



Enhanced Thermoelectric Energy Conversion by Advanced Thin Film Technology

Prof. dr. Mark Huijben
MESA+ Institute for Nanotechnology
University of Twente
P.O. BOX 217
7500 AE Enschede
The Netherlands
T: +31 53 489 (3689) or (2860)
E: m.huijben@utwente.nl
<https://people.utwente.nl/m.huijben>

Prof. dr. Mark Huijben

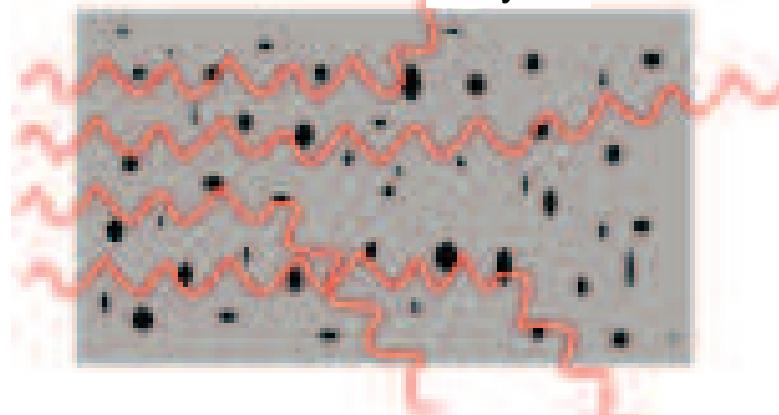
MESA+ Institute for Nanotechnology
University of Twente, The Netherlands



Controlled scattering at thin film interfaces

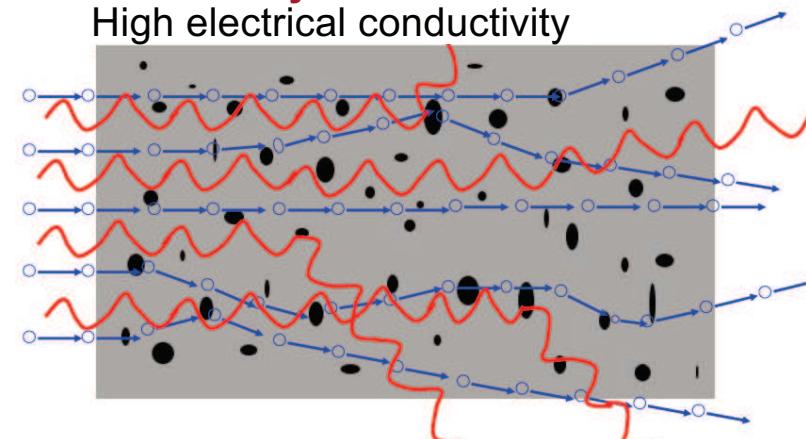
Phonons scatter at the interfaces

Low thermal conductivity

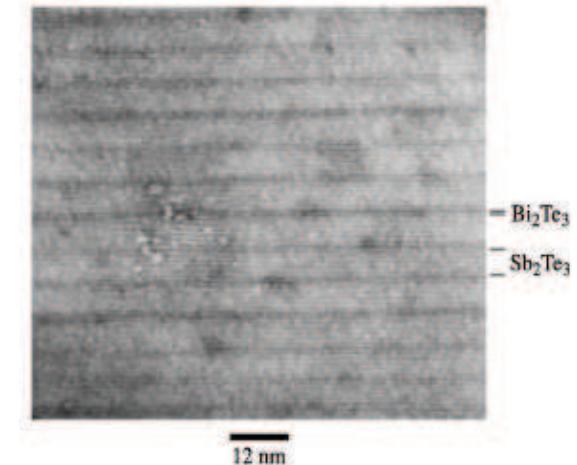
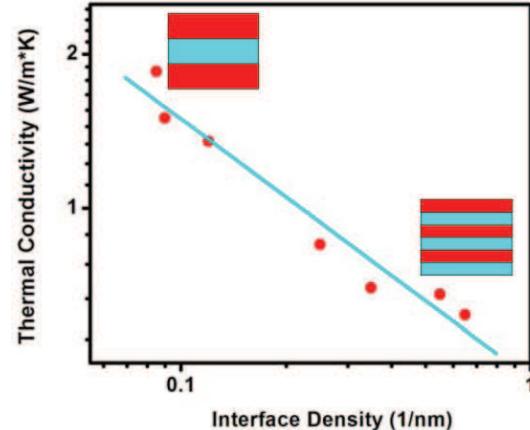


Electrons hardly see the interfaces

High electrical conductivity



Reduced thermal conductivity



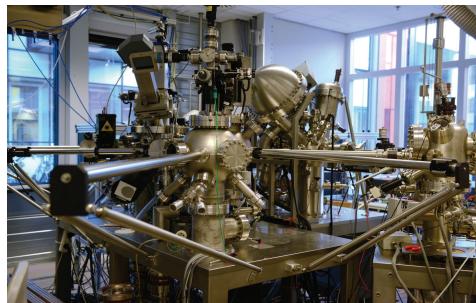
Venkatasubramanian, *Nature* **413**, 597 (2001).

University of Twente: MESA+ Nanolab

Unique expertise : Epitaxial thin film technology

Aim:

Novel properties and functionalities by atomic level engineering of complex functional oxide materials



Pulsed laser deposition

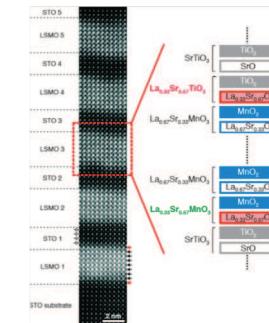
(shared research facility at Nanolab)

9 PLD systems with variable:

- in-situ characterization tools (RHEED, XPS, XPD, UPS, STM, AFM)
- dimensions (0.5 - 20 cm diameter = 8 inch industrial Si wafers)

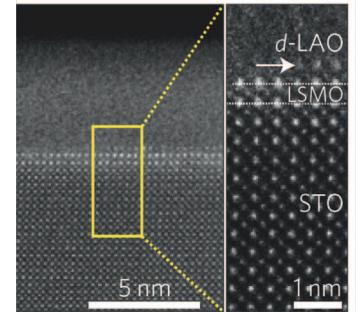
Examples of interface engineering by Huijben *et al.*:

Enhanced local magnetization



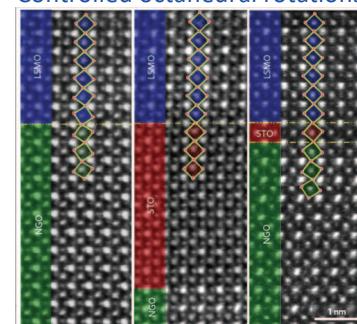
Adv. Mater. Interf. 2, 1400416 (2015)

Extreme mobility enhancement



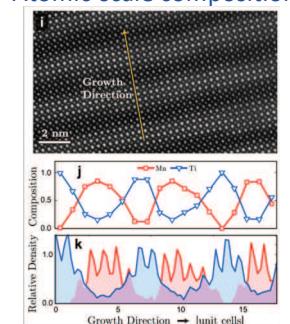
Nature Materials 14, 801 (2015)

Controlled octahedral rotations

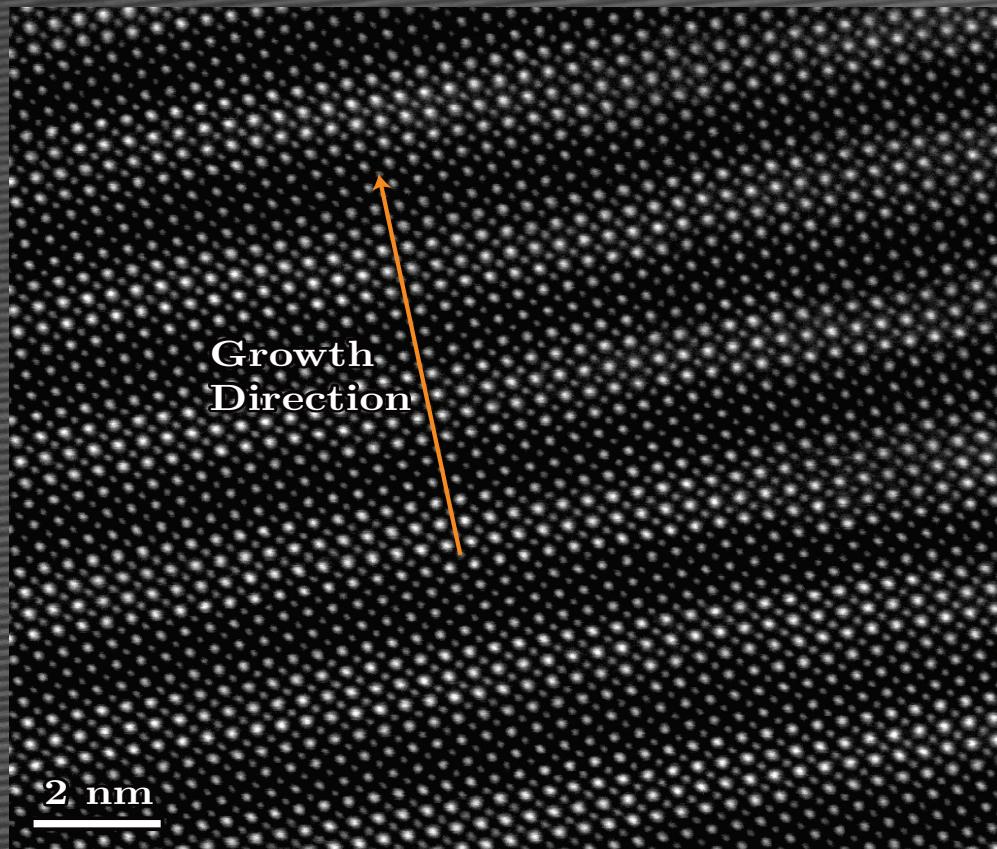


Nature Materials 15, 425 (2016)

