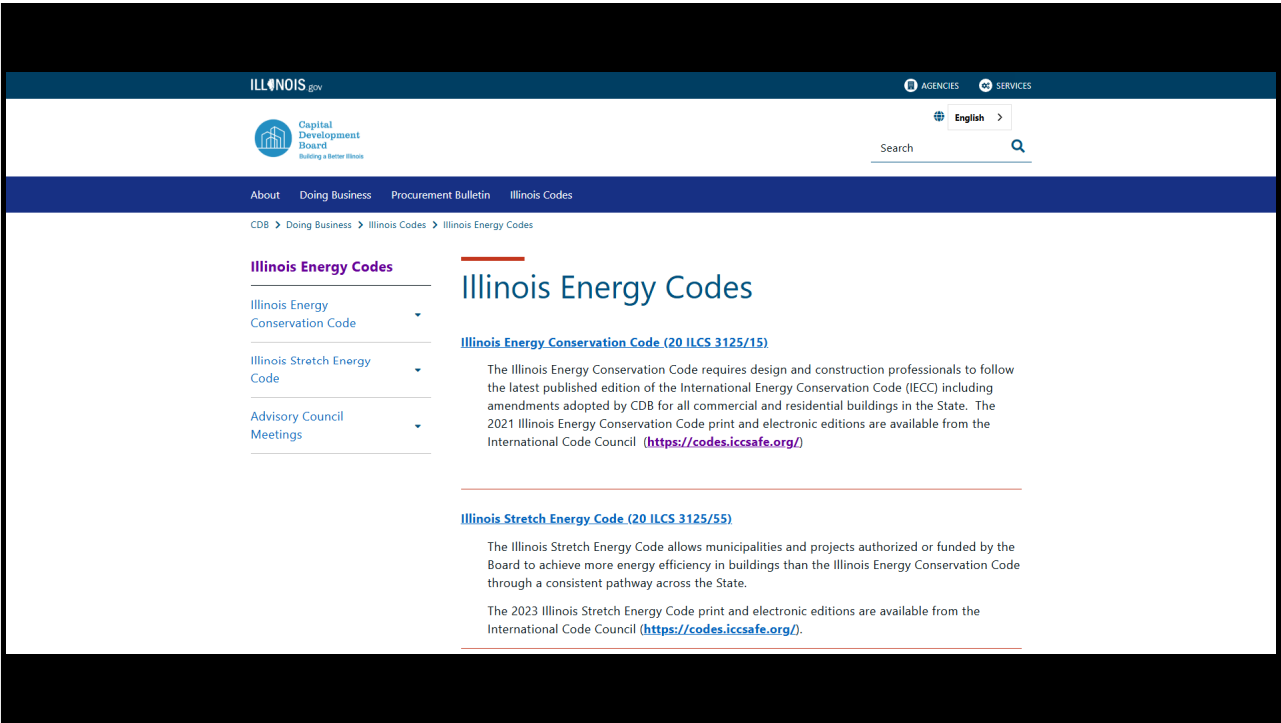
2025 Trade Show & Seminars

Chicago Roofing Contractors Association

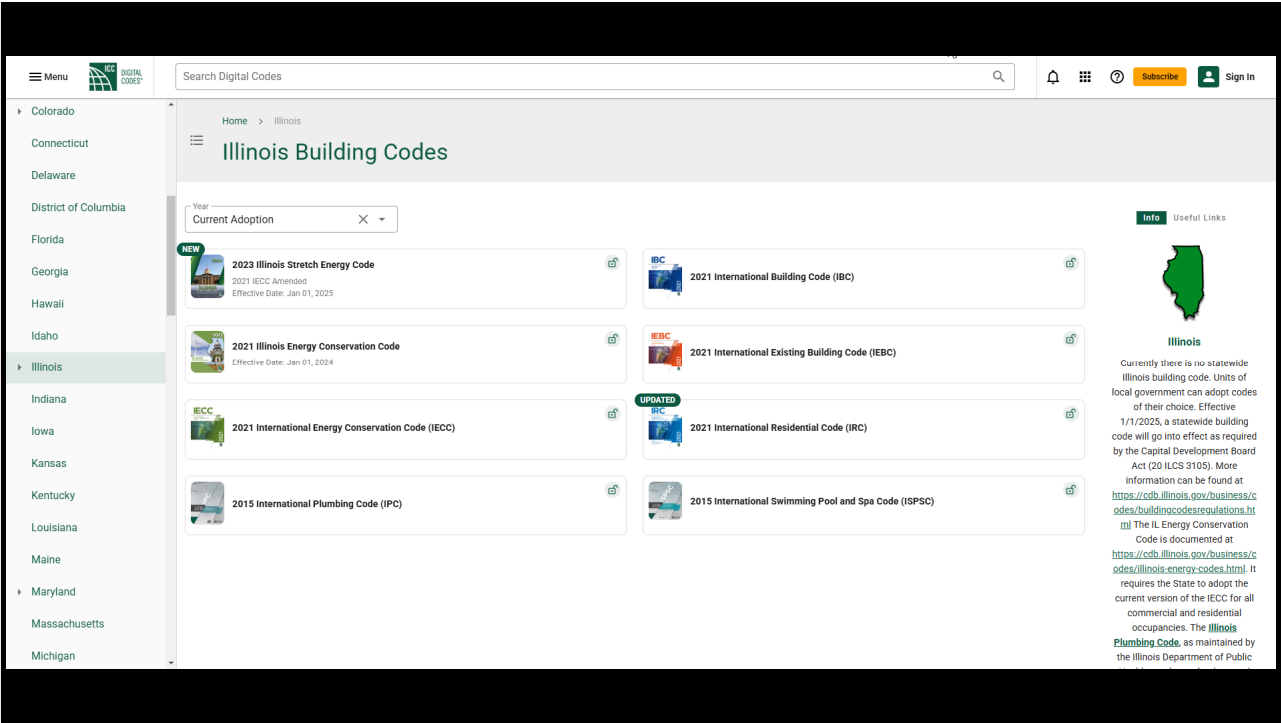
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