Atomic-scale composition

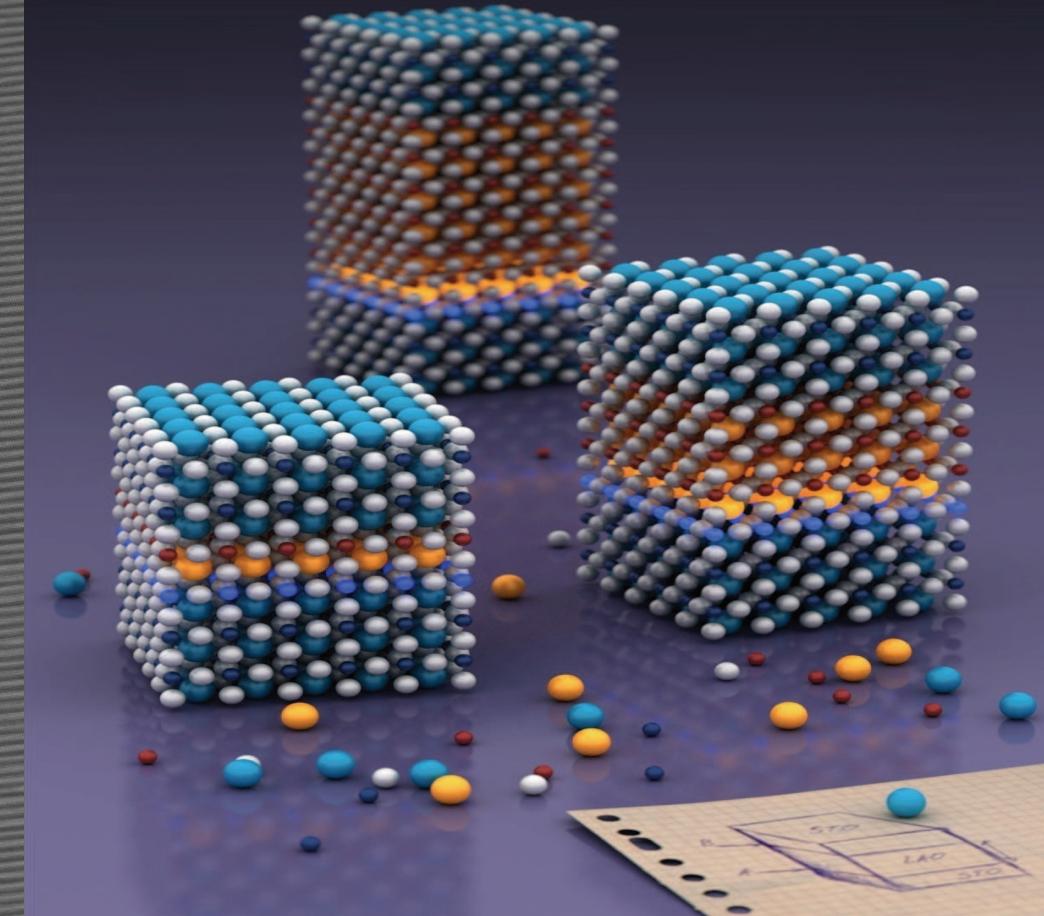


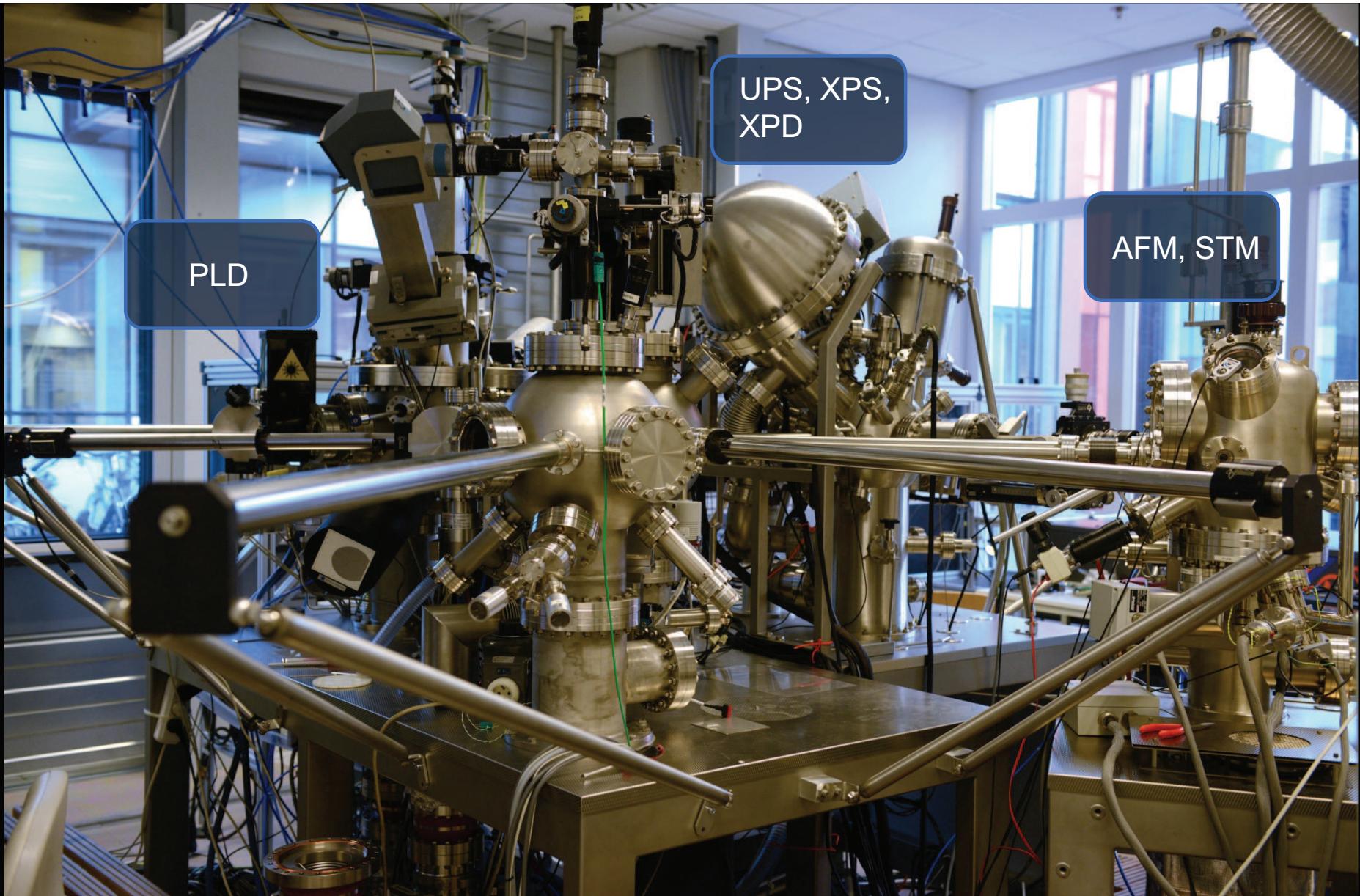
Appl. Phys. Lett. 110, 063102 (2017)

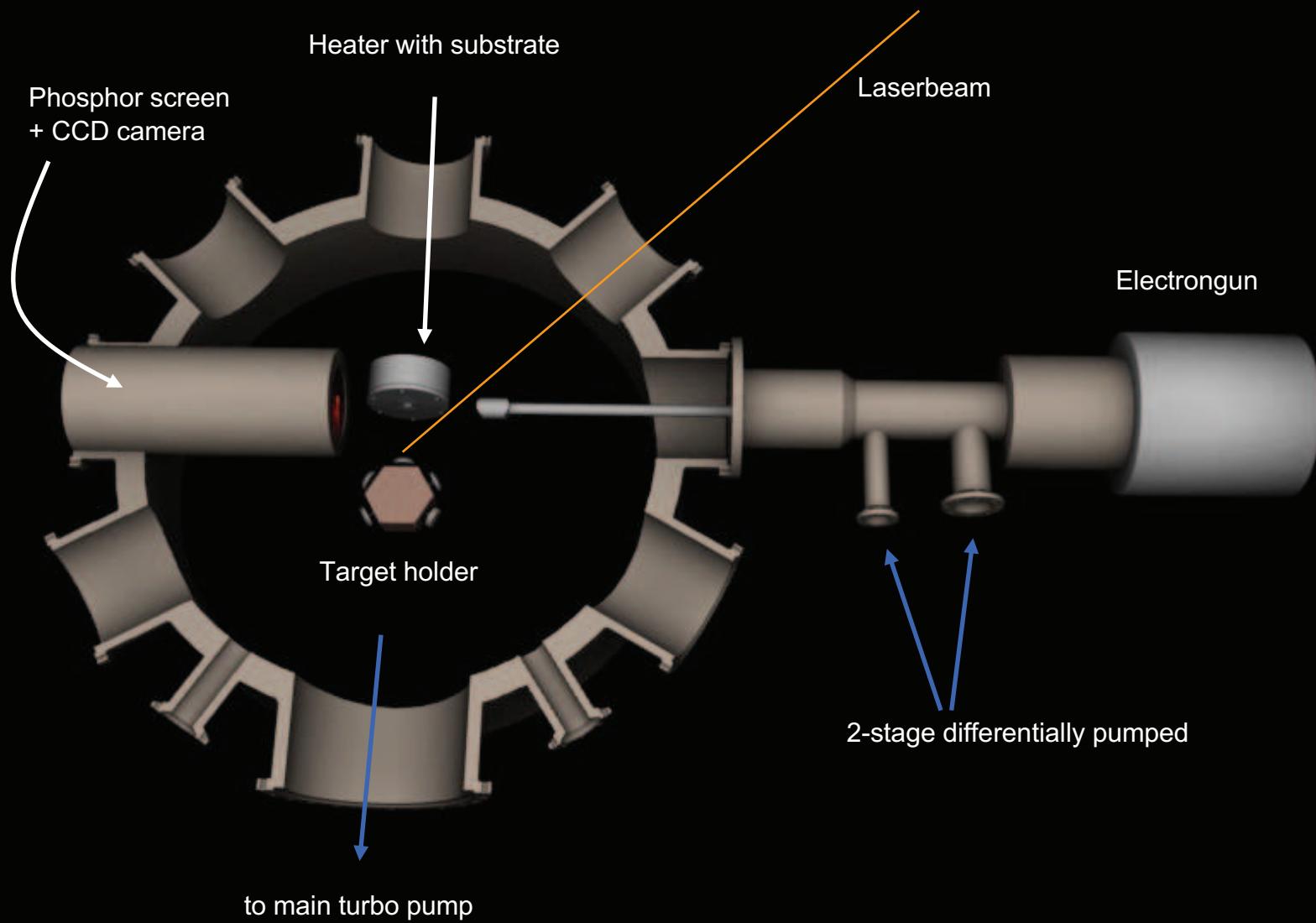


50 nm

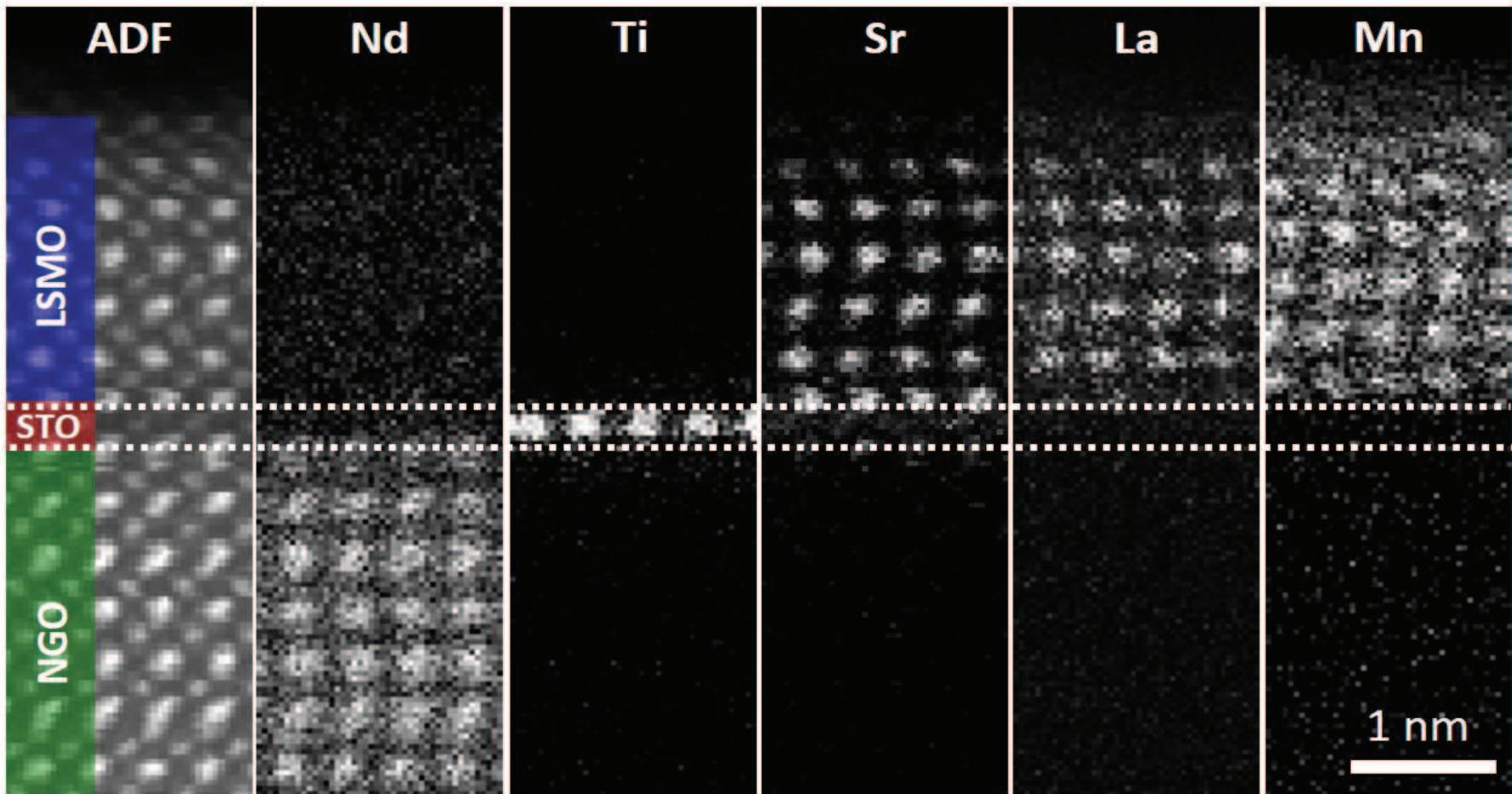
Playing LEGO on atomic scale





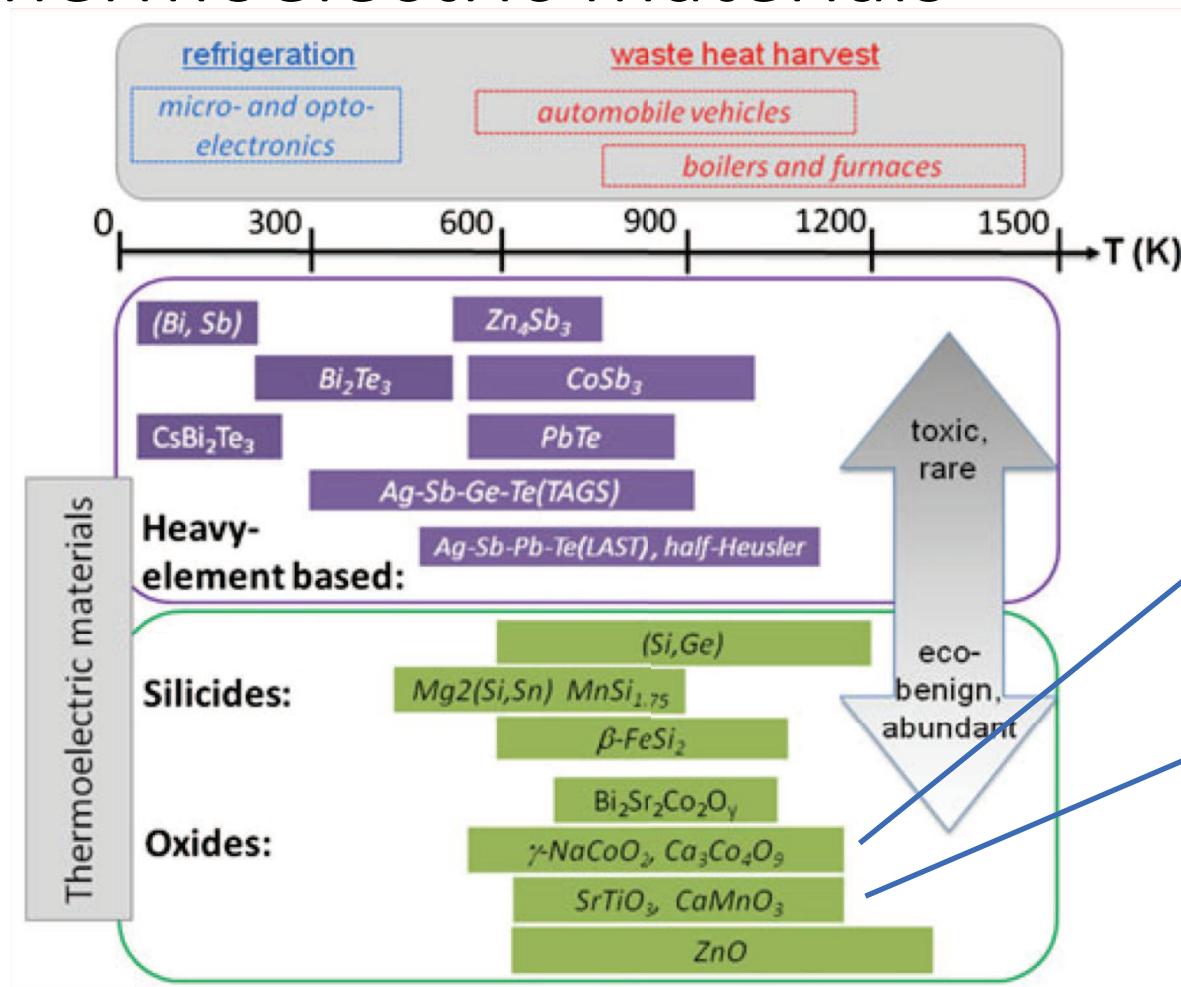


Atomically controlled thin film growth



Nature Materials 15, 425 (2016)

Thermoelectric materials



$NaCoO_2$ and $Ca_3Co_4O_9$

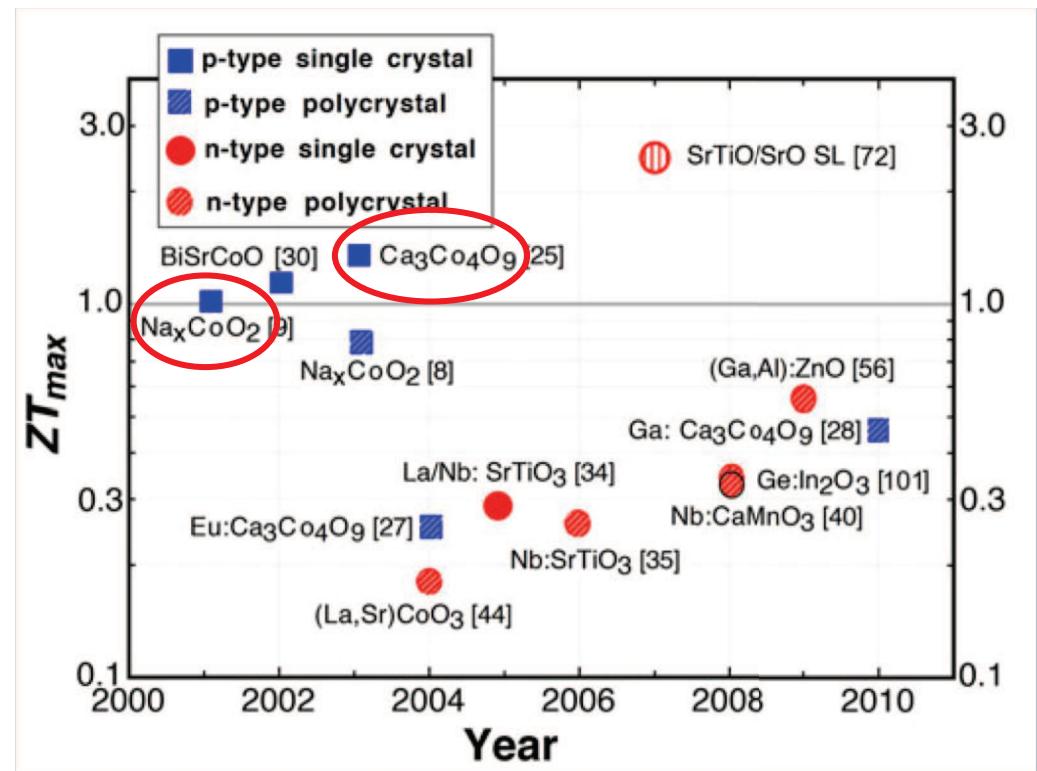
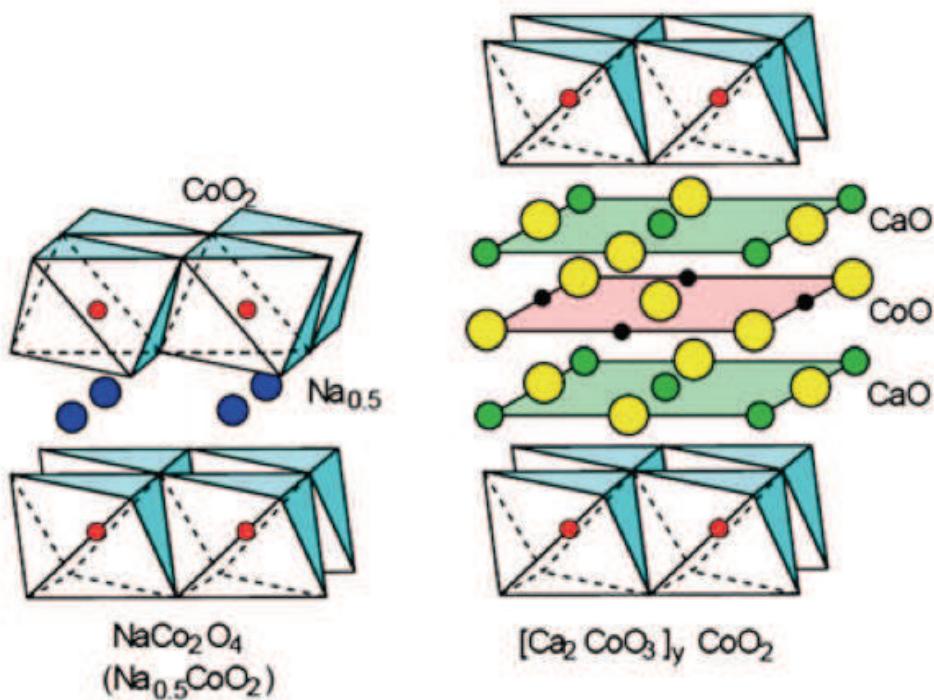
UNIVERSITY
OF TWENTE.



$Sr_{1-x}La_xTiO_{3-\delta}$

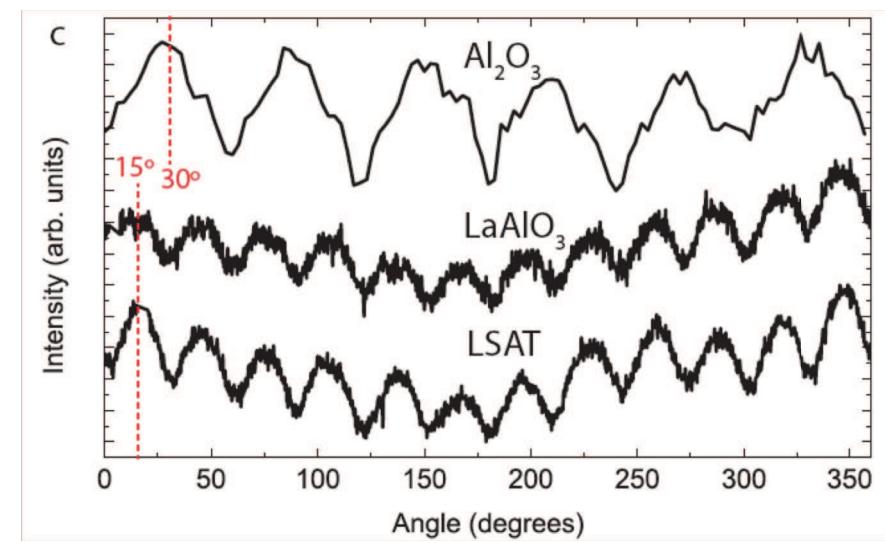
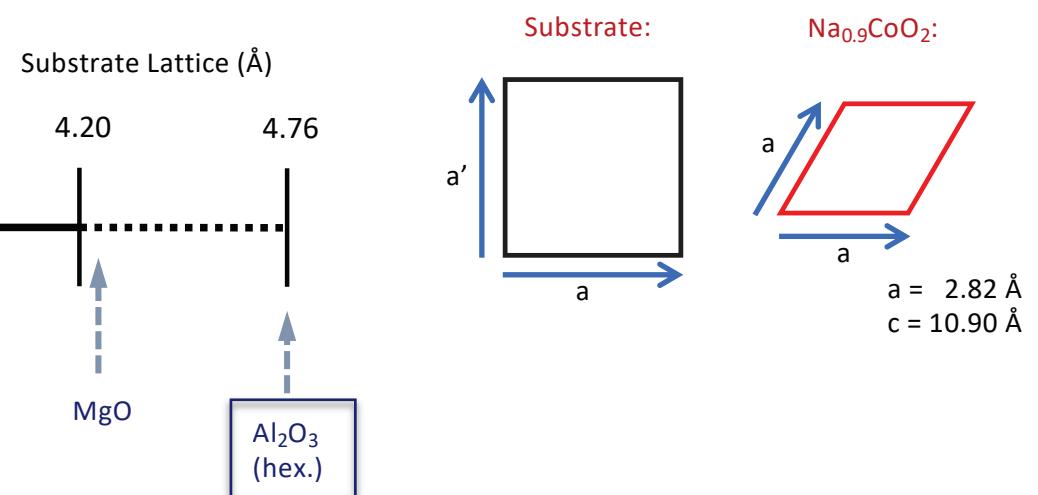
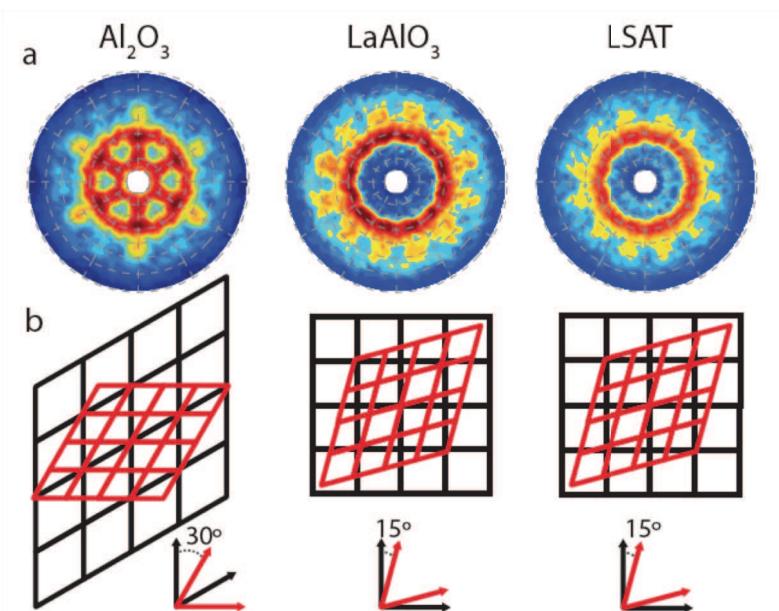
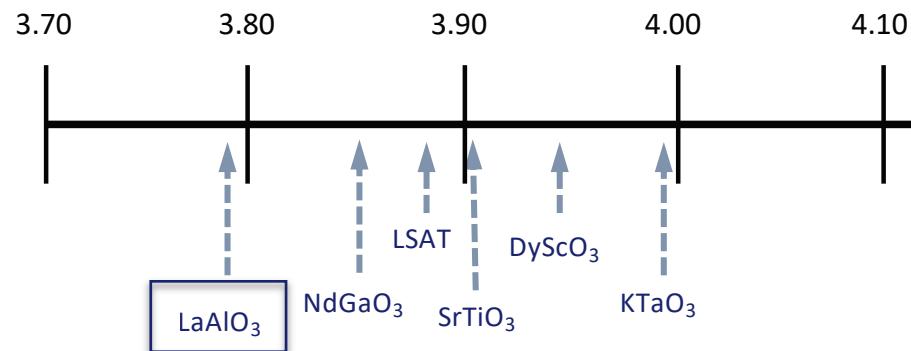
- Appl. Phys. Lett.* **92**, 092118 (2008)
Appl. Phys. Lett. **92**, 191911 (2008)
Appl. Phys. Lett. **92**, 202113 (2008)
Chem. Mater. **22**, 3983–3987 (2010)
Appl. Phys. Lett. **98**, 221904 (2011)
Phys. Rev. B **83**, 035101 (2011)