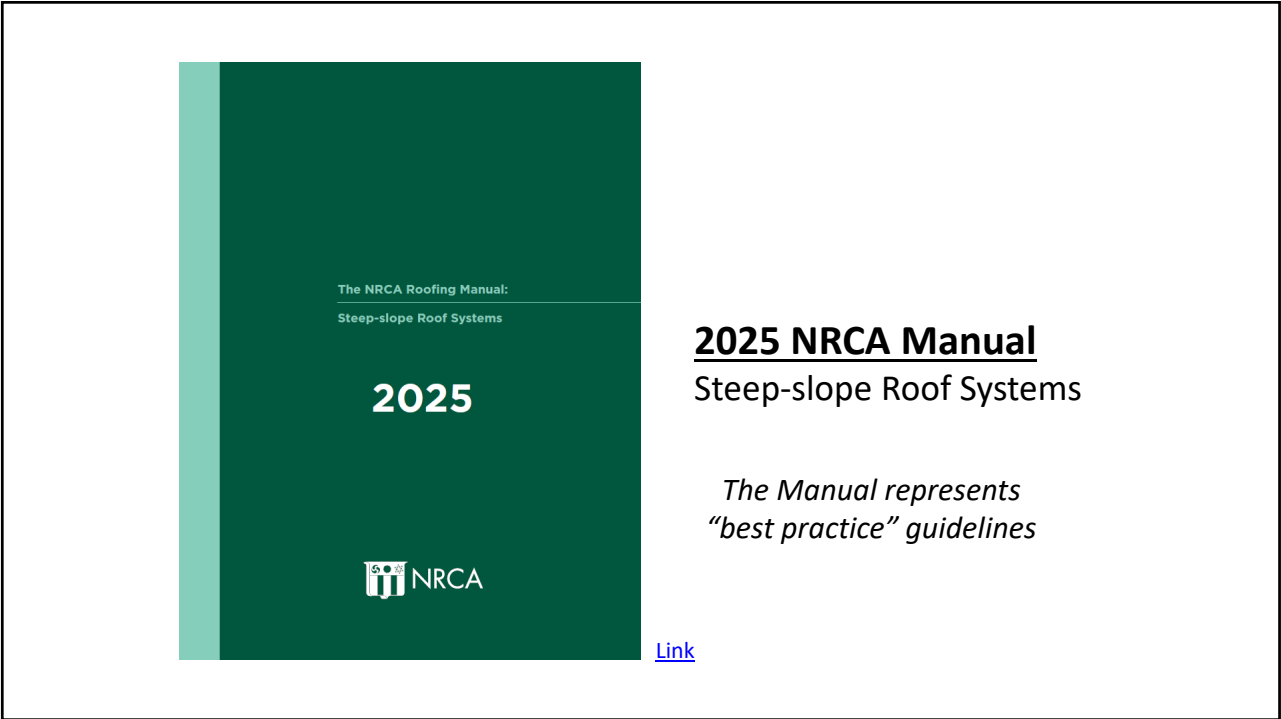
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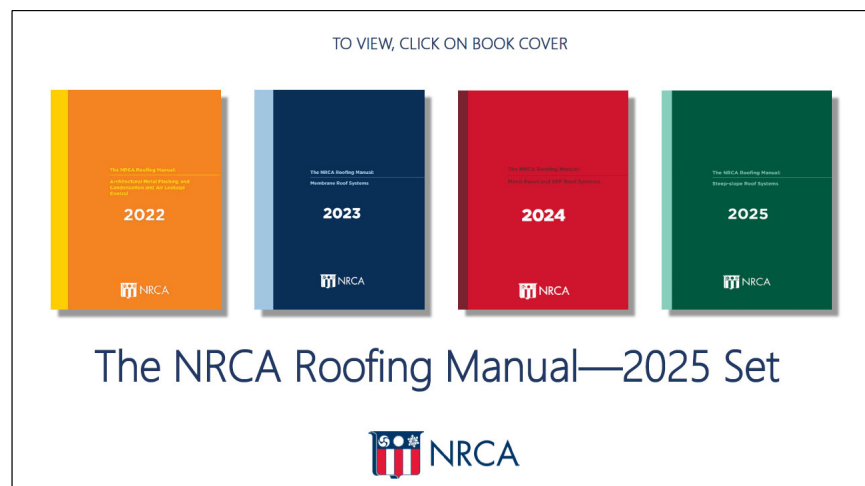
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Significant revisions