Layered cobatites



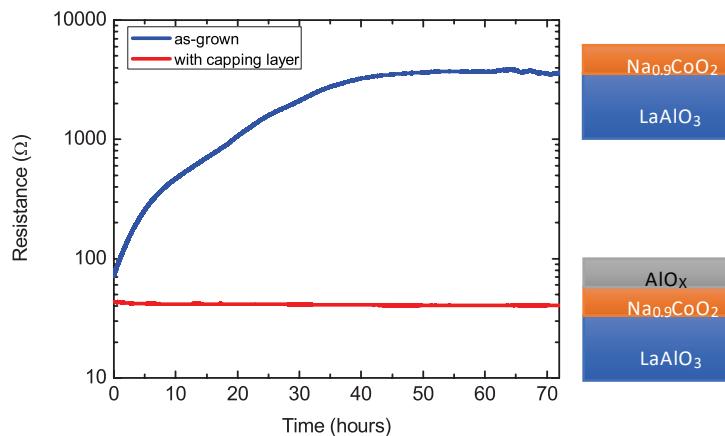
Epitaxial engineering

Advanced Energy Materials 4, 1301927 (2014)

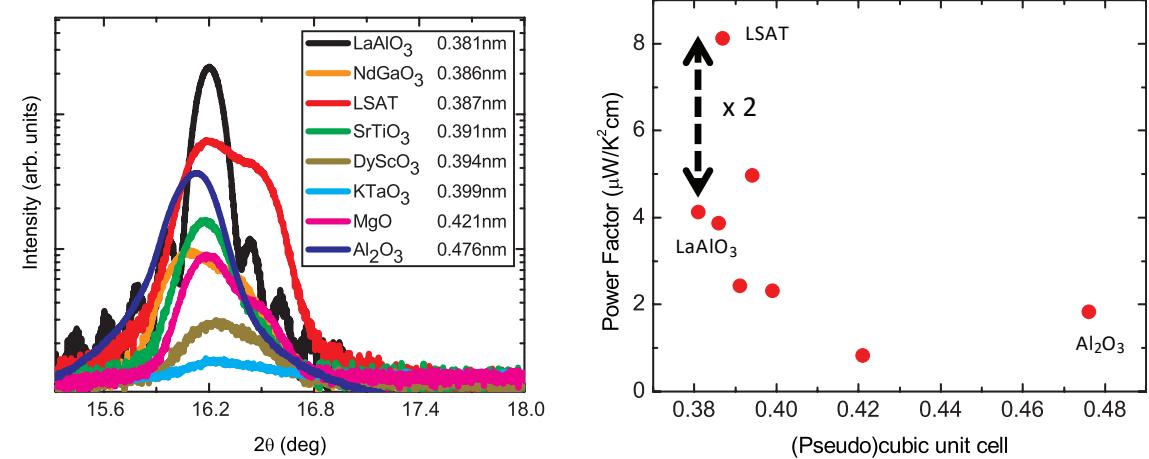


Thermoelectric Na_xCoO_2 thin films

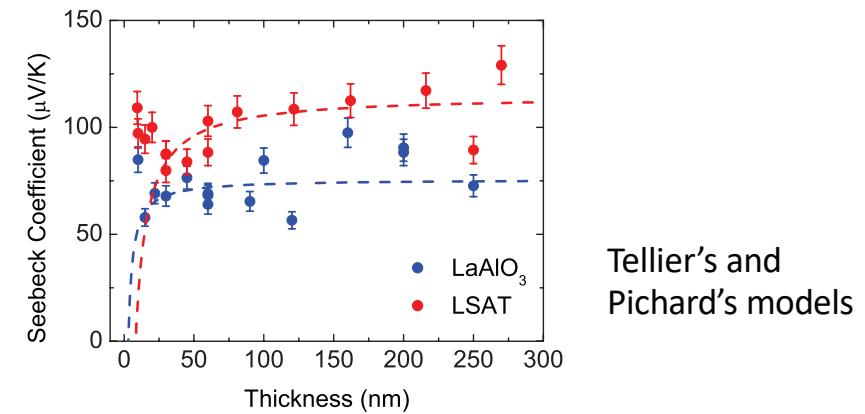
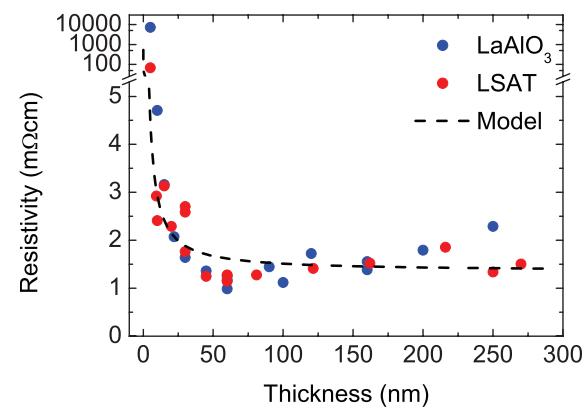
Enhanced chemical stability
RSC Advances **2**, 6023-6027 (2012)



Enhanced thermoelectric power factor
Advanced Energy Materials **4**, 1301927 (2014)



Thickness dependent size effects
Appl. Phys. Lett. **105**, 193902 (2014)

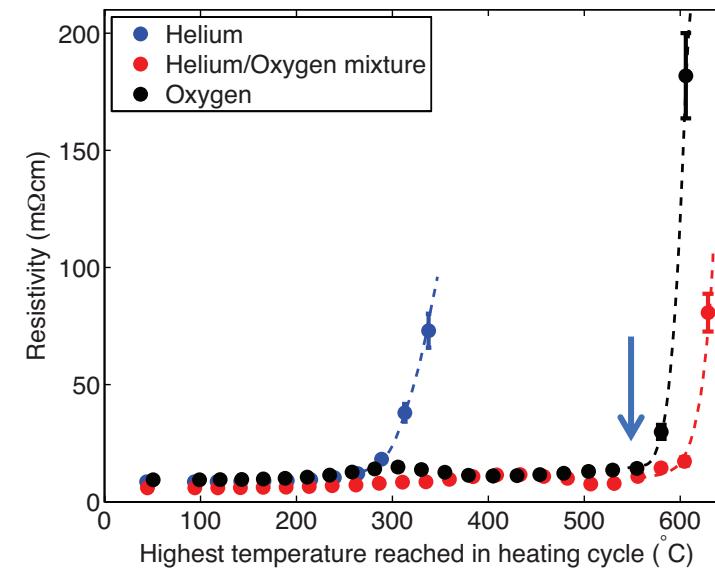
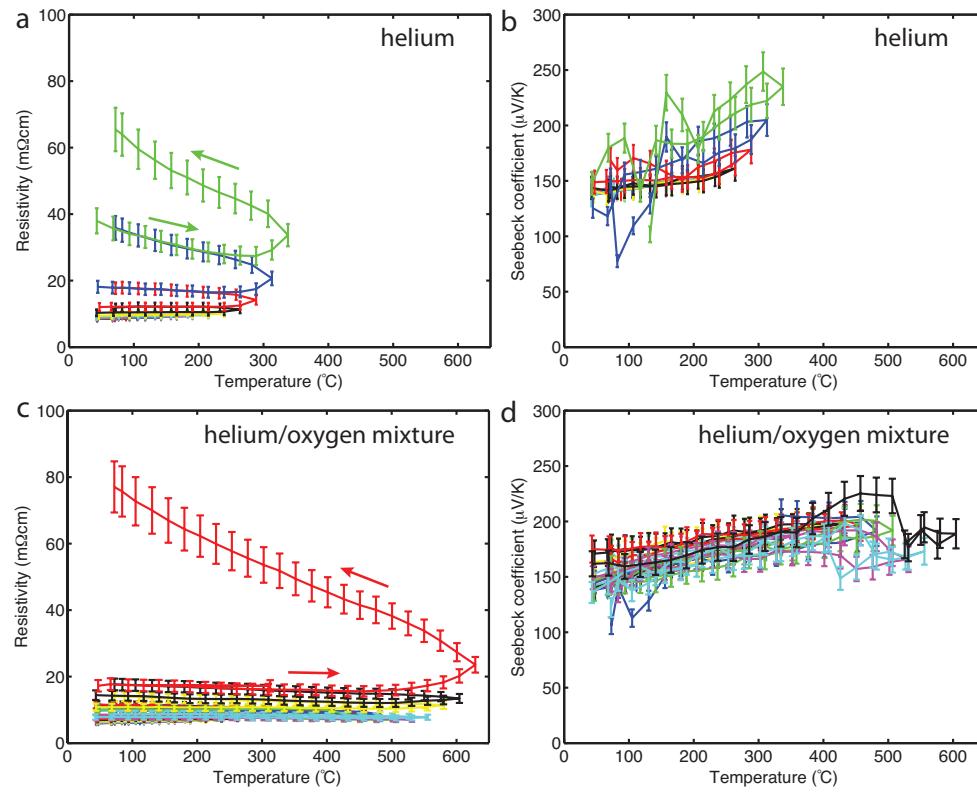


Tellier's and
Pichard's models

Thermoelectric $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$ thin films