The NRCA Roofing Manual: Steep-slope Roof Systems-2005

- OSB roof decks are no longer recommended
- Nailbase and vented nailbase insulation should be installed in two layers with staggered and offset joints
- Joints in vented nailbase insulation should be taped
- Updated code references to 2024 I-codes
- New appendix addressing IBHS' Fortified program

9



10

Roof Wind Designer

www.roofwinddesigner.com

11

11

Professional Roofing

April 2021

[Link](#)

24 professionalroofing.net APRIL 2021

12

Standards for wood structural panels

International Residential Code, 2021 Edition

Plywood:

- U.S. Department of Commerce PS-1, “Structural Plywood”
- CSA Group O325, “Construction Sheathing”

Oriented-strand board (OSB):

- U.S. Department of Commerce PS-2, “Performance Standard for Wood-based Structural-use Panels”
- CSA Group O437, “Standards for OSB and Waferboard”

13

Common, but not referenced in the Code

Plywood and OSB:

- APA-The Engineered Wood Association Standard PRP-108, “Performance Standards and Policies for Structural-Use Panels”

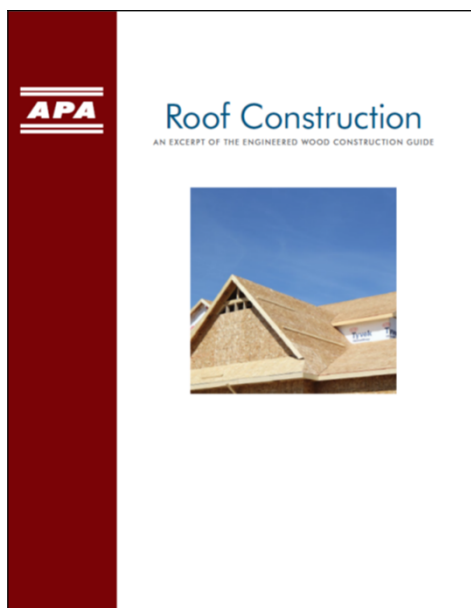
14

Attachment of Wood Panels: The *International Residential Code, 2024 Edition's* Table R602.3(1)-Fastening Schedule provides minimum fastener and fastener spacing requirements for wood structural panels into roof framing shown in Figure 6.1.