High temperature stability

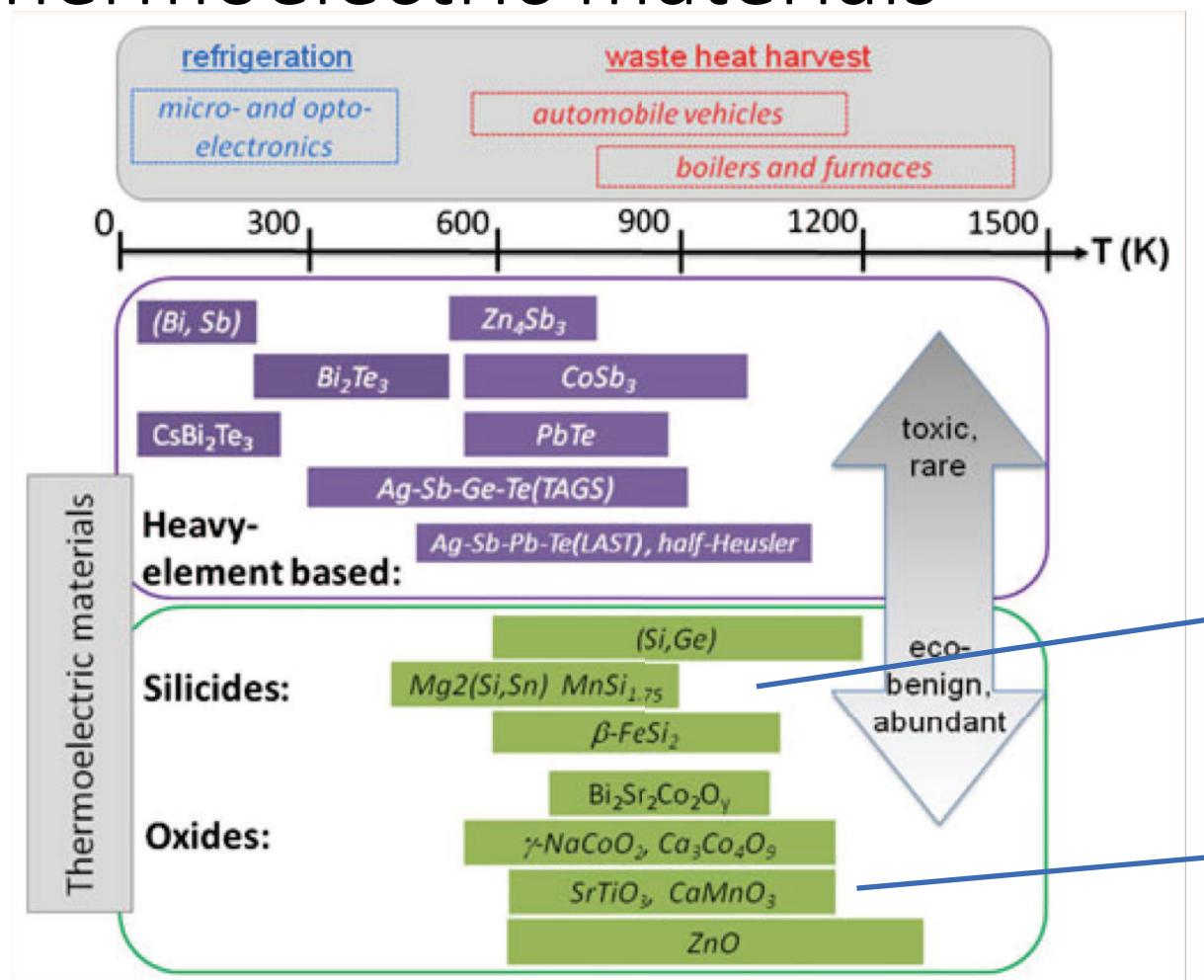
Appl. Phys. Lett. **106**, 143903 (2015)



At 550 °C :
7.1 $\text{m}\Omega\cdot\text{cm}$
192 $\mu\text{V/K}$
 $5.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Wm}^{-1}\text{K}^{-2}$

Bulk CCO:
 $3.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Wm}^{-1}\text{K}^{-2}$

Thermoelectric materials

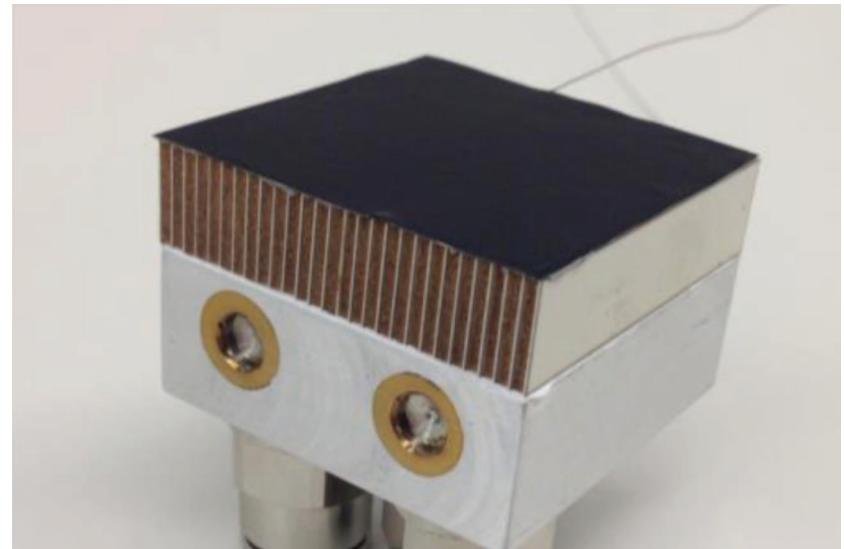
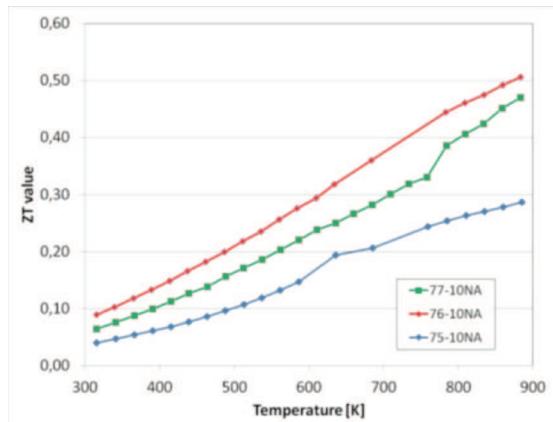
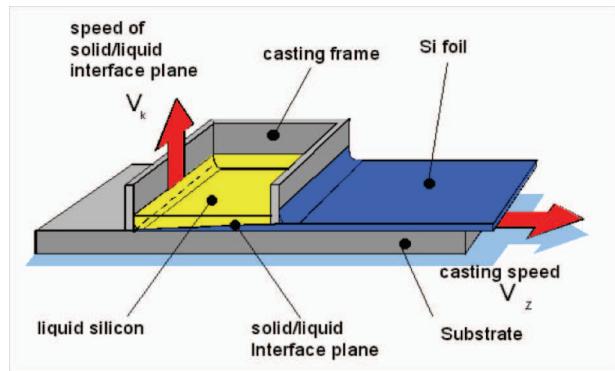


NaCoO₂ and Ca₃Co₄O₉
Sr_{1-x}La_xTiO₃

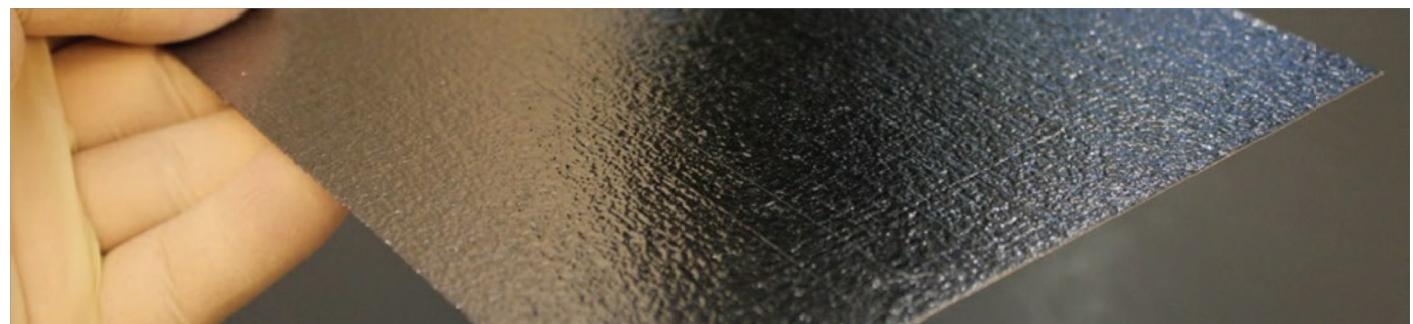
Higher manganese silicides

Manufacturing of thermoelectric modules

Materials Today: Proceedings 2, 538 – 547 (2015)



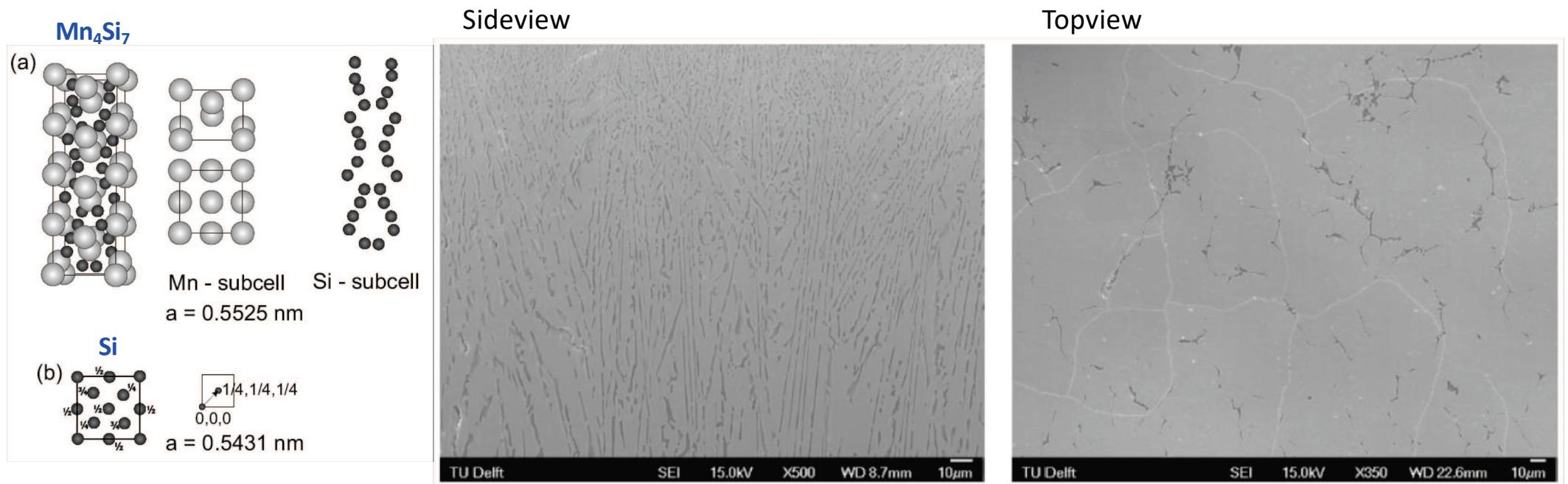
ribbon-growth-on-substrate (RGS) technology



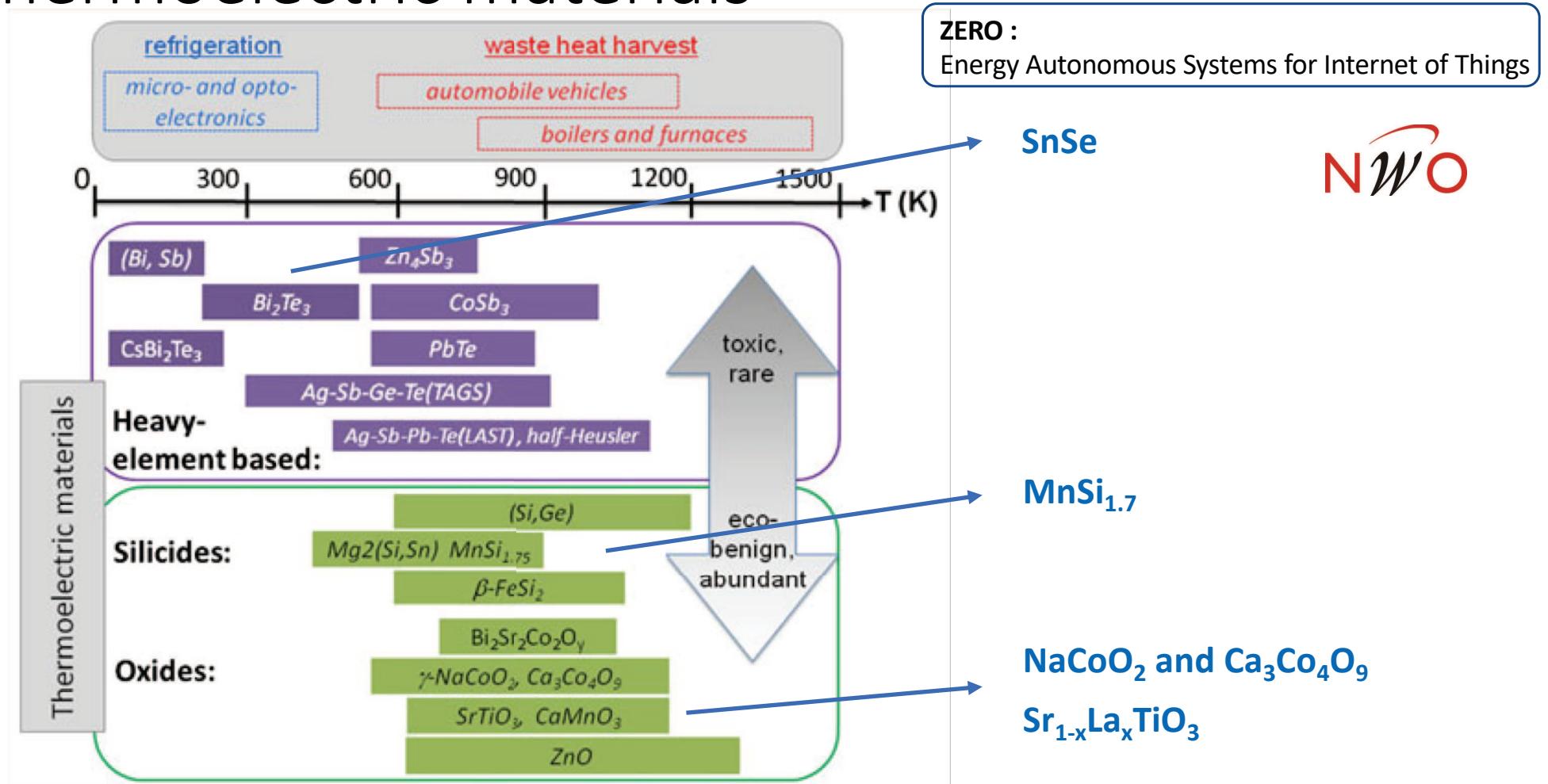
Higher manganese silicides

Enhanced phonon scattering by phase structuring of Si in HMS phase.

Materials Today: Proceedings **2**, 538 – 547 (2015)



Thermoelectric materials



Autonomous Parking Sensor Networks

SENSIT IR FLUSH MOUNT NB-IOT[®]

| wireless smart parking sensor

KEY FEATURES:

- dual detection technology (infrared and magnetic)
- flush mount installation (snowplough resistant*)
- real-time communication via NB-IoT telecom network
- tool for easy mounting included
- advanced monitoring with SENSIT Interface Software
- easy data integration (API) with third party applications

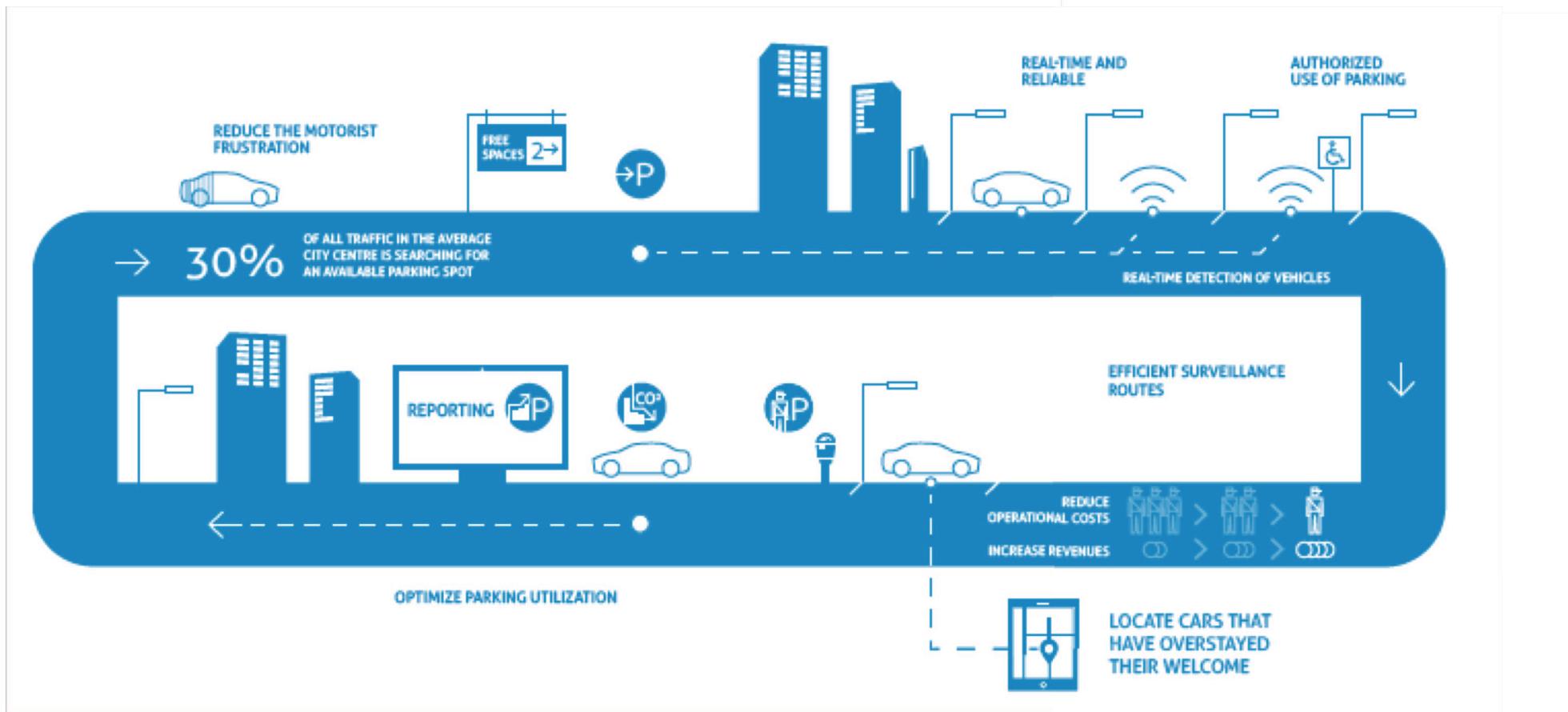


Autonomous Parking Sensor Networks

Based on Internet-of-Things (IoT) and 5G-network

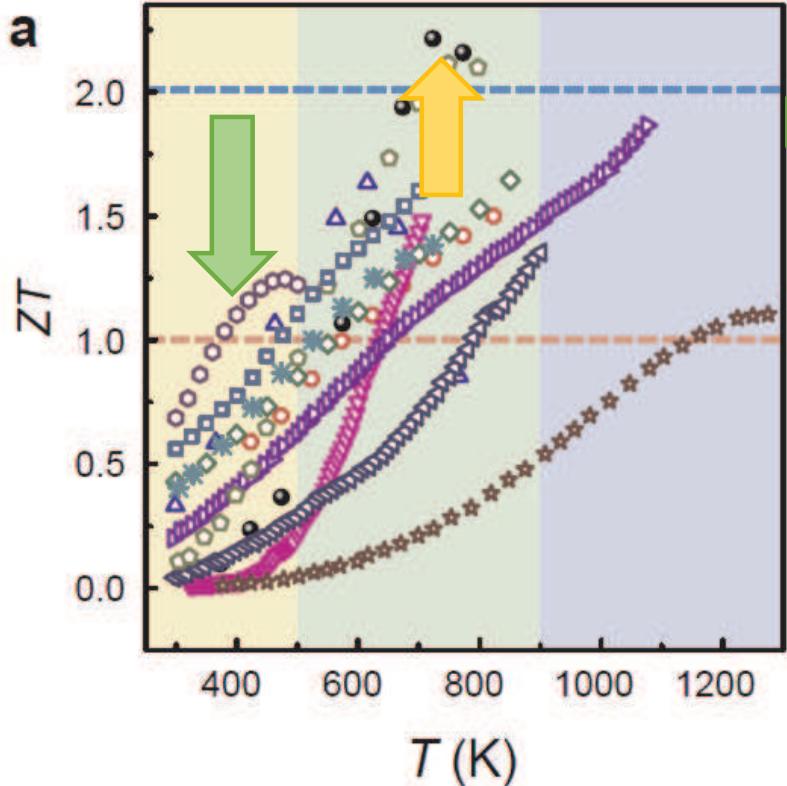


mobility
solutions

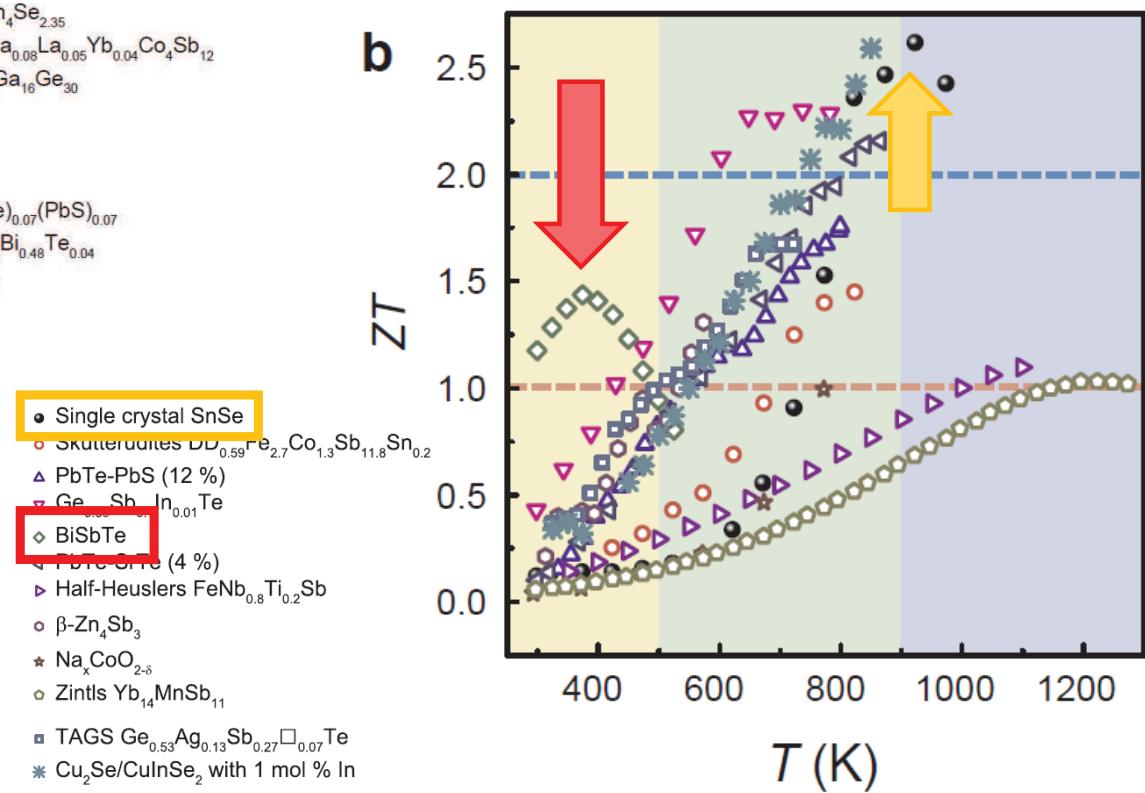


Promising thermoelectric materials

N-type



P-type



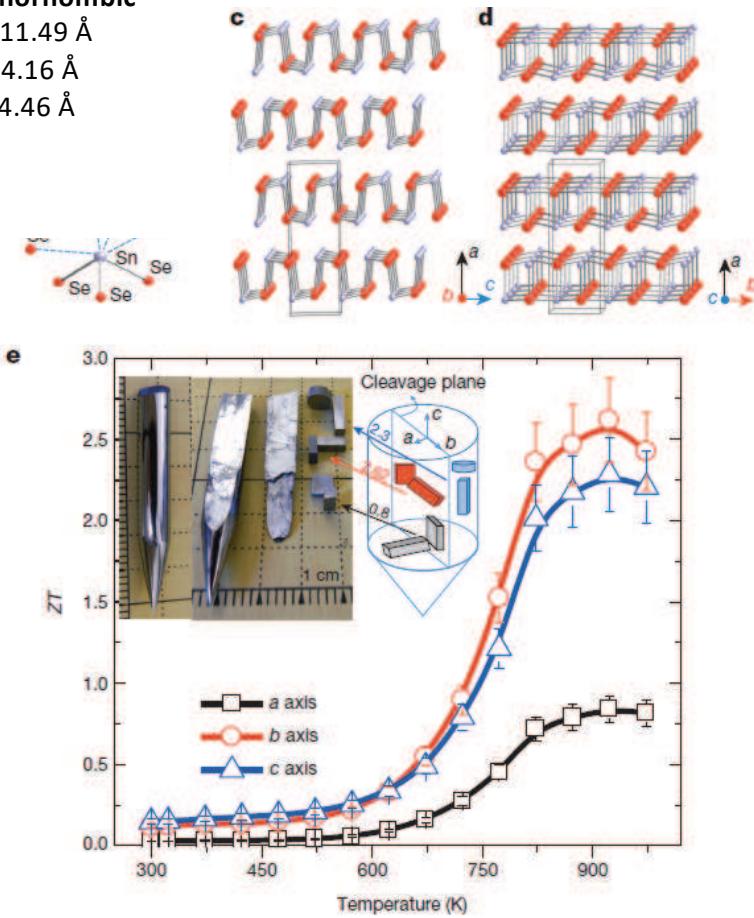
Tin Selenide (SnSe)