Item	Description of building elements	Number and type of fasteners	Spacing of fasteners	
			Edges (inches)	Intermediate supports (inches)
Wood structural panels, roof sheathing to framing and particle board wall sheathing to framing				
31	3/8- to ½-inch-thick	6d common or deformed nail (2" x 0.113" x 0.281" head)	6	6
		8d common nail (2½" x 0.131" x 0.281" head), or RSRS-01 nail (2⅜" x 0.113" x 0.281" head)	6	6
32	19/32- to ¾-inch thick	8d common nail (2½" x 0.131" x 0.281" head), or RSRS-01 nail (2⅜" x 0.113" x 0.281" head)	6	6
33	7/8- to 1¼-inch thick	10d common nail (3" x 0.148" x 0.281" head), or 2½" x 0.131" x 0.281" head deformed nail	6	12

Figure 6-1. Roof sheathing-specific excerpt from *International Residential Code, 2024 Edition's* Table R602.3(1)-Fastening Schedule

15



APA Form E30, "Roof Construction"

--Roofing-specific excerpts from
APA's *Engineered Wood Construction Guide* (102 pages)

[Link](#)

16

Considerations

Lumber, plywood and OSB

- Be extra cautious of plywood and OSB roof decks
- Limit your deck acceptance responsibilities
- Consider more proactive plywood and OSB deck replacement
- Consider pull tests for plywood and OSB roof decks when using mechanically-attached membrane systems

17

RESEARCH + TECH



Know the options

Proper specification is essential for nail-base insulation

by Mark S. Graham

Nail-base insulation is a roof assembly configuration with nailable roof coverings, such as asphalt shingles and metal panels, factory-fabricated. Nail-base insulation is becoming more common as a component of insulation entirely above the roof deck. Because nail-base insulation serves multiple functions, including being a roof covering substrate and thermal insulation layer, proper design and specification are essential for roof assembly performance.

The basics

Nail-base insulation is composed of a layer of rigid board insulation factory-adhered or laminated to a layer of structural wood panel sheathing, such as plywood or oriented strand board.

The U.S. product standard for nail-base insulation is ASTM C1289, "Standard Specification for Faced Rigid Cellular Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation Board," Type V. It provides requirements for a polyisocyanurate insulation foam core.

18

PROFESSIONALROOFING.NET

Professional Roofing

September 2024

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18

Nailbase insulation considerations

- Double layer design and application
- Taped joints can control vapor leaks/underlayment wrinkling at board joints
- Pressure-tested and FRT nailbase are not good ideas for nailbase

19

Polyiso. testing

R-value testing

20



21

LTTR – ASTM C1303 and ASTM C518

- A 15-year time-weighted average R-value
- The predicted R-value after 5-years
(under controlled laboratory conditions)

R-value – ASTM C518

- R-value at the time of the test

22

- LTTR and R-value is typically tested and reported at 75 F.
- NRCA tests at 75 F, but we also test at 40 F and 110 F.

23

Test results

Manufacturer	Apparent density (lb/ft ³)	Thickness (inches)
1c	2.726	2.578
1p	2.002	2.594
2c	3.254	2.576
2p	2.024	2.585
3p	2.218	2.500
4p	2.057	2.735

24

Test results

Manufacturer	R-value (75 F)
1c	14.4
1p	13.9
2c	13.6
2p	15.6
3p	13.2
4p	15.3

25

More test results

Manufacturer	R-value (40 F)	R-value (75 F)	R-value (110 F)
1c	10.8	14.4	12.8
1p	8.9	13.9	12.0
2c	14.5	13.6	12.1
2p	15.4	15.6	13.4
3p	12.6	13.2	11.6
4p	16.9	15.3	13.1

26

Preliminary conclusions

- Tested R-values vary
- Some tested R-values are already lower than LTTR
- Some samples are exhibiting different characteristics