Orthorhombic

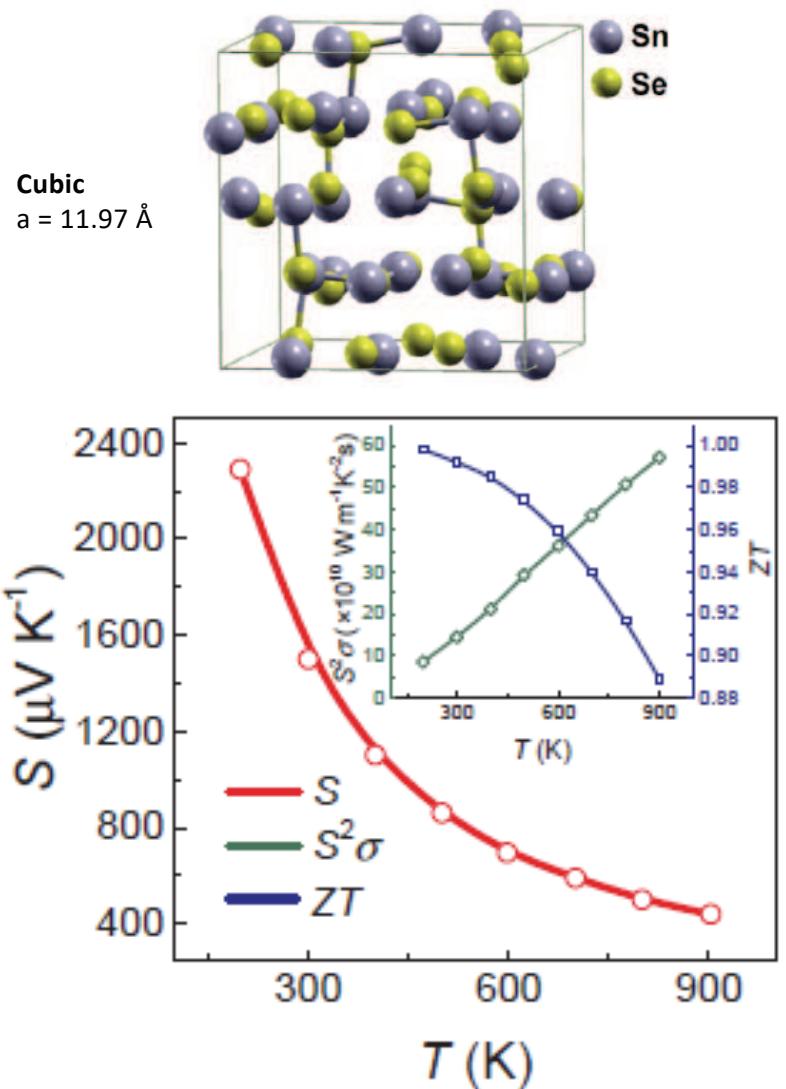
$a = 11.49 \text{ \AA}$

$b = 4.16 \text{ \AA}$

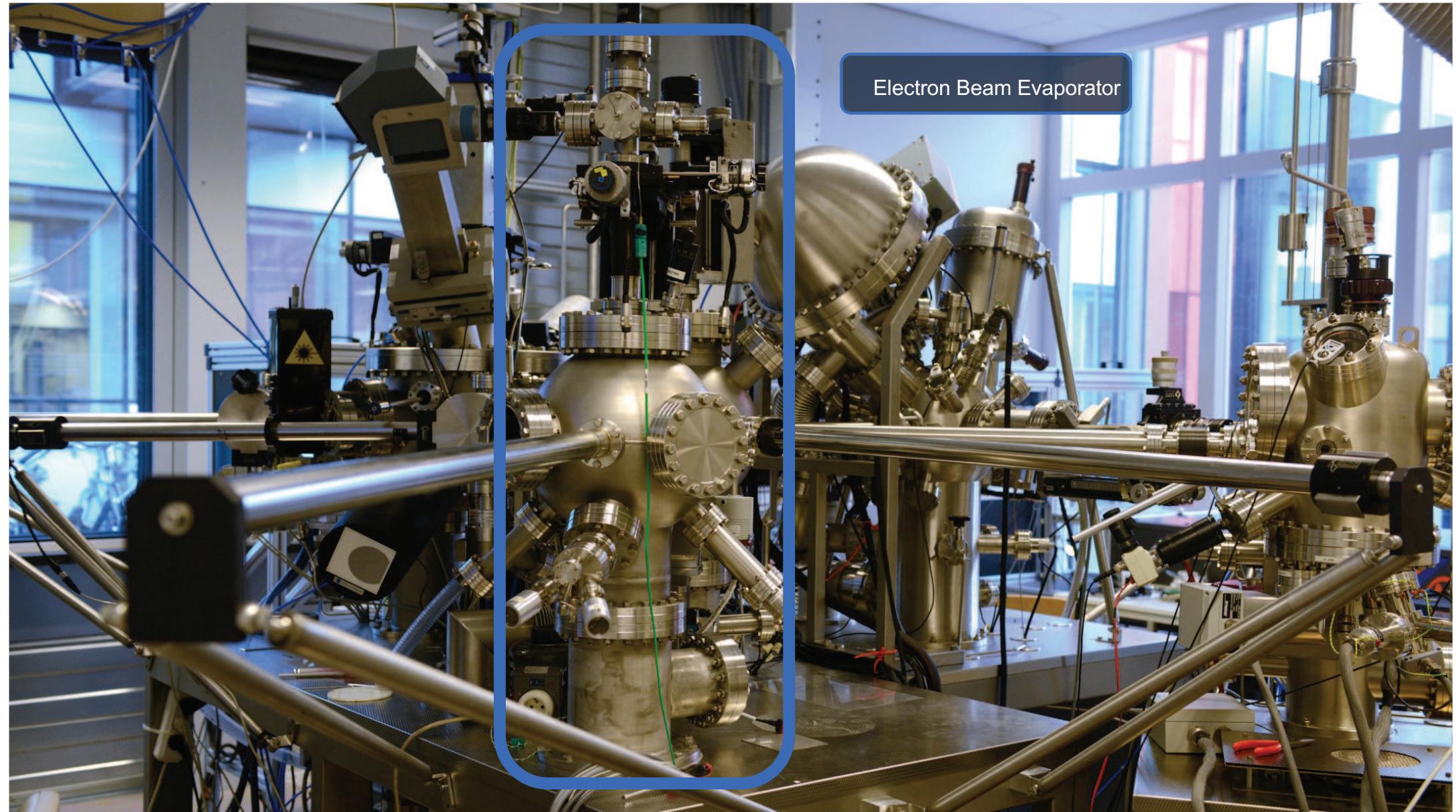
$c = 4.46 \text{ \AA}$



Zhao, L.-D., et al. (2014). Nature **508**: 373.

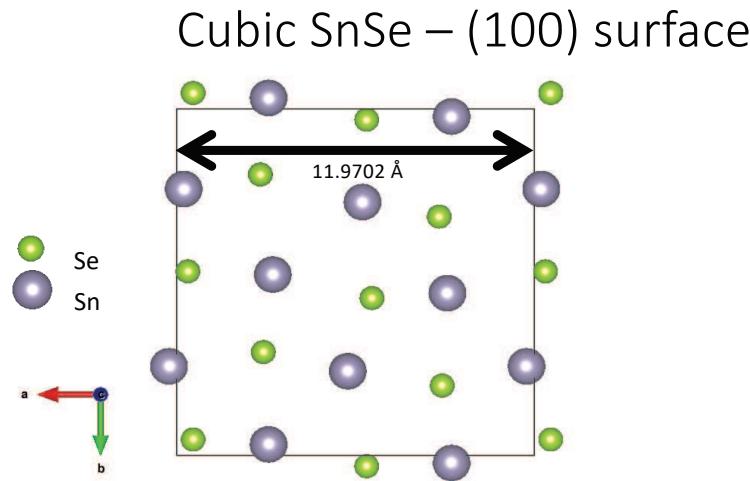
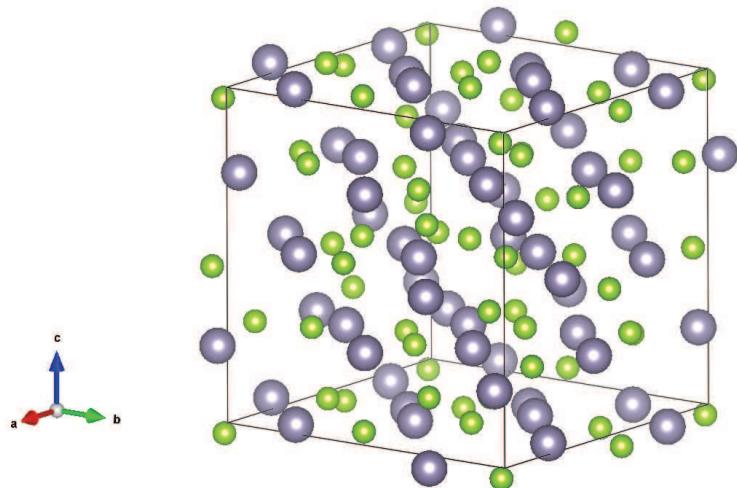


Butt, F. K., et al. (2017). Journal of Alloys and Compounds **715**: 438-444.

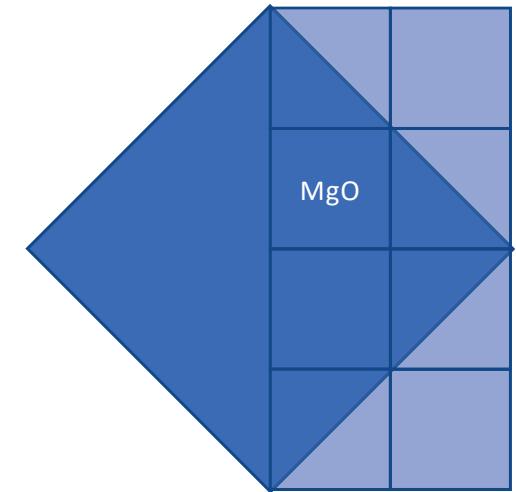
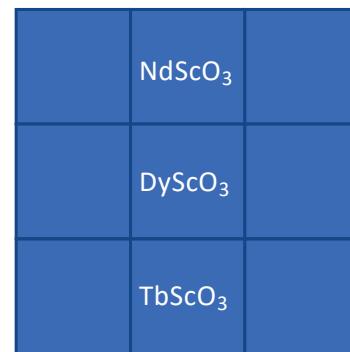


Electron Beam Evaporator

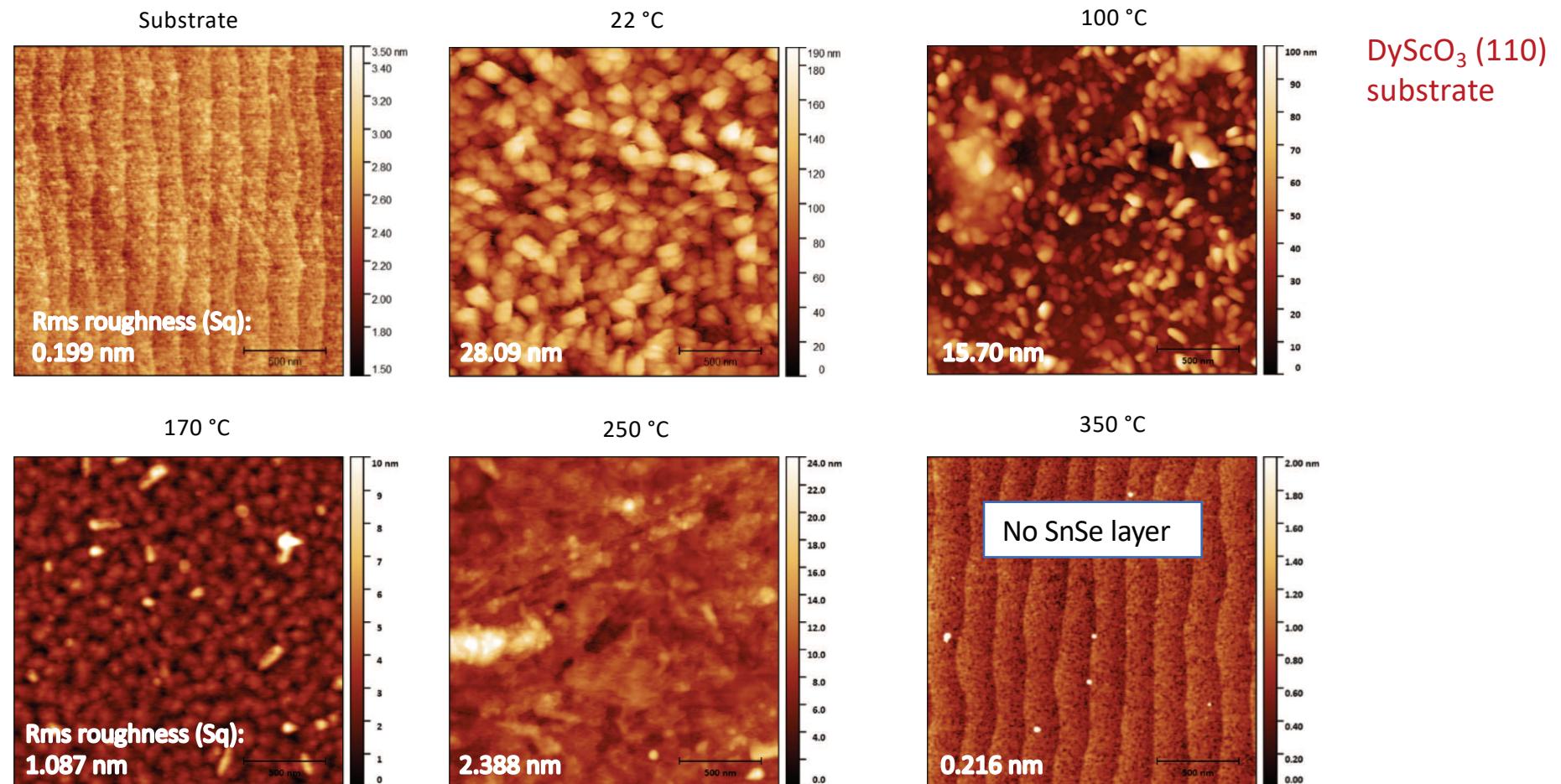
Epitaxial thin film engineering



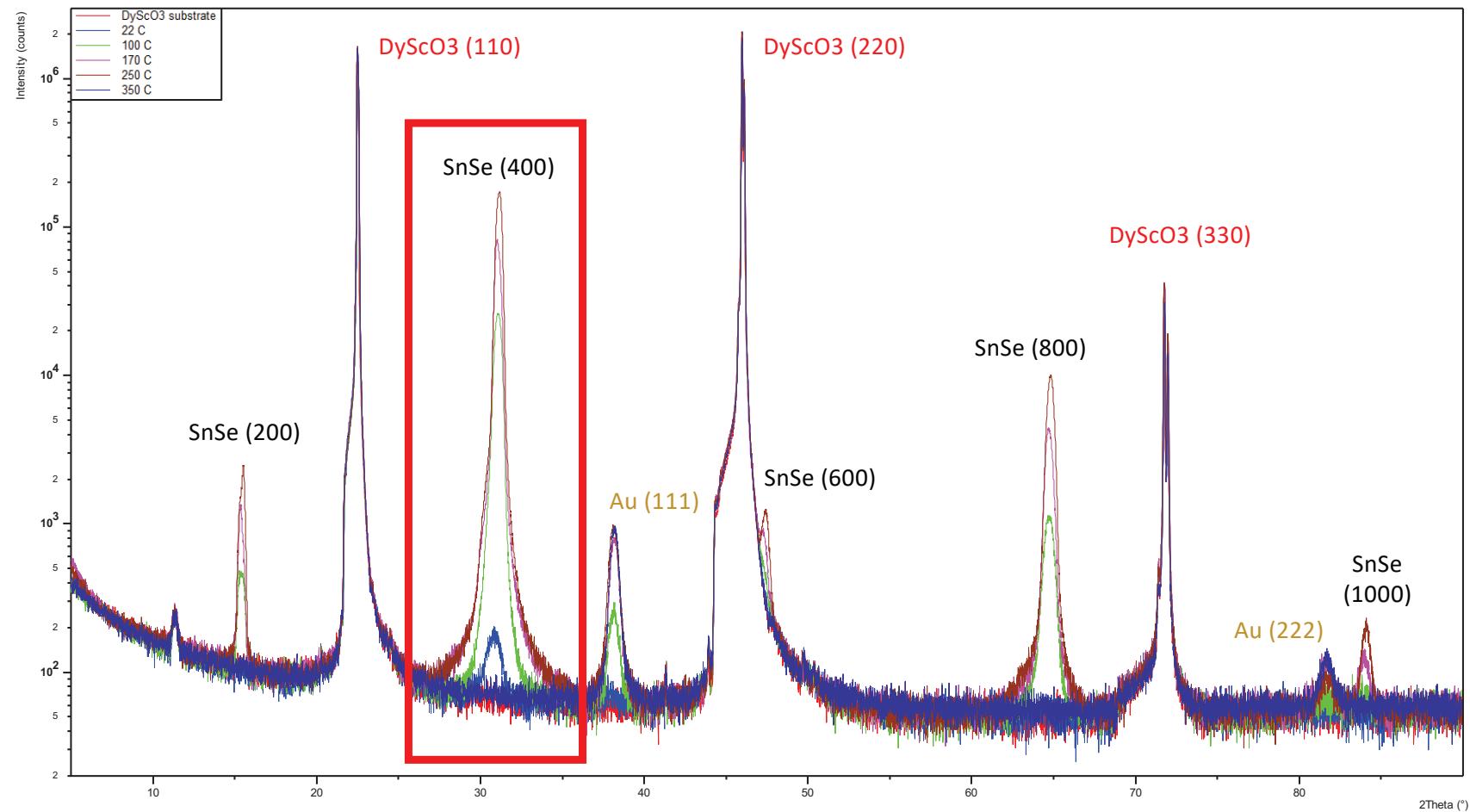
Promising substrate templates



SnSe thin film growth: temperature dependence



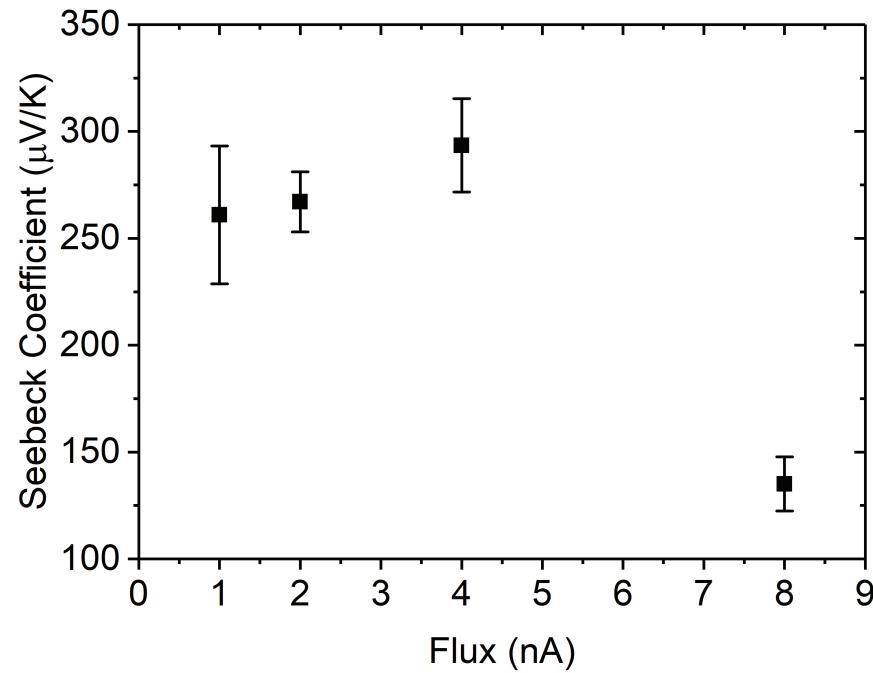
SnSe thin film growth: temperature dependence



Thermoelectric Properties

$$ZT = \frac{S^2 \sigma}{\kappa} T$$

Seebeck Coefficient



σ

0.5 - 1.9 S/cm

This value is comparable to literature

We are currently expanding the measurement capabilities

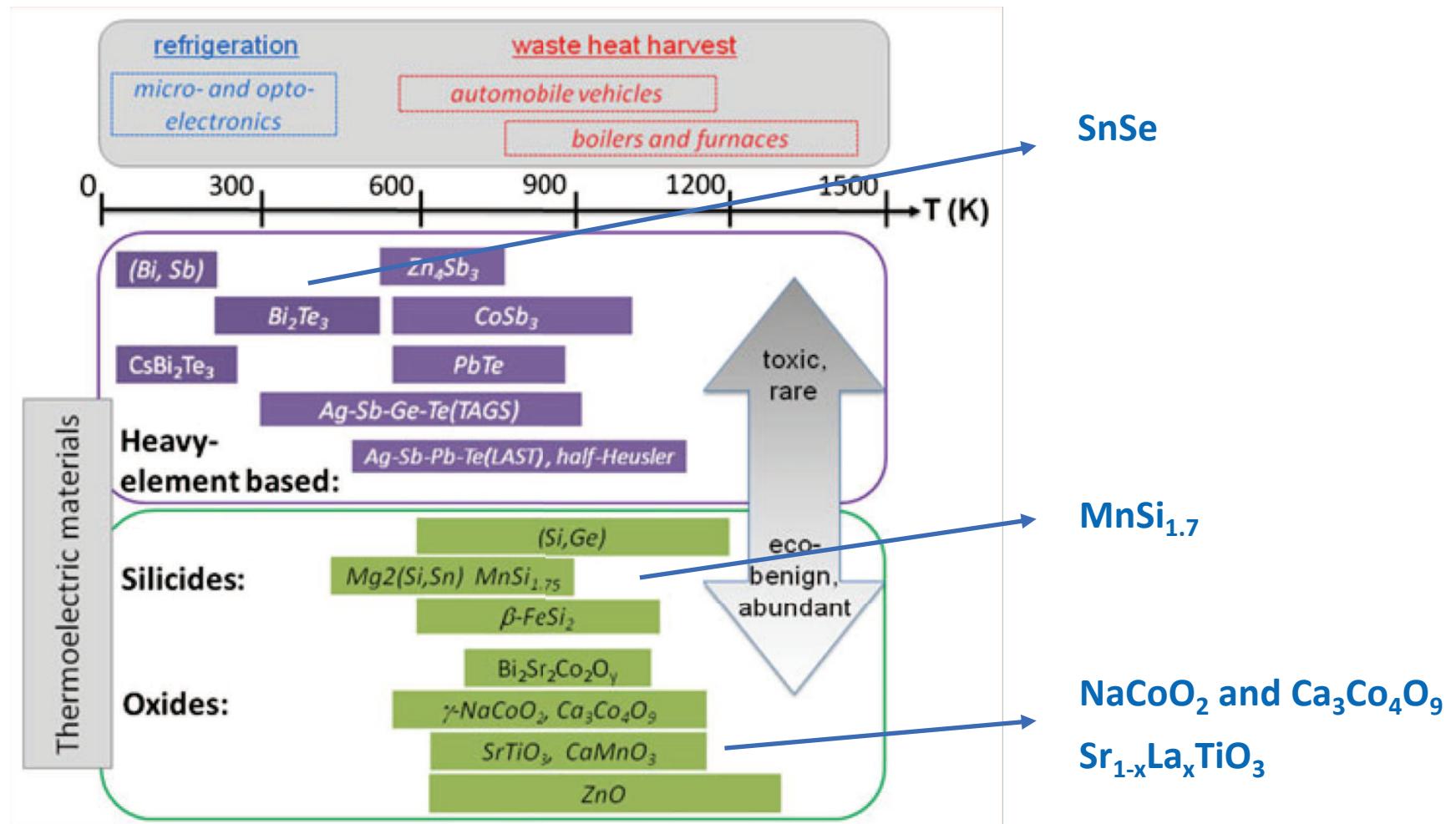
κ



Radboud Universiteit

Time Domain Thermo Reflectance

Advanced Thin Film Technology for Thermoelectrics



J. He *et al.*, *J. Mater. Res.* **26**, 1762 (2011).



UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE.

Thank you