27

Preliminary recommendations

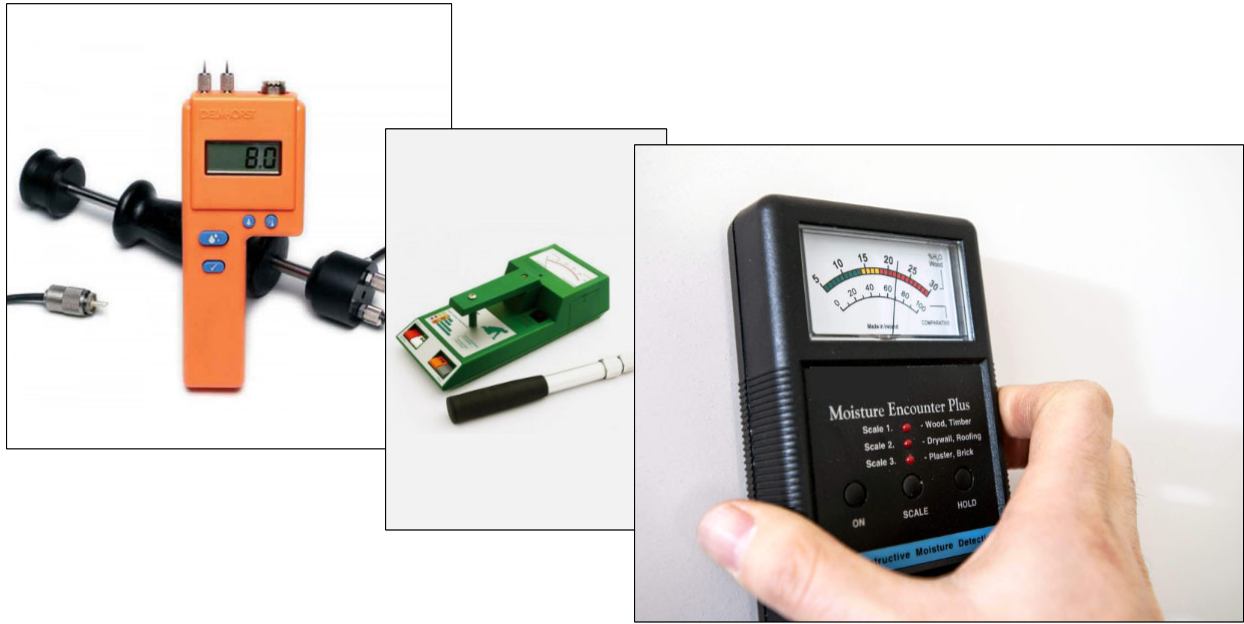
- Specify, purchase and sell polyisocyanurate insulation (and all insulation products) based on their thicknesses, not its R-values

28

29

30

“Moisture” meter concerns



31

*These meters do not read moisture...
...they are reading relative conductivity, which can be
correlated to specific materials in specific conditions
when properly calibrated.*

32

Considerations

“Moisture” meters

- Read/understand the instruction manual
- Understand device sensitivity
- Understand proper operating conditions
- Proper calibration/recalibration is critical
- Don't overstate the meter's capability
- Verify job-specific results with gravimetric analysis

33


IR thermometers



The same concerns apply:

- Not really measuring temperature
- Emissivity
- Reflectivity
- Devices are sensitive to temperature and humidity changes

34



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Course Overview

If you design, install, commission, maintain or repair low slope roofing systems, this course will provide you with the tools and techniques to do your job correctly and avoid problems. Upon completing this course, you will be able to identify the best solutions to your roofing problems, whether you're working on new construction, performing maintenance, or re-roofing.

Upcoming dates (1)

Dec. 2-3, 2025


Madison, WI

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35



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Course Overview

Learning objectives for this new course include expanding on your ability to troubleshoot water- and wind-related failures, gaining a greater understanding of moisture mechanics and issues related to concrete roof decks, and recognizing some legal considerations and sustainability issues in the roofing industry.

Upcoming dates (1)

Mar. 25-26, 2025

Madison, WI

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36



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37

We're moving! NRCA's new office address as of April 1, 2025...



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38